## SECOND TERM LESSON PLAN

### COMPUTING – B7

### WEEK I

Strand : Productivity Software	Week Ending: 13th MAY, 2022			
Sub Strand: Introduction to Word Processing	Duration :50mins			
Content Standard: B7.2.1.1 Demonstrate how to use Microsoft Word	Class : B7			
Indicators: B7.2.1.1.2. Demonstrate how to insert, select, delete and move text	Day :			
Core competences: DL5.1: Ability to ascertain when information is needed and be able to identify, locate, evaluate and effectively use it to				

solve a problem.

Activities For Learning & Assessment	Equipment/Resources	Learners Resource Page Ref.	Progression
Starter (5 mins)	Set of computer, Video		Learning how to
Recap with learners to review their understanding in the previous lesson. Introduce the lesson by sharing the performance indicators.	/pictures	Curriculum Pg. 8-9	use insert text, move text, delete text, undo, redo and use the spelling &
			grammar check
Main (35 mins) Brainstorm learners to come out with the meaning of editing. Editing is the process of correcting mistake changes to the content of a document.			
Show projected examples of MS-Word interface with the aid of a computer, projector or pictures.			

Guide learners to discuss the ways of editing a document.		
Example: inserting text, moving text, deleting text, undo, redo and		
spelling & grammar check.		
Demonstrate to learners, how to insert, move and delete text in a		
word document.		
Example: to insert text <ol> <li>Move the insertion point to where you want to insert the text.</li> </ol>		
<ol> <li>Click to place the insertion point</li> </ol>		
3. Start typing the text		
Learners practice how to use the undo, redo and spelling &		
grammar check tools for editing.		
Have learners to explore more tools for editing in MS Word.		
Explore the use of the overtype or insert option by right-clicking		
the status bar.		
Reflection (10 mins)		
We have learnt how to use spelling and grammar check as well as		
setting language preferences.		
Engage learners in a think-pair-share activity to practice how to		
spell and grammar check text in a passage.		
Homework/Project Work/Community Engagement Suggestions		
What is editing?		
<ul> <li>State three ways of editing a word document.</li> </ul>		
Describe how to insert a text in a word document.		
Cross-Curriculum Links/Cross-Cutting Issues		
None		
Potential Misconceptions/Student Learning Difficulties		
The facilitator/teacher can arrange to use a nearby Senior High School (SHS) ICT	laboratory.	

Strand : Productivity Software		Week End	Week Ending: 13th MAY, 2022			
Sub Strand: Introduction to Word Processing		Duration	Duration :50mins			
Content Standard: B7.2.1.1 Demonstrate how to use Microsoft Word		Class : B7				
language setting		Day :	Day :			
<b>Core competences:</b> DL5.1: Ability to ascertain when information solve a problem.	is needed and be	able to ider	itify, locate, evaluate and	effectively use it to		
Activities For Learning & Assessment	Equipment/R	lesources	Learners Resource Page Ref.	Progression		
	Set of computer, Video /pictures		Computing Curriculum Pg. 8-9	Learning how to use Find and Replace tool in MS-Word, Proofing and Language group, Spelling & Grammar, Thesaurus		

Find and Replace ? X	
Find Replace Go To	
1112 112-11 2010	
Find what:	
Replace with:	
More >> Replace All Find Next Cancel	
Have learners to explore the use of the Editing group under the	
Home tab.	
Cuide learners to demonstrate the use of the Dreefing and	
Guide learners to demonstrate the use of the Proofing and	
Language group under the Review tab.	
I G S T COM T2 - Word TABLE TOOLS	
FILE     HOME     INSERT     DESIGN     PAGE LAYOUT       ABC     Image: ABC     Image: ABC     Image: ABC     Image: ABC	
Spelling & Define Thesaurus Word Translate Language New Delete Previous Next Show Track Grammar Count - Comment - Comments Changes - Previewing Pane	
Proofing Language Comments Tracking 5	
Have learners to explore the use of the Editing group under the	
Home tab.	
Cuide learners to demonstrate the use of the Proofing and	
Show how to use the Language, Spelling & Grammar, Thesaurus	
and other tools in MS-Word under the Home tab.	
Reflection (10 mins)	
We have learnt how to use replace tool in MS-Word, Proofing and	
Language group, Spelling & Grammar, Thesaurus.	
En er er hannene in a skink ante skans anstiske en erstisk hann te som	
Engage learners in a think-pair-share activity to practice how to use	
replace tool in MS-Word and spell and grammar check text in a	
passage.	

#### Homework/Project Work/Community Engagement Suggestions

- What is editing?
- State three ways of editing a word document.
- Describe how to insert a text in a word document.

Cross-Curriculum Links/Cross-Cutting Issues

None

#### **Potential Misconceptions/Student Learning Difficulties**

The facilitator/teacher can arrange to use a nearby Senior High School (SHS) ICT laboratory.

Strand : Productivity Software		Week Ending: 20th MAY, 2022			
	Duration	:50mins			
Content Standard: B7.2.1.1 Demonstrate how to use Microsoft Word					
Indicators: B7.2.1.1.5 Demonstrate how to use text-decoration, change text case, text size and color					
ed and be	able to iden	tify, locate, evaluate and o	effectively use it to		
rning & Assessment Resources			Progression		
	•	Computing Curriculum Pg. 8-9	Learning how to use text-		
			decoration,		
			change text case, text size and color in MS Word		
	ed and be Reso	Duration         Class : B7         xt case,         Day :         ed and be able to idention	Duration :50mins         Class : B7         xt case,       Day :         ed and be able to identify, locate, evaluate and of         Resources         Learners Resource         Page Ref.         Set of computer,       Computing		



2. Click the font type list arrow and		
3. Select the font style of your choice from the list.		
Project examples of MS-Word interface to learners with the aid of a		
projector or pictures.		
Reflection (10 mins)		
We have learnt how to use replace tool in MS-Word, Proofing and Language		
group, Spelling & Grammar, Thesaurus.		
<b>_</b>		
Engage learners in a think-pair-share activity to practice how to use replace		
tool in MS-Word and spell and grammar check text in a passage.		
Homework/Project Work/Community Engagement Suggestions		
<ol> <li>Identify any five Editing tools you know.</li> </ol>		
2. State the use of the following		
a. text-decoration,		
b. change text case,		
c. text size		
d. text color		
Cross-Curriculum Links/Cross-Cutting Issues		
None		
Potential Misconceptions/Student Learning Difficulties		
The facilitator/teacher can arrange to use a nearby Senior High School (SHS) I	CT laboratory.	

Strand : Productivity Software		Week Ending: 20th MAY, 2022				
Sub Strand: Introduction to Word Processing		Duration	Duration :50mins			
Content Standard: B7.2.1.1 Demonstrate how to use Microsoft Word		Class : B7	,			
<b>Indicators</b> : B7.2.1.1.6 Demonstrate how to align text, indent paragraphs, bullet, line space and shade		Day :	Day :			
<b>Core competences:</b> DL5.1: Ability to ascertain when information is need solve a problem.	ed and be	able to ide	ntify, locate, evaluate and	effectively use it to		
Activities For Learning & Assessment Reso		irces	Learners Resource Page Ref.	Progression		
Starter (5 mins)		computer, /pictures	Computing Curriculum Pg. 8-9	Learning how to how to align text		
Recap with learners to review their understanding in the previous lesson.				indent paragraphs,		
Introduce the lesson by sharing the performance indicators.				bullet, line space and shade in MS		
Main (35 mins)						

Guide learners to explore the use of the Paragraph group, using the align left, center, align right and justified in MS-Word under the Home tab.



Engage learners in a think-pair-share activity to practice how to use replace	
tool in MS-Word and spell and grammar check text in a passage.	
Homework/Project Work/Community Engagement Suggestions	-
1. Identify any three Editing tools you know.	
2. State the use of the following	
a. align text	
b. indent	
c. paragraphs,	
d. bullet,	
e. line space and shade	
Cross-Curriculum Links/Cross-Cutting Issues	
None	
Potential Misconceptions/Student Learning Difficulties	
The facilitator/teacher can arrange to use a nearby Senior High School (SHS) ICT laboratory.	

Strand : Productivity Software		Week Ending: 27th MAY, 2022			
Sub Strand: Introduction to Electronic Spreadsheet		Duration :			
<b>Content Standard</b> : B7.2.3.1. Demonstrate how to use the Spreadsheet (Editing Worksheets)		Class : B	Class : B7		
<b>Indicators</b> : B7.2.3.1.1. Explain the importance of electronic spreadsheet		Day :			
<b>Core competences:</b> DL5.1: Ability to ascertain when information is neede solve a problem.	d and be	able to ide	entify, locate, evaluate	and effectively use it to	
Activities For Learning & Assessment	Resou	irces	Learners Resource Page Ref.	Progression	
Starter (5 mins)	Computer with Microsoft Excel,			Learning the	
Using questions and answers, revise with learners to find what they already				importance of	
know about electronic spreadsheet	mouse or		10	electronic	
	touchs	creen		spreadsheet	
Share performance indicators and introduce the lesson.	input device, projector				
Main (35 mins)					
Brainstorm learners to discuss the meaning of electronic spreadsheet. A spreadsheet is a grid or table made from column and rows that is primarily used to work with numbers and text.					
Guide learners to launch the MS-Excel					
<ul> <li>Click on the start button to open the start menu.</li> </ul>					
Scroll down to locate the Microsoft Office folder					
<ul><li>Click on the folder to open the drop down menu.</li><li>Click on Microsoft Office Excel.</li></ul>					

Discuss the benefits of using electronic spreadsheet software.		
Example:		
It helps to maintain values		
<ul> <li>It helps to maintain values</li> <li>It helps us to represent values graphically by creating charts based on worksheet</li> </ul>		
figures.		
<ul> <li>It is also used to create data summaries and short-lists using PivotTables or AutoFilters.</li> </ul>		
Brainstorm learners to elicit response on some common electronic		
spreadsheet software packages.		
Example: MS Excel, Lotus 1-2-3, LibreOffice Calc, Google Sheets etc.)		
Reflection (10 mins)		
We have learnt the importance of electronic spreadsheet.		
Engage learners in a think-pair-share activity to come up with other		
importance of electronic spreadsheet.		
Homework/Project Work/Community Engagement Suggestions		•
• Have learners do further reading on the importance of electronic sprea	dsheet.	
• Learners to differentiate between electronic spreadsheet and manual sp	readsheet.	
Cross-Curriculum Links/Cross-Cutting Issues		
None		
Potential Misconceptions/Student Learning Difficulties		
The facilitator/teacher can arrange to use a nearby Senior High School (SHS	) ICT laboratory	

Strand : Productivity Software	Week Ending: 27th MAY, 2022						
Sub Strand: Introduction to Electronic Spreadsheet	Duration :	Duration :					
<b>Content Standard</b> : B7.2.3.1. Demonstrate how to use the Spreadsheet (Editing Worksheets)	Class : B7						
Indicators: B7.2.3.1.2. Explore features of MS-Excel interface	Day :						
Core competences: DL5.1: Ability to ascertain when information is needed and be able to identify, locate, evaluate and effectively use it to							
solve a problem.							
Activities For Learning & Assessment	Resources	Learners Resource Page Ref.	Progression				
Starter (5 mins)	Computer with Microsoft Excel,	Computing Curriculum Pg. 9-10	Learning how to insert, select, delete				
Using questions and answers, revise the previous lesson with learners.	mouse or touchscreen		and move data using a sample data set				
Share performance indicators and introduce the lesson.	input device, projector						
Main (35 mins)							
Revise with learners on how to launch the Microsoft Office Excel.							
Show projected examples of MS-Excel interface with the aid of a projector							
Or pictures.							
Row Bar     A     B     C     D     E     F     G       1     2     3     3     3     5 <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>							

Cuide learners to overlage factures of MC Event interface		
Guide learners to explore features of MS-Excel interface.		
Example: title bar, menu bar, standard and formatting toolbars, worksheet,		
workbook, column, row, range, AutoSum, etc.		
Learners to explore and demonstrate the functions of the features		
identified above.		
Explore operations of inserting, selecting, deleting and moving data.		
Learners explore techniques of inserting, selecting, deleting and moving data		
in groups.		
Demonstrate how to insert, select, delete and move data using a sample		
data set.		
Learners practice how to insert, select, delete and move data using a		
sample data set.		
Reflection (10 mins)		
We have learnt how to select and move data.		
Engage learners in a think-pair-share activity on how to use other		
techniques for moving text.		
Homework/Project Work/Community Engagement Suggestions		
• Do further reading on how to set the cell data type (General, Number, C	Currency, etc.)	
Identify any six (6) features of Microsoft Excel.		
State the function of the AutoSum in Excel		
Cross-Curriculum Links/Cross-Cutting Issues		
None		
Potential Misconceptions/Student Learning Difficulties		
The facilitator/teacher can arrange to use a nearby Senior High School (SHS)	ICT laboratory	
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Strand : Productivity Software	Week Ending	Week Ending : 3 <sup>RD</sup> JUNE, 2022					
Sub Strand: Introduction to Electronic Spreadsheet	Duration :						
<b>Content Standard</b> : B7.2.3.1. Demonstrate how to use the Spreadsheet (Editing Worksheets)	Class : B7						
<b>Indicators</b> : B7.2.3.1.3. Demonstrate how to set the cell datatype	Day :						
<b>Core competences:</b> DL5.1: Ability to ascertain when information is need solve a problem.	entify, locate, evaluate a	nd effectively use it to					
Activities For Learning & Assessment	Resources	Learners Resource Page Ref.	Progression				
Starter (5 mins)	Computer with Microsoft Excel,	Computing Curriculum Pg. 9-10	Learning how to set and modify the cell				
Using questions and answers, revise the previous lesson with learners.	mouse or touchscreen		type of values and text.				
Share performance indicators and introduce the lesson.	input device, projector						
Main (35 mins)							
Guide learners to discuss the types of data in spreadsheet. Example:							
Value - +23341123456							
Labels/Text – January, July, 24.04', #3, 7th, etc.							
Formula – A7 + B7, =C4 * C5, etc. Function - =SUM(A5:G5), AVERAGE(B4:B5)							
Revise with learners on how to enter data in spreadsheet. Example:							

Click the cell where you want type information.		
• Type the data.		
• The data can either typed in the active cell or in the formula bar.		
Click on the Enter key.		
Let learners investigate data entry techniques, how to set and modify the		
cell type of values and text.		
Example:		
• AutoFill – enter the first value in a recognized series and use the fill		
handle to extend the series.		
• AutoComplete – type the first few letters in a cell, and if a similar value		
exist in the same column, Excel suggests the existing value.		
• Fill series – enter the first two values in a series and use the fill handle		
to extend the series.		
Guide learners to enter values, text, dates and time in worksheet cells and		
change the formats for presentation. E.g. General, Number, Currency,		
Accounting, Dates, Time, etc.		
Reflection (10 mins)		
We have learnt how to select and move data.		
Engage learners in a think-pair-share activity on how to use other		
techniques for moving text.		
Homework/Project Work/Community Engagement Suggestions		
• State the four types of data we enter into spreadsheet.		
Cross-Curriculum Links/Cross-Cutting Issues		
None		
Potential Misconceptions/Student Learning Difficulties		
The facilitator/teacher can arrange to use a nearby Senior High School (SHS)	ICT laboratory	

Strand : Productivity Software	Week Ending: 3 <sup>RD</sup> JUNE, 2022					
Sub Strand: Introduction to Electronic Spreadsheet	Duration :	Duration :				
<b>Content Standard</b> : B7.2.3.1. Demonstrate how to use the Spreadsheet (Editing Worksheets)	Class : B7					
Indicators: B7.2.3.1.4. Demonstrate how to use Align Text, Merge & Wrap,	Day :					
Borders and Shades						
<b>Core competences:</b> DL5.1: Ability to ascertain when information is needed solve a problem.	and be able to ide	entify, locate, evaluate a	and effectively use it to			
Activities For Learning & Assessment	Resources	Learners Resource Page Ref.	Progression			
	Computer with Microsoft Excel,	Computing Curriculum Pg. 13-	Learning how to change text			
<b>0</b>	mouse or touchscreen	14	alignment, merge cells and wrap text			
	input device, projector					
Main (35 mins)						
Have learners demonstrate how to apply the AutoSum feature. Excel can make somewhat of an intelligent decision on its own and determine which cells of a row or column should be" summed". This is called the AutoSum feature.						
To quickly add the contents of a column or row, follow the steps shown below:						
I.Select the cell either to the right or below the cells that are to be total ed. 2.Double Click on the AutoSum tool ( which is located on the standard tool bar ).						
Guide learners to demonstrate how to change text alignment (Horizontal & Vertical), merge cells and wrap text.						

	1 1	
ALIGNING CELL DATA		
Unless you specify otherwise, Excel left justifies text and right justifies		
numbers. That is, text fills cell space from left to right while numbers are		
filled from right to left so that they align properly.		
To change the cell alignment for a single cell or a group of selected cells,		
click one of the following tools.		
Left		
Center Right		
How to marge cells		
How to merge cells		
A single cell is created by combing two or more selected cells. The cell reference for a merged cell is the upper left cell in the original selected range. If there is a data in other		
cells, the data is deleted.		
<ul> <li>Copy the data you want into the upper left most cell within the range</li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>Select the cells in arrow or column and center the cell contents, click merge and center</li> </ul>		
on the formatting toolbar.		
Have learners investigate how to access border & shade features and		
format the appearance of a worksheet as group work.		
format the appearance of a worksheet as group work.		
Reflection (10 mins)		
We have learnt how to change text alignment, merge cells and wrap text.		
the nave learne now to change text angument, merge cens and wrap text.		
Engage learners in a think-pair-share activity on how to use other		
techniques for moving text.		
Homework/Project Work/Community Engagement Suggestions		
Describe briefly to merge cells in a spreadsheet.		
Cross-Curriculum Links/Cross-Cutting Issues		
None		
Potential Misconceptions/Student Learning Difficulties		
The facilitator/teacher can arrange to use a nearby Senior High School (SHS) I	CT laboratory	

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### WEEKLY LESSON NOTES – B7

#### WEEK 5

Strand : Productivity Software	Week Ending	Week Ending : 10 <sup>™</sup> JUNE, 2022				
Sub Strand: Introduction to Electronic Spreadsheet	trand: Introduction to Electronic Spreadsheet Duration :					
Content Standard: B7.2.3.2. Demonstrate how to format a worksheet	Class : B7					
<b>Indicators</b> : B7.2.3.2.1 Demonstrate how to adjust margins and set page orientation	Day :					
<b>Core competences:</b> DL5.1: Ability to ascertain when information is need solve a problem.	led and be able to ide	entify, locate, evaluate a	nd effectively use it to			
Reference: Computing Curriculum P.g. 16						
Activities For Learning & Assessment	Resources	Learners Resource Page Ref.	Progression			
Starter (5 mins)	Computer with Microsoft Excel,	Computing Curriculum Pg. 9-10	Learning how to adjust margins and			
Using questions and answers, revise the previous lesson with learners.	mouse or touchscreen		set page orientation for printing			
Share performance indicators and introduce the lesson.	input device, projector					

Guide learners to demonstrate how to adjust margins and set page orientation for printing.

<u>Adjusting Margins</u>

- On the page layout tab, click margins, and then select custom margins.
- Use the arrows to increase or decrease the margin size in the appropriate box. When you are done, click Ok.

<u>Page Setup</u>

Pross C	TRL and then click each worksheet tab in the wo	rkbook that you want to affect	<u> </u>
	file menu, click page setup. Click the dialog box		
	i the page layout tab.	duncher in the page setup	
• •	he changes that you want in the page setup dial	a box and then click Ok	
• Muke u	ine changes and you want in the page scup and		
Demonst	rate how to perform margin adjustment	on different page sizes	
Demonst	File Home Insert Page Layout Formulas Data	Review View	
		Widtr	
	Aa Fonts -	Heigh	
	Themes Effects - Margins Orientation Size Print Breaks Ba	kground Print Titles Scale:	
	Themes Last Custom Setting Top: 0.75° Bottom: 0.75°	ria Scal	
	A1 Left: 0.5" Right: 0.7"		
	A	E	
	1 Production Normal Top: 0.75" Bottom: 0.75"		
	2 Left: 0.7" Right: 0.7" Header: 0.3" Footer: 0.3"		
	3 Part No. Wide	Jul A	
	4 Part 101 Top: 1" Bottom: 1"	438 505	
	5 Part 102 Header: 0.5" Footer: 0.5"	153 177 306 354	
	Narrow	779 899	
	Left: 0.25" Right: 0.25"	676 1935	
	9	1999	
	Custom Margins		
Guide lea	rners to explore the display of workshe	ets in different views as	
	the View tab.		
listed off			
Pofloctio	on (10 mins)		
-	learnt how to adjust margins and set pag	a orientation for printing	
vvenave	learne now to adjust margins and set pag	e orientation for printing.	
Engago la	arnong in a think pair chang activity on h	with use other	
	arners in a think-pair-share activity on he	ow to use other	
	es for moving text.		
	ork/Project Work/Community Eng		
	ribe how to adjust margins for printing ir		
	our tools on the Page Layout tab and give		 
Cross-C	urriculum Links/Cross-Cutting Issu	es	
None			
·			

Potential Misconceptions/Student Learning Difficulties The facilitator/teacher can arrange to use a nearby Senior High School (SHS) ICT laboratory

Strand : Productivity Software	Week Ending: 10th JUNE, 2022				
Sub Strand: Introduction to Electronic Spreadsheet	Duration :				
Content Standard: B7.2.3.2. Demonstrate how to format a worksheet	Class : B7				
Indicators: B7.2.3.2.2. Demonstrate how to set up a header and a footer.	Day :				
<b>Core competences:</b> DL5.1: Ability to ascertain when information is needed solve a problem.	and be able to ide	entify, locate, evaluate a	and effectively use it to		
Reference: Computing Curriculum P.g. 16					
		1.			
Activities For Learning & Assessment	Resources	Learners Resource Page Ref.	Progression		
Starter (5 mins)	Computer with Microsoft Excel,	Computing Curriculum Pg. 13-	Learning how to set up header and		
Using questions and answers, revise the previous lesson with learners.	mouse or touchscreen	14	footer elements		
Share performance indicators and introduce the lesson.	input device, projector				
Main (35 mins)					
Guide learners to demonstrate to learners how to set up header and footer elements.					
• On the inert tab, in the text group, click Header & Footer.					
• To add or edit a header or footer text box at the top or the bottom of the worksheet page (under header, or above footer)					
• Type the new header or footer text.					
Engage learners to explore the use of page numbers, current date, time and file name in setting up headers and footers.					

	_	-					
	#		7				
Header Footer		Number Cu	rrent Current	File File			
* *	-	of Pages D		Path Name			
Header & Foote	r		Header & F	ooter Elements			
				-			
A	В	C	D	E			
Footer							
Reflectior	. (10 m	inc)					
			tun haar	lana and fa	ton alonganta		
vve nave i	earnt n	ow to se	t up nead	iers and ic	ter elements.		
<b>_</b> .							
				e activity o	how to use other		
techniques		<u> </u>					
					ngagement Suggestic	ns	
Describe	briefly	how to s	et up hea	der and fo	ter elements in Excel.		
Cuero Ca	·			Cuttin -			
Cross-Cu	rricul		s/Cross	Cutting	sues		
None				-			
Potential	Misco	ncentio	ns/Stud	ent l earı	ng Difficulties		
					urby Senior High School	(SHS) ICT laboratory	

Strand : Productivity Software	Week Ending : 17 <sup>TH</sup> JUNE, 2022				
Sub Strand: Introduction to Electronic Spreadsheet	Duration :	Duration :			
Content Standard: B7.2.3.2. Demonstrate how to format a worksheet		Class : B7			
Indicators: B7.2.3.2.3. Demonstrate the use of the Autofill function in MS-		Day :			
<b>Core competences:</b> DL5.1: Ability to ascertain when information is needer solve a problem.	d and be able to ide	ntify, locate, evaluate a	nd effectively use it to		
Reference: Computing Curriculum P.g. 16					
Activities For Learning & Assessment	Resources	Learners Resource Page Ref.	Progression		
Starter (5 mins)	Computer with Microsoft Excel,	Computing Curriculum Pg. 9-10	Learning how to use the Autofill function		
Using questions and answers, revise the previous lesson with learners.	mouse or touchscreen		to generate the days of the week, months		
Share performance indicators and introduce the lesson.	input device, projector		of the year, set of numbers		
Main (35 mins)					
Demonstrate the use of the Autofill function. e.g. to generate the days of the week, months of the year, set of numbers (e.g. counting numbers, odd numbers, multiplication tables etc.).					
To do this:					
I. Select the first cell in the range that you want to fill (e.g. A3).					



3. Select the cells	that con	tain the	functio	n (e.g. /	A3).							
4. Drag the fill ha (e.g. A3:A10)	ndle	Ċ	acros	s the r	ange tha	t you v	ant to fill.					
A3 -	<i>f</i> ∗ =ROW(	A1)										
A     B       1     2       3     1       4     2       5     3       6     4       7     5       8     6       9     7       10     8       11     14       H     +       H     Sheet1 / S       Ready	C	Sum		F	G	H						
<b>Reflection (10 n</b> We have learnt h week, months of Engage learners in techniques for mo	now to use the year, n a think-	set of n pair-shai	ll functi umbers		-							
Homework/Pro	oject Wo	ork/Cor	nmuni	ity Eng	gageme	nt Sug	gestions				ł	
Describe how	v to use A	Autofill f	unction	to ger	erate th	e days	of the week	, months o	of the year,	set of numb	ers.	
<b>Cross-Curricul</b>	um Link	s/Cross	-Cutti	ng Issi	ues							
None			2	0.00								
Potential Misco	onceptio	ns/Stud	lent Le	arnin	g Diffic	ulties						
The facilitator/tea							School (SHS	) ICT labo	ratory			
	action cull			a neur	-,			,				

Strand : Productivity Software								We	ek Ending: 17th JUN	IE, 2022	
Sub Strand: Introduction to Electronic Spreadsheet								Duration :			
Content S	dard: B7.2.3.2.	Demonstrate	how to form		Clas	ss : B7					
Indicators	<b>s</b> : B7	7.2.3.3.1. Demor	istrate how to	o create form	ulas			Day	•		
Core com solve a pro			Ability to asce	ertain when in	formation	is needed	and be able to	ident	ify, locate, evaluate a	nd effectively use it to	
Reference	e: C	omputing Currie	culum P.g. 16								
Activities For Learning & Assessment									Learners Resource Page Ref.	Progression	
Starter (5	min	s)					Computer w Microsoft Ex		Computing Curriculum Pg.	Learning how to create simple	
Using ques	tion	s and answers, r	evise the pre	vious lesson w	vith learne	rs.	mouse or touchscreen		13-14	formulas in Excel	
Share perfo	orma	ance indicators a	and introduce	the lesson.			input device, projector				
Main (35 i	mins	s)									
	med	to identify and after its columi 6, E8									
	ulas	to create simple makes use of th A3									
		A B	C	D	E						
		Name	Class score	Exams score	Total	]					
2		Kojo Nkrumah	25	46	71						
3	3	Ama Serwaa	19	45							

Therefore we are to use the operation sign (+). Now determine the cell which contains the figures 25 and 46. That is C2 (25) and D2 (46). So we can conclude that 22 = C2 + D2 33 = C3 + D3 $A3 \times fx$ A B C D E 1 Items Selling Price Cost Price Total $2 Milk 6 43 Sugar 20 I5 54 Milo 50 355 Gari 35 20 I5Write formulas for cell E2 and E4.From the table the figure in cell E3 (5) is as a results of subtracting 15 fr20. Therefore we are to use the operation sign (-).Now determine the cell which contains the figures 20 and 15.That is C3 (20) and D3 (15).So we can conclude that33 = C3 - D3Reflection (10 mins)We have learnt how to create simple formulas in Excel.Engage learners in a think-pair-share activity on how to use other technfor moving text.$		4	Efia Akoto	o 24	35	5	!					
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So we can conclude that $2 = C2 + D2$ $3 = C3 + D3$ $A3  \bigvee  x  fx    \\ \hline A  B  C  D  E    \\ \hline 1    tems  Selling Price  Cost Price  Total    \\ \hline 2  Milk  6  4    \\ \hline 3  Sugar  20  15  5    \\ \hline 4  Milo  50  35    \\ \hline 5  Gari  35  20  15    \\ \hline 5  Gari  35  20  15    \\ \hline 6  Write formulas for cell E2 and E4.$ From the table the figure in cell E3 (5) is as a results of subtracting 15 (20). Therefore we are to use the operation sign (-). Now determine the cell which contains the figures 20 and 15. That is C3 (20) and D3 (15). So we can conclude that E3 = C3 - D3 <b>Reflection (10 mins)</b> We have learnt how to create simple formulas in Excel. Engage learners in a think-pair-share activity on how to use other tech or moving text.					the figures 2	25 and 46	·•					
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or moving text.	vve nave			areate simple le								
or moving text.	Engage le	earners	in a think	κ-pair-share act	ivity on how	/ to use o	ther te	chniques				

	A	В	C	D	E
1					
2		BOOKS	QUANTITY	PRICE (GH¢)	AMOUNT (GH¢)
3		GRADE 1 ICT	11	10	110
4		KINGLION JHS ICT	9	10	90
5		GRADE 1 RME	8	10	80
6		KINGLION SONGS BOOK	40	5	200
7		GRADE 1 MATHS	32	10	320
8				Sub Total	800
9				Discount	80
10				Total Amount	720

Write formulas for cell E3, E7, E8, E9, E10

Cross-Curriculum Links/Cross-Cutting Issues

None

Potential Misconceptions/Student Learning Difficulties The facilitator/teacher can arrange to use a nearby Senior High School (SHS) ICT laboratory

<b>Date:</b> 24 <sup>th</sup> JUNE, 2022	DAY:		Subject: Computing						
Duration:	Strand: Communication Networks								
Class: B7	Class S	ize:	Sub Strand: Computer Networks						
Content Standard:       Indicator:         B7.3.1.1 Identify the concept of computer networking for global communications.       B7.3.1.1.1 Draw diagrams to illustrate features of the network topologies (Bus, Star, Ring, Mesh)         Performance Indicator:       Core Competencies:         Learners can draw diagrams to illustrate features of the network topologies       DL5.1: Ability to ascertain when information is need identify, locate, evaluate and effectively use it to solv         Reference:       Computing Curriculum P.g. 16-18									
Activities For Learning & Assessment			Resources	Progression					
Starter (5 mins) Using questions and answers, revise the previous lesson with	Pictures of network topologies, sketch diagram, projector	the various media through which people communicate.							
Display pictures or show a video of people communicating u conferencing, etc. Help learners understand how they are all Share performance indicators and introduce the lesson.	- · ·	Identifying major components that help computers to communicate.							
<i>Main (35 mins)</i> Engage learners to explore key hardware for setting up netw hub, switch, cable etc.)	vork syste	ems (such as server, client	,	Learning how to draw diagrams to illustrate features of the network topologies					




<b>Date:</b> 24 <sup>th</sup> JUNE, 2022	DAY: Subject: Computing			
Duration:	tion:		Strand: Communication Networks	
Class: B7	Class Size: Sub Strand: Computer Networks		Networks	
<b>Content Standard:</b> B7.3.1.1 Identify the concept of computer networking for global communications	Indicat B7.3.1.	or: 1.2 Describe types of net	works.	Lesson: 2 of 2
<b>Performance Indicator:</b> Learners can describe the types of networks.	<b>Core Competencies:</b> DL5.1: Ability to ascertain when information is needed and be ab identify, locate, evaluate and effectively use it to solve a problem			
Reference: Computing Curriculum P.g. 16-18				

**Reference:** Computing Curriculum P.g. 16-18

Activities For Learning & Assessment	Resources	Progression
Starter (5 mins)	Pictures of	Describing the
	network	types of networks
Using questions and answers, revise the previous lesson with learners.	topologies, sketch	
	diagram, projector	
Share performance indicators and introduce the lesson.		
Main (35 mins)		
Brainstorm learners for the meaning of Network.		
A network is the collection of two or more computers and hardware components that are linked together such as		
that they can communicate using wire or wireless technology.		
Have learners discuss the two forms of network.		
• Wired network is a network that uses network cables or wires to connect the computers in the network. It is		
called Cable Network.		
• Wireless Network – this doesn't not use wires or cables to connect computers in a network. It uses wireless		
technologies such as GPRS, EDGE, WIFi, WiMax, HSPA, infrared and Bluetooth.		

Guide learners to explain the various types of networks available. (e.g. PAN, LAN, MAN, WAN,	
WLAN, INTERNET, etc.)	
• The International Network (Internet) : Internet is a global network connecting millions of computers that communicate using wire or wireless technology.	
<ul> <li>Local Area Network (LAN): Is a network of computers that are geographical close together (in a single building) such as school building, computer laboratory, office building, etc.</li> </ul>	
• Wide Area Network (WAN): Is a combination of two or more Local Area Networks (LANs). The computers are farther apart and are connected by telephone lines or radio waves.	
• Personal Area Network (PAN) is the network around a person for his/her personal use. PAN involves the use of USB cables, Bluetooth or Infrared in connecting the computers for communication.	
<ul> <li>Home Area Network (HAN) is the network of digital devices in a user's home. Devices may include computer, printer, mobile devices, game consoles, remote control, etc.</li> </ul>	
• Campus Area Network (CAN) is a network within a limited geographical area such as university campus, company, government agency, etc.	
• Metropolitan Area Network (MAN) is a network that spans a city or a metropolitan area.	
• Intranet is a restricted private network within an organization that is only used by authorized users.	
• Extranet is a private network of an organization or company or bank that can be accessed by customers. It uses Internet technology to securely share part of a business's information or operations with suppliers, vendors, partners, customers or other businesses.	
Reflection (10 mins)	
We have learnt the types of networks.	
Use peer discussion and effective questioning to find out from learners what they have learnt during the lesson.	
Take feedback from learners and summarize the lesson.	

#### Homework/Project Work/Community Engagement Suggestions

- What is Network?
- Differentiate between wired and wireless network.
- Explain the following terms PAN, WLAN, WAN, LAN.

Cross-Curriculum Links/Cross-Cutting Issues

None

Potential Misconceptions/Student Learning Difficulties

The facilitator/teacher can arrange to use a nearby Senior High School (SHS) ICT laboratory

Date: I <sup>ST</sup> JULY, 2022	DAY: Su		Subject: Computing		
Duration:	Str		Strand: Communication	trand: Communication Networks	
Class: B7	Class Size: Su		Sub Strand: Computer	Networks	
<b>Content Standard:</b> B7.3.1.1 Identify the concept of computer networking for global communications.	Indicator: B7.3.1.1.3 Discuss the entrepreneur networking computing devices		eurial opportunities in	Lesson:	
<b>Performance Indicator:</b> Learners can describe the benefits and challenges of network different environments	ting in		ain when information is n e and effectively use it to		
Reference: Computing Curriculum P.g. 16-18					
Activities For Learning & Assessment			Resources	Progression	
	nd answers, revise the previous lesson with learners. or show a video of people communicating using phones, text messaging, video Help learners understand how they are all connected to each other.		Pictures of network topologies, sketch diagram, projector	Identifying the benefits and challenges of networking in different environments	
Main (35 mins) Guide learners to discuss the benefits of networking in different environments (school, business, health, etc.). Benefits I. Ease of accessibility Modern computer networks are easy to explore. So, even if you are a kid or a person new to technology, you'll find it easy to connect.		s,			

2. Flexibility Here, flexibility means that different people will be able to explore different things as per their requirements. For this purpose, computer networks provide you a wide array of choices to share a particular piece of information. For example, e-mail or messaging apps like WhatsApp. So, there is flexibility for different users.	
3. Convenient resource sharing The main aim of a computer network is to enable sharing of resources among its users. You can use resources such as printers, scanners and photocopy machines that can be shared across multiple users. This resource sharing is important for big companies as they can use one single common network for connecting with their employees.	
4. Connectivity Computer Networks improve connectivity irrespective of a person's location. In these testing times, we can see live examples as we use video call apps or Google documents to connect with our friends and colleagues.	
5. Security Computer networks provide security through authorization. Authorization is done via user id and password. So, it ensures that when we log in, we are only able to do it when there is a perfect match between our details and the details stored in the data VVVVVbase.	
6. Great storage capacity Organizations have an abundance of data that needs to be stored. For that purpose, they are required to store them in a central server. A central server is a remote server that is accessible to each and every employee. So, if in case one loses the data, others have it.	
7. Reduced cost Cost is one of the crucial factors that one needs to consider while evaluating the pros and cons of a particular technology. In networking, a central server is used that enables companies to store files in one place and thus reducing file storage expenses.	
Guide learners to discuss the challenges of networking in different environments (school, business, health, etc.).	
<u>Challenges</u> 1. Lack of robustness Computer networks rely on the main server called the central server. If the central server malfunctions or there is an issue in the central server, then the entire network would stop functioning. So, this is a major disadvantage due to dependency on a single server.	
2. Spread of computer virus As computers in a network are interconnected, there is a high probability that if one of the computers is affected by the virus, others too can get affected. This spread can actually damage the entire system. Also, if the central server gets corrupted, then it's quite dangerous as the network depends on the central server.	
3. Independence issues The entire networking system is based on a centralized server, so it lacks independence. So, individual users lack the freedom to use the computer as per their wish.	

4. Lack of productivity Since a network has a lot of advantages and applications, it is certain that it results in simultaneous use of many services that	
cause distraction. Thus, due to employees focusing on a myriad of tasks, productivity issues are quite common.	
5. Health issues	
Computer network provides access to a gamut of services including entertainment, gaming, and movies. These result in making you addicted to the content and thus results in overuse of these services. This excessive screen time makes you feel lethargic, causes eye strain and body pain.	
Reflection (10 mins)	
We have learnt the benefits and challenges of networking in different environments.	
Use peer discussion and effective questioning to find out from learners what they have learnt	
during the lesson.	
Take feedback from learners and summarize the lesson.	
Homework/Project Work/Community Engagement Suggestions	
•	
Cross-Curriculum Links/Cross-Cutting Issues	
None	
Potential Misconceptions/Student Learning Difficulties	
The facilitator/teacher can arrange to use a nearby Senior High School (SHS) ICT laboratory	

Date: I <sup>ST</sup> JULY, 2022	DAY: Su		Subject: Computing	<b>ibject:</b> Computing	
Duration:	on: Str		Strand: Communicatio	rand: Communication Networks	
Class: B7	Class S	ize:	Sub Strand: Computer	<b>Strand:</b> Computer Networks	
<b>Content Standard:</b> B7.3.1.1 Identify the concept of computer networking for		.4 Identify different envir		Lesson:	
global communications Performance Indicator:	various	types of networks can be	e applied.	2 of 2	
Learners can describe different environments where the vari types of networks can be applied	ious		ain when information is e and effectively use it to	when information is needed and be able to	
<b>Reference:</b> Computing Curriculum P.g. 16-18		Identity, iocate, evaluate	e and enectively use it to		
Activities For Learning & Assessment			Resources	Progression	
Starter (5 mins)			Pictures of	Identifying different	
Using questions and answers, revise the previous lesson with learners.		network topologies, sketch diagram, projector	environments where the various types of networks can be		
Share performance indicators and introduce the lesson.			applied.		
Main (35 mins)					
Guide learners to identify different environments where the applied.	various ty	ypes of networks can be			
• Marketing and sales: – Computer networks are widely used in both marketing sales firms. These are used by marketing professionals to collect, exchange, and analyzes data relating to customer requirements and product development cycles. Teleshopping is also important part of sales applications that use order-entry computers or telephones connected to an order-processing network, and on-line reservation services for hotels airline and so on.		or			
• Manufacturing: – Now days, computer networks are used in a several aspects of manufacturing, including the manufacturing process itself. Two applications which use a network to provide necessary services are computer-assisted manufacturing (CAM) and computer –assisted designing (CAD) both of which permit multiple users to work on a project simultaneously.			er-		
<ul> <li>Financial Services:          — In Present, Financial services are completely dependent on computer networks. Main applications are credit history searches, foreign exchange and investment services, and Electronic Funds Transfer (EFT) that permits a user to transfer money without going into bank.     </li> </ul>					

• Teleconferencing: – With The help of teleconferencing conferences are possible to occur without the	
participants being in the same place. Applications include simple text conferencing, voice conferencing, and	
video conferencing.	
• Cable Television: Future Services provided by cable television network can include video on request, as well as	
the same information, financial and communications services currently provided by the telephone companies	
and computer networks.	
<ul> <li>Information Services:- Network information services include bulletin boards and data banks. A World Wide Web site offering the technical specifications for a new product is an information service.</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Electronic Messaging:- Electronic mail (e-mail) is the most widely used network application.</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Electronic Data Interchange (EDI):- EDI permits business information to be transferred without using paper.</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Directory services: – By using directory services, it is possible to store the last of files in a central location to</li> </ul>	
speed worldwide search operations.	
<ul> <li>Cellular Telephone:          — In the past, two parties desiring to use the services of the telephone company had to be     </li> </ul>	
linked by a fixed physical connection. But, in present cellular network make it possible to maintain wireless	
phone connections even while travelling over large distances.	
In groups, task learners to identify the business aspect of networking and how they can be	
turned into a lucrative business.	
Have them to present their findings to the whole class.	
Pofloction (10 mino)	
Reflection (10 mins)	
We have learnt the different environments where the various types of networks can be applied.	
Use peer discussion and effective questioning to find out from learners what they have learnt	
during the lesson.	
Take feedback from learners and summarize the lesson.	
Homework/Project Work/Community Engagement Suggestions	
<ul> <li>Identify 5 environments where the various types of networks can be applied</li> </ul>	
Cross-Curriculum Links/Cross-Cutting Issues	
None	
Potential Misconceptions/Student Learning Difficulties	
The facilitator/teacher can arrange to use a nearby Senior High School (SHS) ICT laboratory	

Date: 8 <sup>th</sup> JULY, 2022	DAY: Su		Subject: Computing		
Duration:	Duration: St		Strand: Communication	strand: Communication Networks	
Class: B7	Class S	ize:	Sub Strand: Internet and	l Social Media	
<b>Content Standard:</b> B7.3.2.1 Demonstrate the use of Social Networking and Electronic Mail.		<b>or:</b> I.I Identify the various ty sites such as those for So		Lesson: I of 2	
<b>Performance Indicator:</b> Learners can describe uses of Social Media sites	Core Competencies: DL5.1: Ability to ascertain		ain when information is n e and effectively use it to s		
Reference: Computing Curriculum P.g. 16-18					
Activities For Learning & Assessment			Resources	Progression	
Starter (5 mins)		Pictures and videos	Identifying uses of		
Using questions and answers, revise the previous lesson with learners.			Social Media sites		
Share performance indicators and introduce the lesson.					
Main (35 mins)					
Guide learners to Illustrate the use of social networking site WhatsApp, etc.	s such as	Facebook, LinkedIn,			



Facebook is a website which allows users, who sign-up for free profiles, to connect with friends, work colleagues or people they don't know, online. It allows users to share pictures, music, videos, and articles, as well as their own thoughts and opinions with however many people they like.

Users send "friend requests" to people who they may – or may not – know. Facebook has over 1 billion users Once accepted, the two profiles are connected with both users able to see whatever the other person posts. "Facebookers" can post almost anything to their "timeline", a snapshot of what is happening in their social circle at

any given time, and can also enter private chat with other friends who are online.

Guide learners to discuss ways of staying safe with using Facebook.

Example: Terms of service and privacy policy.

Guide learners to Illustrate the use of social networking sites such as LinkedIn and access its importance WhatsApp

LinkedIn is a social network that focuses on professional networking and career development.

You can use LinkedIn to display your resume, search for jobs, and enhance your professional reputation by posting updates and interacting with other people.

LinkedIn is free, but a subscription version called LinkedIn Premium offers additional features like online classes and seminars, as well as insights into who's searching for and viewing your profile

Importance

A well written LinkedIn profile will give you credibility and establish you as a trustworthy potential employee. Every time a recruiter contacts you, you can be sure that they have looked at your profile.

Guide learners to Illustrate the use of social networking sites such as WhatsApp and access its importance.

WhatsApp is free to download messenger app for smartphones. WhatsApp uses the internet to send messages, images, audio or video. The service is very similar to text messaging services, however, because WhatsApp uses the internet to send messages, the cost of using WhatsApp is significantly less than texting.

To use WhatsApp you need a compatible smartphone or tablet with a sim card, an internet connection, and a	
phone number. The app uses your phone number as its username, and your account is locked to the phone,	
although you can transfer your contacts over to new devices	
Importance	
Stimulates a dynamic learning environment	
Facilitates rich interactions and 24×7 learning even outside the classroom	
• Encourages real-time communication between teachers and students, and teachers and parents	
Fosters collaboration between students so they can learn better together	
• Share educational resources to match the learning styles and needs of different students	
A familiar, comfortable interface that students love to use for learning	
Reflection (10 mins)	
We have learnt the uses of Social Media sites	
Use peer discussion and effective questioning to find out from learners what they have learnt	
during the lesson.	
Take feedback from learners and summarize the lesson.	
Homework/Project Work/Community Engagement Suggestions	
Write four importance of facebook and WhatsApp.	
Cross-Curriculum Links/Cross-Cutting Issues	
None	 
Potential Misconceptions/Student Learning Difficulties	
The facilitator/teacher can arrange to use a nearby Senior High School (SHS) ICT laboratory	

Date: 8 <sup>th</sup> JULY, 2022	DAY: Sul		Subject: Computing	
Duration:			Strand: Communication	Networks
Class: B7	Class S	Size:	Sub Strand: Internet an	d Social Media
<b>Content Standard:</b> B7.3.2.1 Demonstrate the use of Social Networking and Electronic Mail.		1.1 Identify the various ty sites such as those for So		Lesson: 2 of 2
<b>Performance Indicator:</b> Learners can describe how microblogging platforms works.		-	tain when information is r e and effectively use it to	
Reference: Computing Curriculum P.g. 16-18				
Activities For Learning & Assessment			Resources	Progression
<b>Starter (5 mins)</b> Using questions and answers, revise the previous lesson with Share performance indicators and introduce the lesson.	n learners	S.	Pictures and videos	Identifying how microblogging platforms works
<b>Main (35 mins)</b> Brainstorm learners for the meaning of microblogging.				
Is an online broadcast medium that exists as a specific form of combination of instant messaging and content production	of bloggir	ng. Microblogging is a		
Using pictures, learners discuss some examples of microblog Examples: Tumblr, Medium, Blogger, Instagram, twitter, Pinte		2.		

Demonstrate the use of microblogging platforms.				
<u>Tumblr</u>				
is a blogging and social media tool that allows users to publish a "tumblelog", or short blog posts. Tumblr's				
major differentiator is the free-form nature of the site and the ability of users to heavily customize their				
own pages. This is the exception to the rule, as nearly all other social networks have standardized profile				
pages with limited design flexibility.				
How is Tumblr used?				
Getting a page set up on Tumblr is similar to other social media networks. Users sign up for an account by				
providing an email address as well as creating a password, username and a URL for the page.				
Twitter				
Twitter is a free social networking site where users broadcast short posts known as tweets. These tweets				
can contain text, videos, photos or links. To access Twitter, users need an internet connection or smart				
phone to use the app or website, Twitter.com. It is a microblogging service a combination of blogging				
and instant messaging for registered users to post, share, like and reply to tweets with short messages.				
Nonregistered users can only read tweets.				
Here T. Steen and a				
How Twitter works Users choose what they want to see on Twitter by following other users and companies and searching				
topics. Generally, the timeline reflects the users' preferences, but they may see retweets from people they				
follow and promoted Tweets, which are paid advertisements				
Reflection (10 mins)				
We have learnt how microblogging platforms works				
we have learne now microbiogging platforms works				
Use peer discussion and effective questioning to find out from learners what they have learnt				
during the lesson.				
Take feedback from learners and summarize the lesson.				
Homework/Project Work/Community Engagement Suggestions				
State and explain how four of the microblogging platforms works				
Cross-Curriculum Links/Cross-Cutting Issues				
None				
Potential Misconceptions/Student Learning Difficulties				
The facilitator/teacher can arrange to use a nearby Senior High School (SHS) ICT laboratory				

Date: 15 <sup>th</sup> JULY, 2022	DAY:	Subject: Com	nputing	
Duration:	Duration: Strand: Cor		nmunication Networks	
Class: B7	Class Size:	Sub Strand:	nternet and Social Me	edia
<b>Content Standard:</b> B7.3.2.1 Demonstrate the use of Social Networking and Electronic Mail.	Indicator: B7.3.2.1.2 Demonstr of Electronic mail: At	tachment and A		Lesson: I of 2
<b>Performance Indicator:</b> Learners can Demonstrating how to compose and send emai		Competencies: DL5.1:		
Reference: Computing Curriculum P.g. 16-18				
Activities For Learning & Assessment			Resources	Progression
Starter (5 mins) Using questions and answers, revise the previous lesson with Share performance indicators and introduce the lesson.	learners.		Pictures and videos	Demonstrating how to compose and send email messages.
Main (35 mins) Revise with learners on some ways of sharing information. Example: E-mail with/without Attachments Instant Messaging (IM) Websites and blogs Sending a Fax				
Brainstorm learners for the meaning of Email. Email is a network communication system used to transmit messag another over the Internet.	es from one networked	computer to		

Demonstrate the steps involved in logging in into an email account. Log In is the process by which an individual gains access to a computer system or a website by identifying	
and authenticating themselves with a username and a password. Log In is also known as Log On or Sign	
In.	
How to Sign In / Log Into E-mail Account	
<ul><li>I. Open your e-mail service log in webpage (mail ISP). E.g. www.gmail.com or www.ymail.com</li><li>2. Type your e-mail username or user ID.</li></ul>	
3. Type your password.	
4. Click on Sign In or press Enter key to launch your e-mail account.	
Google	
Sign In	
to continue to application	
Email or Phone	
Email of Phone	
OTP .	
Thave Password	
You can join us now by	
Creating a account	
LOGIN	
<ul> <li>Guide learners to describe some terminologies in relation to email.</li> <li>From: is the location where the sender's email address is inserted.</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>From: is the location where the sender's email address is inserted.</li> <li>To: is the location where the original recipient(s) email address(es) is/are inserted.</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Carbon copy (Cc) is used to send the same information to other recipients apart from</li> </ul>	
the original recipient.	
<ul> <li>Blind carbon copy (Bcc) is used to secretly send the same information to other recipients.</li> </ul>	



We have learnt how to compose and send email messages.		
Use peer discussion and effective questioning to find out from learners what they have learnt during the lesson.		
Take feedback from learners and summarize the lesson.		
Homework/Project Work/Community Engagement Suggestions	·	
Describe how to compose and send email messages		
Cross-Curriculum Links/Cross-Cutting Issues		
None		
Potential Misconceptions/Student Learning Difficulties		
The facilitator/teacher can arrange to use a nearby Senior High School (SHS) ICT laboratory		

Date: 15 <sup>th</sup> JULY, 2022	DAY:		Subject:	Computing	
Duration:	on: Strand: C		Communication Networks		
Class: B7	Class Size:	Class Size: Sub Stran		nd: Internet and Social	Media
Content Standard: B7.3.2.1 Demonstrate the use of Social Networking and Electronic Mail. Performance Indicator: Learners can demonstrate how to receive and reply and forv	Indicator: B7.3.2.1.2 Demonstrate the use of t Electronic mail: Attachment and Ad Core Competencies: vard email. CI 6.3: DL5.1:			dress book	of 2 of 2
Reference: Computing Curriculum P.g. 16-18					
Activities For Learning & Assessment				Resources	Progression
Starter (5 mins) Using questions and answers, revise the previous lesson with learners. Share performance indicators and introduce the lesson.			Pictures and videos	Demonstrating how to receive and reply and forward email.	
Main (35 mins)					
Guide learners to demonstrate the steps in receiving email.					
To Read/Access or Check Your Malls Messages					
<ul> <li>Log on to your search engine. (e.g. yahoo.mail.com/yahoo.co.u</li> <li>Click on mail and wait for it to open</li> <li>Type your user name (ID) and password in box provided.</li> <li>Click "Sign In or press the enter key.</li> <li>Go to your box by clicking Inbox/Checkmall</li> <li>Click on the massage in your box that you want to read (prefe</li> <li>Click on segment to close you mail.</li> <li>If a message has one or more files attached to it, a paper clip v file attached to a message, click the paper clip icon and then cli list that appears from the paper clip.</li> </ul>	erably the subject vill also appear i	n this area. To	o open any		

Using Reading Pane, click t	he Previous and Next buttons on the toolbar to access previous and next
e-mail messages in the Inbo	
-	appear in bold and have a closed envelop icon next to them.
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✓ forward he message	to someone else or
$\checkmark$ delete the message.	
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ke you to the Compose so	reen, where you can compose (write) your reply on top of the
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Find and open the message y	ou want to reply to. ant to use: Reply to Author or Reply to All .
Find and open the message y Click the reply option you w	ant to use: Reply to Author or Reply to All .
. Find and open the message y . Click the reply option you w	

4. To send a file or picture along with your message click the Attach button on the toolbar and then select the file in the Insert Attachment dialog box.	
5. Click the Send button on the toolbar when you're finished.	
Forward an E-mal	
Another command is to forward an email. You might do this if you have received some	
information you want to share with another person who did not receive the message. Click on	
the Forward command. This will take the message you want to forward to the compose screen. You can then write in the address of the person whom you wish to forward the email to When	
you forward an email, you still retain a copy for yourself.	
Have learners to demonstrate, giving reasons for using From:, To: cc:, bcc: and subject features when sending an email.	
Reflection (10 mins)	
We have learnt to reply and forward email	
Use peer discussion and effective questioning to find out from learners what they have learnt	
during the lesson.	
Take feedback from learners and summarize the lesson.	
Homework/Project Work/Community Engagement Suggestions	
<ul> <li>describe how to access and reply email messages.</li> </ul>	
Cross-Curriculum Links/Cross-Cutting Issues	
None	
Potential Misconceptions/Student Learning Difficulties	
The facilitator/teacher can arrange to use a nearby Senior High School (SHS) ICT laboratory	

Date: 22 <sup>nd</sup> JULY, 2022	DAY: Subject: C		Subject: Cor	nputing	
Duration: Strand: Com		nmunication Networks			
Class: B7	Class Size: Sub Strand:			Information Security	
<b>Content Standard:</b> B7.3.3.1. Recognize data threats and means of protection	Indicator: B7.3.3.1.1 Discuss the key principles security			of information	Lesson: I of 2
<b>Performance Indicator:</b> Learners can describe the principles of information security.		<b>Core C</b> Cl 6.3: [	ompetencies: DL5.1:		
<b>Reference:</b> Computing Curriculum P.g. 18-20					
Activities For Learning & Assessment				Resources	Progression
Starter (5 mins) Using questions and answers, revise the previous lesson with learners. Share performance indicators and introduce the lesson.			Pictures and videos	Describing the principles of information security.	
Main (35 mins)					
Brainstorm learners to explain the meaning of information see Information security covers the tools and processes that organization Research in pairs the key principles of information security. Example: confidentiality, integrity and availability		ect inform	ation.		
Guide learners to discuss the three key principles of informat <u>Confidentiality</u> Confidentiality measures are designed to prevent unauthorized disc the confidentiality principle is to keep personal information private accessible only to those individuals who own it or need it to perfor	losure of inforn and to ensure t	hat it is vis	ible and		

#### **Integrity**

Consistency includes protection against unauthorized changes (additions, deletions, alterations, etc.) to data. The principle of integrity ensures that data is accurate and reliable and is not modified incorrectly, whether accidentally or maliciously.

#### **Availability**

Availability is the protection of a system's ability to make software systems and data fully available when a user needs it (or at a specified time). The purpose of availability is to make the technology infrastructure, the applications and the data available when they are needed for an organizational process or for an organization's customers.

Guide learners to research and analyze scenarios involving information security. Example:

Bob, driving down a main street in his patrol car notices smoke coming out of a warehouse. His partner, Alice, reports the emergency from her car. Alice enters the address of the building, a brief description of its location (i.c., north west corner), and an emergency level.

In addition to a fire unit, she requests several paramedic units on the scene given that area appear to be relatively busy. She confirms her input and waits for an acknowledgment.

John, the Dispatcher, is alerted to the emergency by a beep of his workstation. He reviews the information submitted by Alice and acknowledges the report. He allocates a fire unit and two paramedic units to the Incident site and sends their estimated arrival time (ETA) to Alice.

Alice received the acknowledgment and the ETA.

#### **Reflection** (10 mins)

We have learnt the key principles of information security.

Use peer discussion and effective questioning to find out from learners what they have learnt during the lesson.

Take feedback from learners and summarize the lesson.

Homework/Project Work/Community Engagement Suggestions

• Identify and explain the key principles of information security

Cross-Curriculum Links/Cross-Cutting Issues

None

Potential Misconceptions/Student Learning Difficulties

The facilitator/teacher can arrange to use a nearby Senior High School (SHS) ICT laboratory

<b>Date:</b> 22 <sup>nd</sup> JULY, 2022	DAY:		Subject: Computing		
Duration:	Strand: Comm		nmunication Networks		
Class: B7	Class Size:	Class Size: Sub Strand: Information Security		Information Security	
<b>Content Standard:</b> B7.3.3.1. Recognize data threats and means of protection		B7.3.3.1.2 Explore the legal issues regarding intellectual property rights			Lesson: 2 of 2
<b>Performance Indicator:</b> Learners can discuss legal issues regarding intellectual proper	ty rights	<b>Core C</b> Cl 6.3:	ompetencies: DL5.1:		
Reference: Computing Curriculum P.g. 18-20					
Activities For Learning & Assessment				Resources	Progression
Starter (5 mins) Using questions and answers, revise the previous lesson with learners. Share performance indicators and introduce the lesson.			Pictures and videos	Demonstrating how to compose and send email messages.	
Main (35 mins)					
Brainstorm learners to explain the following terms Intellectual Property (IP): Intellectual Property (IP) is the propert the mind of a person.	ty that is as a re	esult of the	e creativity of		
Intellectual Property Right (ILR) : Intellectual Property Right is to their Intellectual Property. It is also the exclusive right given to inve- etc. of the things they have invented.					
Guide learners to discuss the types of Intellectual Property.  Trademark  Pacent Trade Secrete Copyright					

guide learners to differentiate between the various legal issues mentioned. (e.g. Copyright, Patent, Trademark, Piracy, Copyright Infringement) <u>Trademark</u>	
Trademark is formally registered name, word, logo, symbol or image that is used to identify the manufacturer or distributor of products or services. The symbol for trademark is Tm or ®.	
Patent Patent is an exclusive right given to inventors to manufacture, use or sell inventions for limited period of time.	
<u>Piracy</u> : Piracy is the unauthorized copying and distribution of copyrighted materials. A person who is copying and distributing without authorization is a PIRATE. Pirates produce the counterfeits of the original materials and sell them at low prices.	
<u>Plagiarism</u> : Plagiarism is the taking of someone's work or idea and claiming it as your own. It is a criminal act and is punishable under the copyright laws of Ghana.	
<u>Copyright</u> Copyright is the legal right given to inventors of original works on the use, production, reproduction, rental and sale of their works. In other words, it's the right that does not allow individuals to copy intellectual property of the original owner. It controls the production of intellectual property right.	
<u>Copyright Infringements</u> Copyright infringement is an act of reproducing, copying, imitating, selling, distributing, using, exhibiting, etc. a copyright product or material without permission from the inventor.	
Guide learners to discuss issues pertaining to copyright (e.g. freeware, shareware, crippleware). <u>Freeware</u> is software, most often proprietary, that is distributed at no monetary cost to the end user. There is no agreed-upon set of rights, license, or EULA that defines freeware unambiguously; every publisher defines its own rules for the freeware it offers.	
<u>Shareware</u> is software that is distributed free on a trial basis with the understanding that the user may need or want to pay for it later. Some software developers offer a shareware version of their program with a built-in expiration date (after 30 days, the user can no longer get access to the program.	
<u>Crippleware</u> has been defined in realms of both computer software and hardware. In software, crippleware means that "vital features of the program such as printing or the ability to save files are disabled until the user purchases a registration key".	

Guide learners to discuss the consequences associated with breaking these laws.	
Reasons for Copyright Protection (Laws)	
• To encourage people to be innovative and invent new things.	
• To ensure that inventors gain financial benefits from their hard work.	
• To increase the revenue of the Nation as it is easy to tax copyrighted materials.	
• To protect the works of inventors.	
To promote development because new things will always be produced.	
Consequences of Breaking Copyright Laws	
Fine, imprisonment or both on the culprits / offenders.	
Confiscation of items.	
Discourages people from inventing new things.	
<ul> <li>Inventors lose financial rewards from their inventions.</li> </ul>	
• Government loses revenue in the form of taxes and levies.	
Reflection (10 mins)	
We have learnt how to compose and send email messages.	
Use peer discussion and effective questioning to find out from learners what they have learnt during the lesson.	
Take feedback from learners and summarize the lesson.	
Homework/Project Work/Community Engagement Suggestions	
What is copyright law?	
<ul> <li>Identify any four importance of the copyright law</li> </ul>	
State four consequence of copyright infringement.	
Cross-Curriculum Links/Cross-Cutting Issues	
None	
Potential Misconceptions/Student Learning Difficulties	
The facilitator/teacher can arrange to use a nearby Senior High School (SHS) ICT laboratory	

Date: 29 <sup>th</sup> JULY, 2022	DAY: Subject: Com		nputing		
Duration: Strand: Cor		Strand: Com	nmunication Networks		
Class: B7	Class Size:		Sub Strand:		
<b>Content Standard:</b> B7.3.3.1. Recognize data threats and means of protection	Indicator: B7.3.3.1.3 Evaluate information security and criminal laws against offenders			rity forensic auditing	Lesson: I of 2
<b>Performance Indicator:</b> Learners can describe the criminal laws against offenders of in security.	Core Competencies				
Reference: Computing Curriculum P.g. 20					
				_	
Activities For Learning & Assessment				Resources	Progression
Starter (5 mins) Using questions and answers, revise the previous lesson with learners. Share performance indicators and introduce the lesson.			Pictures and videos	Evaluating information security forensic auditing and criminal laws against offenders.	
Main (35 mins)					
Engage learners to watch a video of how offenders of data security breach are identified.			fied.		
Guide learners to discuss the laws protecting data and the applicable sanctions for their breach. Identify some common occurrences of data security breaches that people in the community overlook and their corresponding sanctions.					
Reflection (10 mins)					

Use peer discussion and effective questioning to find out from learners what they have learnt during the lesson.					
Take feedback from learners and summarize the lesson.					
Homework/Project Work/Community Engagement Suggestions	·				
Identify and explain criminal laws against offenders of information security.					
Cross-Curriculum Links/Cross-Cutting Issues					
None					
Potential Misconceptions/Student Learning Difficulties					
The facilitator/teacher can arrange to use a nearby Senior High School (SHS) ICT laboratory					