

Model Aptitude Test (Q & A) For Interview in GES

For Promotions & Selections

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(AlatiphA Multimedia)

About the Book

This is a

Model Aptitude Test Questions and Answers for Interview

in the

Ghana Education Service

for

Promotion and Selection



to:

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- ❖ Principal Superintendent
- ❖ Assistant Director II and I
- ❖ Deputy Director
- ❖ Headmaster/Headmistress,
- ❖ Principal
- ❖ Best Teacher/Worker Awards
- ❖ Etc.

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General Knowledge of Education

1. The first recorded western type school was begun by the Portuguese in
 - A. 1482
 - B. 1529**
 - C. 1877
 - D. 1421

2. Which of the following was not among the 16 principles for the development of education in the 1920?
 - A. primary education to be cost-free and compulsory**
 - B. provision of secondary and university
 - C. involvement of qualified teachers
 - D. character training to be part of the school curriculum

3. Which one of the following Acts established National Council for Curriculum and Assessment in 2008?
 - A. Act 506
 - B. Act 605
 - C. Act 778**
 - D. Act 788

4. Which of the following is not a basic component of educational system?
 - A. Content
 - B. Physical facilities
 - C. Shareholders
 - D. Funds**

5. All the following are divisions under the jurisdiction of the Deputy Director General (Quality and Access) of the Ghana Education Service except
 - A. Special Education Division
 - B. Supply and Logistic Division**
 - C. Inspectorate Division
 - D. Basic Education Division

6. Which of the following is a division under the jurisdiction of the Deputy Director General (Management Services) of the Ghana Education Service?



- A. Special Education Division
- B. Secondary Education Division
- C. Technical and Vocational Education Division
- D. Supply and Logistic Division**

7. Decentralization takes all the following forms but

A. Decongestion

- B. Delegation
- C. Deconcentration
- D. devolution

8. is the process where a person who broke service voluntarily is accepted back to the service.

A. Re-engagement

- B. Re-instatement
- C. Re-activation
- D. Re-employment

9. The process where a person who broke service due to disciplinary reason is accepted back to the service is termed

- A. Re-engagement

B. Re-instatement

- C. Re-activation

- D. Re-employment

10. The introduction of the salary of a person whose name has gone off the payroll for less than a year is

- A. Re-engagement

- B. Re-instatement

C. Re-activation

- D. Re-employment

11. Which of the following is not administrative role of Headteachers?

A. Teaching and learning

- B. Admission

- C. Classification

- D. Logistics



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12. A visit to find out how far recommendations made in an earlier visit has being carried out is known as

- A. brief visit
- B. familiarization visit
- C. follow-up visit**
- D. implementation visit

13. All the following are guidance and counselling services except

- A. dismissal service**
- B. placement service
- C. approval service
- D. orientation service

14. An amount set aside to meet minor expenses in the school by authority is

- A. budget
- B. provision
- C. petty cash
- D. Imprest**

15. is an amount of money set aside by authority to meet future contingency in the school.

- A. provision**
- B. budget
- C. Imprest
- D. petty cash



16. How many assessments are carried out under school base assessment?

- A. 33
- B. 21
- C. 12**
- D. 4

Q17. The Computerised School Selection and Placement Service (CSSPS) was introduced in the year

- A. 2006
- B. 2008
- C. 2002
- D. 2005**

18. A documentary prove that cash has being received is

- A. cash book
- B. cheque book
- C. cash receipt**
- D. honour receipt

19. What are the challenges of Oral Reading Skills?

- A. Hesitation in the pronunciation of words only
- B. Insertion of words only
- C. A and B**
- D. None of the above

20. The process by which the attributes or dimensions of some physical object are determined is

A. measurement

- B. assessment
- C. evaluation
- D. test



21. _____ is a process by which information is obtained relative to some known objective or goal.

- A. test
- B. assessment**
- C. evaluation
- D. measurement

22. A specific criteria used to gauge skills development or progress.

A. Checklists

- B. Inventories
- C. Rating scales
- D. Rubrics

23. _____ is a set of categories designed to elicit information about quantitative or qualitative attributes.

- A. Rubrics
- B. Checklists
- C. Inventories

D. Rating scales

24. Free SHS is anchored on the pillars _____

- I. Removal of cost barriers
- II. Expansion of infrastructure
- III. Improving access to basic education.
- IV. Improvement in quality and equity.

A. I only

B. II and III only

C. I, II and IV only

D. All of the above

25. The Ghana Education Service was established in ...

A. 1947

B. 1995

C. 1974

D. 1960



26. FCUBE was introduced in the year

A. 2004

B. 1995

C. 1998

D. 2000

27. Which of the following is not the use of the capitation grant?

A. Conducting INSET

B. Building Classroom

C. Support Needy Pupils

D. Enrolment Drive

28. The functions of the Ministry of Education is/are

- I. Designing curriculum
- II. Recruitment and promotion
- III. Monitoring and evaluation

A. I only

B. II only

C. III only

D. None of the above

29. All the following are functions of GES except

- A. Enforcing teacher discipline
- B. Allocation of resources**
- C. Recruitment and promotion
- D. Implementation of policies

30. Factors affecting regular visits by circuit supervisors

- A. Mobility
- B. lack of Allowances
- C. The heads report to them
- D. All the above**

31. Which is not a management tool?

- A. Attendance register for pupils/students
- B. Teachers' time book
- C. Movement book
- D. Lesson plan**



32. is prepared by the school to cover purchases done in the open market where official receipts could not be obtained from the seller.

- A. cash book
- B. honour receipt
- C. cheque book
- D. honour certificate**

33. Which is not a financial tool?

- A. Cash book
- B. Bank statement
- C. log book**
- D. Ledger book

34. All the following are academic records except

- A. School Based Assessment (SBA)
- B. Time Table
- C. terminal report card
- D. Cash Receipt [Correct Answer]**

35. Which is an administrative record?

- A. Cash book
- B. Admission Register
- C. log book**
- D. Ledger book

36. What does not determine the salary of a teacher?

- A. Work output
- B. Age**
- C. Qualification
- D. Cost of living

37. The National Best Teacher Award has been rebranded as _____

- A. Ghana Best Teacher Award**
- B. National Best Teacher Prize
- C. National Teacher Award
- D. Ghana Teacher Prize



38. Which of the following is/are the function(s) of the functions of the national teaching Council?

- I. To formulate national policies on education.
- II. To periodically review professional practice and ethical standards
- III. To register teachers and issue the appropriate licence.

- A. I AND II only
- B. II and III only**
- C. I and III
- D. All the above

39. The only legal authorization for teaching is

- A. certificate
- B. licence**
- C. Appointment
- D. registration

40. The Pre-Tertiary Professional Teacher development and management (PTPDMP) brought about..... in Ghana.

A. Teacher licensing

- B. Teacher doing National Service
- C. Double tract System
- D. Offering of 1st degree by Colleges of Education

41. All the following are reasons for the introduction of the Teacher Licensing in Ghana except

- A. To eliminate non-performing teachers

B. To reduce teacher in-take

- C. To professionalize teaching

- D. To enforce discipline

42. The minimum number of years for a newly qualified teacher to possess a provisional teacher's license is

- A. 1 year

- B. 2 years

C. 3 years

- D. 4 years



43. The institution responsible for establishing ethical standards for teachers in Ghana is

- A. Ghana Education Service

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- B. Ministry of Education

C. National Teaching Council

- D. Teacher Education Division

44. All the following are true about the National Teaching Council except

- A. It has overall responsibility to license teachers by law

- B. It has responsibility to establish framework around teachers' employment

- C. It has responsibility to review professional practice and ethical standards for teachers

D. It has responsibility to appoint/recruit teachers into Ghana Education Service

45. Under which of the following domains are the National Teaching Standards organized?

A. Professional values and Attitudes/Professional Knowledge and Professional Practice

- B. Professional Values and Skills/Professional Practice and Professional Knowledge
- C. Professional Practice/Professional Knowledge and Professional Ethics
- D. Professional Knowledge/Professional Skills and Professional Practice

46. All are district support structures in education in Ghana except

- A. PTA
- B. SMC
- C. DEOC
- D. GES Council**

47. Which organization implements pre tertiary education in Ghana?

- A. NIB
- B. GES
- C. NaCCA
- D. GNAT

48. Which act has amended the function of GES?

- A. Act 506
- B. Act 877
- C. Act 778**
- D. Act 605



49. Which autonomous body develops curriculum for schools in Ghana

- A. GES
- B. GNAT
- C. NIB
- D. NaCCA**

50. The set of rules and regulation that stipulates what should be done and not to be done in GES is the _____

- A. Code of conduct**
- B. Condition of service
- C. Code of ethics
- D. Labour law

51. What regulates the behaviour of a profession?

- A. Code of conduct
- B. Condition of service
- C. Code of ethics**

D. Labour law

52. The new structure and content of education conceived the JSS concept in which year

A. 1987

B. 1974

C. 1961

D. 1990

53. How many management levels have Ghana Education Services?

A. 7

B. 12

C. 4

D. 10

54. Which entity settles disputes between employer and employee?

A. Ghana Labour Commission

B. Ghana Labour committee

C. National Labour Commission

D. National Labour committee



55. Which organization is responsible for the nation's fiscal policies?

A. Ministry of finance

B. Bank of Ghana

C. Parliament

D. Ministry of Employment

56. Which entity is in charge of the monetary policies of the country?

A. Parliament

B. Bank of Ghana

C. Commercial bank of Ghana

D. Ministry of finance

57. Which commission is responsible for setting standards for appointments, promotions and discipline for the public sector employees?

A. Public Services Committee

B. Ghana Education Service

C. National Labour Commission

D. Public Services Commission

58. When was the continuation schools instituted?

- A. 1961
- B. 1964**
- C. 1968
- D. 1974

59. Which policy was introduced in 1961?

- A. Continuation Schools.
- B. Accelerated Development Plan
- C. Free Primary Education
- D. Fee-Free Universal Primary Education**

60. When was the JSS fully implemented?

- A. 1987**
- B. 1974
- C. 1961
- D. 1990

61. Which year was the JSS piloted?

- A. 1987
- B. 1974
- C. 1978
- D. 1976**



62. Which of the following is not an autonomous body of GES?

- A. National Inspectorate Board
- B. Ghana Library Authority**
- C. National Teaching Council
- D. NaCCA

63. Which governing authority is responsible for matters relating to the licencing of teachers?

- A. National Inspectorate Board
- B. Ghana Library Authority
- C. National Teaching Council**
- D. NaCCA

64. Which is not a component of educational system?

- A. stakeholders
- B. Content

C. Physical infrastructure

D. decentralization

65. What term is given to the benefits that accrue to society from the education of an individual and the benefits that an educated person receives for his or her education?

A. Externalities of education

B. Internalities of education

C. Dividends of education

D. Benefits of education

66. Which age does basic education commences

A. 5 years

B. 3 years

C. 4 years

D. 6 years

67. What name is given to the content matter of teaching?

A. Educational programmes

B. Educational programmes

C. Educational Course

D. Educational policies



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68 Methods or pedagogy which teachers employ in the classroom or outside

A. Educational programmes

B. Educational programmes

C. Educational process

D. Educational policies

69. When was the first free textbook policy rolled out?

A. 1961

B. 1963

C. 1987

D. 1969

80. At the school level, there are two main agencies that support the school

A. PTA and DEOC

B. PTA and GES Council

C. PTA and SMC/BG

D. DEOC and NTC

81. Which does not account for formulation of policies by the government?

- A. Identification of challenge
- B. Availability of resources
- C. Monitoring and evaluation of the policy
- D. Reinstatement policy**

82. All are roles of MoE except

- A. Formulation of policies and programmes
- B. Allocation of resources
- C. Monitoring and evaluation
- D. Registration of teachers**

83. Which leave is not been enjoyed by basic school teachers

- A. Annual leave**
- B. Maternity leave
- C. Sick
- D. Study leave

84. The following are management tools except

- A. Time table
- B. Charts
- C. Movement book
- D. Exercise book**



85. The government raises income through the following except?

- A. Through dividend
- B. Building roads**
- C. Borrowing
- D. Fines

86. Government spends income through the following except

- A. Economic infrastructure
- B. Social infrastructure
- C. Fulfilling international obligations
- D. Domestic and foreign borrowing**

87. What another name is given to educational programmes?

- A. Method
- B. Content**

- C. Structure
- D. Knowledge

88. Educational process is the same as

- A. Content
- B. Methods**
- C. Structure
- D. Values

89. The following are educational policies except

- A. School going age
- B. Compulsory basic education
- C. Student loan scheme
- D. National Health Insurance

90. The benefits and privileges that teachers enjoy because they are members of GES is _____

- A. Scheme of service
- B. Condition of service**
- C. Scheme of work
- D. Collective agreement



91. The progression or the rank teachers go through in line of their duty is _____

- A. Scheme of work
- B. Collective agreement
- C. Conditions of service
- D. Scheme of service**

92. Which is the role of GES council

- A. Designing curriculum
- B. Revoking of teachers license
- C. Provision of infrastructure
- D. Advising the minister on matters as the minister may request**

93. Which act established GES Council?

- A. Act 605
- B. Act 506**
- C. Act 788
- D. Act 778

94. Which of the following is not a technique to achieve good classroom management?

- A. Know your pupils by name
- B. Establish and enforce rules and procedures for routine classroom activities
- C. Show good examples to pupils
- D. Use praise indiscriminately**



Curriculum Development

1. Mini Culture is:

A. Content

B. Classroom

C. Curriculum

D. Home

2. The category of Audio Visual Aids is:

A. Tape-recorder

B. Television

C. Radio

D. All of the above

3. Curriculum revision should be a/an _____ process.

A. gradual

B. abrupt

C. relative

D. continuous



4. Which one is not the component of the Curriculum?

A. Contents

B. Design

C. Objectives

D. Evaluation

5. Psychological foundations of curriculum help curriculum developers to understand the nature of:

A. Content

B. Learner

C. Teacher

D. Ideas

6. Curriculum emphasized for primary classes is:

A. Teacher centred curriculum

B. Integrated curriculum

C. Subject based curriculum

D. None of these

7. The major purpose of co-curricular activities is to:

A. Help students achieve a well-adjusted personality

B. Provide relief from the usual classroom routine

C. Allow students an opportunity to develop into good citizens

D. Permit students to have a choice of educational program

8. The factors that affect the development of curriculum are called:

A. Curriculum design

B. Curriculum evaluation

C. Foundation of curriculum

D. Elements of curriculum

9. Curriculum presents instructional material is stated by:

A. Elizhalh Maccis

B. Jack Kerr

C. WTeller

D. Smith



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10. Learning means:

A. Teaching process

B. Curriculum change

C. Change in behaviour

D. None of the above

11. The model of curriculum could not move above elementary stage is:

A. Subject curriculum

B. activity curriculum

C. Core curriculum

D. None of these

12. In planning and implementing curricula school makes its selection from:

A. Nation

B. Region

C. Culture

D. Mass communication

13. The forces that effect the development of curriculum are called:

- A. Curriculum Design
- B. Curriculum Evaluation
- C. Elements of curriculum
- D. Foundations of curriculum**

14. Broad field curriculum is a modification of;

- A. Activity centred curriculum
- B. Learner centred curriculum
- C. Subject centred curriculum**
- D. None of these

15. Which domain of objectives is not being evaluated through our present system of examination?

- A. Affective**
- B. Cognitive
- C. Psychomotor
- D. None of these



16. The evaluation used to improve the contents during curriculum development is:

- A. Summative evaluation
- B. Formative evaluation**
- C. Diagnostic evaluation
- D. None of the above

17. Major concern of curriculum is:

- A. Change in individual's behavior**
- B. Preparation for service
- C. Personal satisfaction
- D. None of the above

18. What the child studies in a class is decided by:

- A. Principal
- B. Parents
- C. Teacher**
- D. Child himself

19. The mirror of the Society is:

- A. playground
- B. community
- C. Hospital
- D. School**

20. Teaching and learning combines to make:

A. Curriculum

- B. Instruction
- C. Classroom
- D. Syllabus

21. Effectiveness of curriculum is determined by:

A. Evaluation

- B. Objective
- C. Method
- D. Design



22. Sociological foundations are concerned with:

- A. History
- B. Economy
- C. Society**
- D. Idea

23. Development of curriculum at higher level and its application at different levels is:

- A. Horizontal organization
- B. Vertical organization
- C. Centralized**
- D. Decentralized

24. Five stages of awareness, interest, evaluation, trial and adoption are for:

A. Curriculum change

- B. Curriculum formation
- C. Curriculum development
- D. Curriculum implementation

25. Making value judgment about curriculum is:

- A. Curriculum design
- B. Curriculum elements
- C. Curriculum evaluation**
- D. Curriculum development

26. Which of the following is the nature of curriculum?

- A. Critical
- B. Creative
- C. Conservative
- D. All of the above**

27. The importance of curriculum in the system of education is just like a:

- A. Preparation of students for service
- B. Constitution in a country
- C. Provision of latest knowledge**
- D. None of the above

28. The part of the curriculum designed to meet the needs of all students is:

- A. General education**
- B. Specialized education
- C. The extra-curriculum
- D. The program of studies



29. The arrangement of the elements of curriculum can be as:

- A. Curriculum Design**
- B. Curriculum Foundation
- C. Curriculum Construction
- D. Curriculum Development

30. Subject Centered designs revolve around:

- A. Content**
- B. Learner
- C. Social values
- D. Social problems

31. The purpose of integrated curriculum is:

- A. Increase in no. of books
- B. Decrease in no. of books**

C. Increases in student enrolment

D. Decrease in dropout

32. In the subject centered curriculum, the important element is:

A. Division of knowledge

B. Mixing of activities

C. Influence of social values

D. Psychomotor development

33. Psychomotor domain deals with

A. Feelings

B. Practical skills

C. Intellectual abilities

D. None of the above

34. Curriculum provides guidance for:

A. School

B. Teacher

C. Students

D. Parents



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35. Curriculum is supposed to:

A. Be organized by the school

B. Achieve the objective

C. Both (a) and (b)

D. None of the above

36. A curriculum is blue print or plan of the school that includes experiences for the:

A. Experts

B. Teacher

C. Learner

D. Curriculum planner

37. Curriculum is:

A. Course

B. Syllabus

C. Co-curricular activities

D. Overall activities of an institution

38. The model of behavioral objectives of curriculum evaluation was presented by:

- A. John Dewey
- B. Tyler**
- C. Hilda Taba
- D. Stuffle Beam

39. An outline of the topics of a subject to be covered in specific time is called:

- A. Programme
- B. Syllabus**
- C. Curriculum
- D. Course

40. Making value judgment about curriculum is:

- A. Curriculum development
- B. Curriculum evaluation**
- C. Curriculum elements
- D. Curriculum design



41. The outline of the Contents is;

- A. Syllabus**
- B. Programme
- C. Course
- D. All of the above

42. The relationship of different concepts at one level is:

- A. Horizontal organization**
- B. Vertical organization
- C. Centralized
- D. Decentralized

43. A curriculum is the sum total of a school's influence on a child's:

- A. Action
- B. Attitude
- C. Personality
- D. Behaviors**

44. To select subject matter, one should consider students:

- A. I.Q**
- B. Class
- C. Health
- D. Physical age

45. How many basic components of curriculum do we have?

- A. 2
- B. 4**
- C. 6
- D. 8

46. Prior planning is characteristic of:

- A. Subject centred curriculum**
- B. Activity centred curriculum
- C. Learner centred curriculum
- D. None of these



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47. Philosophical foundation of curriculum is concerned with:

- A. Ideas**
- B. History
- C. Economy
- D. Contents

48. Curriculum based on thinking of John Dewey is

- A. learner centred curriculum
- B. activity centred curriculum**
- C. subject centred curriculum
- D. None of these

49. Evaluation used to improve the contents after curriculum development is:

- A. Summative evaluation**
- B. Formative evaluation
- C. Diagnostic evaluation
- D. None of the above

50. Curriculum effectiveness is determined by:

- A. Community cooperation
- B. Teacher competence
- C. Student interest**
- D. Quality of supervision

51. The Curriculum is affected by the following factor:

- A. Government
- B. Religious group
- C. Ideology of the nation
- D. All of the above**

52. Psychological foundation play its role in the development of curriculum keeping in view the:

- A. Student's needs
- B. Student's interest
- C. Student's capabilities
- D. All of the above**

53. Curriculum reflects the culture of:

- A. School
- B. Home
- C. Area
- D. Society**



54. If two or more methods are mixed up for teaching, the teaching method will be known as:

- A. Eclectic method**
- B. Combined method
- C. Mixed method
- D. None of these

55. The base on which the subject activities and experience are planned is called:

- A. Unit
- B. Design**
- C. lesson
- D. Curriculum

56. The method used to evaluate the curriculum is:

A. Summative Evaluation

B. Diagnostic Evaluation

C. Formative Evaluation

D. All of the above

57. Knowledge is compartmentalized in:

A. Learner centred curriculum

B. Activity centred curriculum

C. Subject centred curriculum

D. None of the above

58. The factor effecting curriculum development is:

A. Sociological factor

B. Economical factor

C. Scientific factor

D. All of the above

59. School curriculum is defined as

A. Methods of instruction

B. Experiences organized by school

C. Materials of instruction

D. Courses of study



60. In experimental procedure of the content selection, the content is selected by:

A. The scientific pattern

B. Analysis of experiences

C. The opinion of the expert

D. Concerns of subject specialists

61. A school curriculum is best defined as:

A. All materials and methods of instruction

B. All materials used to pupil activities

C. The complete collection of courses of study

D. The organized pupil experiences set by the school

62. Important factor of curriculum is to help to achieve the:

A. Education

B. Objectives

C. Values

D. Job

63. Curriculum organization used for different concepts at the same class is:

A. Horizontal

B. Vertical

C. Logical

D. None of these

64. Component of curriculum is:

A. Teaching strategies

B. Objectives

C. Evaluation

D. All of the above

65. Percentage of knowledge gained through observation/vision is:

A. 0.4

B. 0.55

C. 0.6

D. 0.75



66. Curriculum development refers to the total process of curriculum:

A. Implementing

B. Evaluating

C. Designing

D. All of the above

67. Student's needs and interests are important in

A. Sociological foundation

B. Psychological foundation

C. Economical foundation

D. Historical foundation

68. The characteristics of Activity Centred Curriculum:

A. Student Interest

B. Training of practical work

C. Overall development

D. All of the above

69. Repetition of concepts of same level in two consecutive classes lacks the quality of:

- A. Horizontal organization
- B. Vertical organization**
- C. Relevancy
- D. Flexibility

70. “Curriculum” is a word of:

- A. Greek
- B. Latin**
- C. Persian
- D. English

71. The term refer to the total process of designing implementing and evaluating:

- A. Curriculum design
- B. Curriculum implementation
- C. Curriculum Construction
- D. Curriculum Development**



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72. Syllabus is a part of:

- A. Curriculum**
- B. Classroom
- C. Activities
- D. Society

73. Curriculum is interpreted to mean all the organized courses, activities and experiences which students have under the directions of the school, whether in the classroom or not, is said by:

- A. John Dewey
- B. Stephen Romine
- C. H. Rugg
- D. Hilda Taba**

74. The Concise Oxford Dictionary defines curriculum as a:

- A. Chariot race course**
- B. Course of learning
- C. Course of Education

D. Course of study

75. Summative evaluation takes place:

- A. In the beginning
- B. In the middle
- C. After regular inter

D. At the end

76. When, What, Why & How, to teach is the main task of:

A. Educational psychology

- B. Educational philosophy
- C. Economics
- D. History

78. Curriculum is

- A. Course
- B. syllabus
- C. Co-curricular Activities

D. Over all activities of an institution



Psychology

1. Creative writing should be an activity planned for—
A. Only those children reading on grade level
B. Only those children spell and write cohesive sentences
C. Only those children who want to write for newspaper
D. All children

2. The cognitive structures into which children organize their behaviour and knowledge are called
A. Accommodations
B. Framework
C. Operations
D. Schemata

3. Which is the place where the child's cognitive development is defined in the best way?
A. Playground
B. School and Classroom
C. Auditorium
D. Home

4. Environmental education should be taught in schools because—
A. it will affect environmental pollution
B. it is important part of life
C. it will provide job to teachers
D. we cannot escape from environment

5. Development of a learner is linked to:
A. Affective development
B. Cognitive development
C. Psychomotor development
D. Sensorimotor development

6. It is good to give homework, so that students
A. remain busy at home
B. study at home



C. may be checked for their progress
D. may develop habit of self-study

7. What is meant by development?

- A. It is the growth of heart, brain and muscles.
- B. It is improvement of the ability.
- C. It is the quantitative change of the child.

D. it is a complex process of integrating many structures and functions.

8. Areas/sources of information for psychological foundation are:

- A. Learning process
- B. Teaching method
- C. Student characteristics

D. All of the above

9. On which animal Pavlov conducted his experiment

- A. Rat
- B. Cat
- C. Dog**
- D. Bird



28. Types of individual differences are:

- A. Mental
- B. Physical
- C. Emotional

D. All of the above

11. Which of the following factors comes in the way of girls' personal rights?

- A. Social Recognition
- B. Family
- C. Gender Difference

D. All of these

12. Spearman's 'G' factor of Intelligence is:

- A. universal and inborn ability
- B. constant and does not change in an individual with time
- C. different in different individuals depending on their genes

D. all of the above

13. Experimental designs are characterized by:

- A. Normative data
- B. Controlled conditions**
- C. Automated Stimulation

D. All of the above

14. Who among the following propounded 'socialism' in education?

A. Russell

B. Dewey

C. Sartre

D. Stalin

15. Security of attachment to mother is typically measured by:

A. Separation-reunion procedure

B. Observation of mother-infant play

C. Questionnaire

D. All of the above



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16. Cognition can be stated as

A. Feeling

B. Knowing

C. Willing

D. Doing

17. The mirror-rouge task measures:

A. An infant's ability to touch his/her nose

B. An infant's understanding of self

C. An infant's recognition of his/her mother

D. All of the above

18. What is teaching through deductive method?

A. From specific to general

B. From general to specific

C. From easy to difficult

D. From macro to micro

19. The first sense to develop is:

- A. Touch**
- B. Hearing
- C. Sight
- D. Taste

20. Both 'X' and 'Y' chromosomes are found in:

- A. Brain cells
- B. Females
- C. Males**
- D. None of these

21. Who gives more stress to the philosophy of social constructivism?

- A. Piaget
- B. Kohlberg
- C. Vygotsky**
- D. Dewey

22. The reinforcement schedule that yields the lowest performance is the:

- A. Fixed ratio schedule
- B. Variable ratio schedule
- C. Fixed interval schedule**
- D. Variable interval schedule



23. Select "the educable" group of students from the following groups, indicating different I.Q. levels

- A. 50 to 70**
- B. 30 to 50
- C. 70 to 90
- D. 40 to 80

24. "Give me a dozen of healthy children I can make them Doctor, Judge, Beggar and even a Thief" – Comment made by

- A. Jung
- B. Guthrie
- C. J.B. Watson**
- D. Hull

25. Who is regarded as the first teacher of a child?

- A. Headmaster
- B. Class Teacher
- C. Mother**
- D. Tutor

26. Diagnostic evaluation ascertains

- A. Students performance at the beginning of instructions.
- B. Learning progress and failures during instructions.
- C. Degree of achievements of instructions at the end.
- D. Causes and remedies of persistent learning problems during instructions.**

27. How many stages of cognitive development recommended by Piaget?

- A. Seven Stages
- B. Six Stages
- C. Four Stages**
- D. Two Stages



28. Dyslexia is associated with

- A. mental disorder
- B. behavioural disorder
- C. reading disorder**
- D. writing disorder

29. Child growth as proceeding through an organized sequence of stages divided roughly by age in view of _____

- A. Kohlberg
- B. Piaget
- C. Vygotsky
- D. Skinner**

30. The black-board can be utilized best by a teacher for

- A. Putting the matter of teaching in black and white
- B. Making the students attentive
- C. Writing the important and notable points**
- D. Highlighting the teacher himself

31. RTE stands to

- A. Right to Education**
- B. Right True Education
- C. Right Time Education
- D. Ruraly True Education

32. Interaction inside the classroom should generate

- A. Argument
- B. Information
- C. Ideas**
- D. Controversy

33. The development that proceeds in the direction of the longitudinal axis i.e. head to foot is termed as.....

- A. Cephalo-caudal development**
- B. Proximo distal
- C. Interrelation
- D. Integration



34. For maintaining an effective discipline in the class, the teacher should

- A. Allow students to do what they like.
- B. Deal with the students strictly.
- C. Give the students some problem to solve.
- D. Deal with them politely and firmly.**

35. The greatest technique to review progress and improvement of the kid is–

- A. Psychoanalytic Method
- B. Comparative Method
- C. Developmental Method**
- D. Statistical Method

36. The academic performance of students can be improved if parents are encouraged to

- A. supervise the work of their wards**
- B. arrange for extra tuition
- C. remain unconcerned about it
- D. interact with teachers frequently

37. "A Child can think logically about objects and events". This is the characteristic given by Piaget of stage—

- A. Sensory Motor
- B. Pre Operational
- C. Concrete Operational**
- D. Formal Operation

38. A successful teacher is one who is

- A. Compassionate and disciplinarian**
- B. Quite and reactive
- C. Tolerant and dominating
- D. Passive and active

39. Gardner formulated a list of Seven Intelligences, which among the following is not one of them?

- A. Spatial Intelligence
- B. Emotional Intelligence**
- C. Interpersonal Intelligence
- D. Linguistic Intelligence



40. Which of the following does not specify Max Weber's concept of social stratification?

- A. Income and Wealth
- B. Social Prestige
- C. Educational Status**
- D. Political Power

41. Who was the pioneer of Classical Conditioning?

- A. Skinner
- B. Pavlov**
- C. Watson
- D. Thorndike

42. "Things as they are and as they are likely to be encountered in life rather than words", was the slogan of the

- A. Idealists
- B. Pragmatists
- C. Realists**

D. Existentialists

43. If any girl child does not come to school regularly you will

- A. no bother
- B. struck off her name
- C. complain to the Principal

D. meet the parents and encourage them

44. 'Project is a whole-hearted purposeful activity proceeding on a social environment", it was defined by

- A. Adamson
- B. John Dewey
- C. Kilpatrick**
- D. Ballard

45. Which of the following is not related to educational achievement?

- A. Heredity**
- B. Experiences
- C. Practice
- D. Self-learning



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46. 'Coherence' is the criterion of truth is

- A. Naturalism
- B. Existentialism
- C. Idealism**
- D. Marxism

47. Education of children with special needs should be provided

- A. along with other normal children**
- B. by methods developed for special children, in special schools
- C. in special school
- D. by special teachers in special schools

48. Who emphasized that the aim of education should be the development in children the feeling of international brotherhood and attitude of international understanding?

- A. Rousseau
- B. Dewey

C. Tagore

D. Mahatma Gandhi

49. Special education is related to—

A. Educational for talented students

B. Educational programmes for disabled

C. Training programmes for Teachers

D. Training programme for retarded

50. The family imparts education to the child

A. Regularly

B. Formally

C. Informally

D. Deliberately

51. The most important trait of a student is—

A. sense of responsibility

B. to speak truth

C. co-operation

D. obedience



52. The child who reads numbers wrongly has the following learning disability

A. Dyslexia

B. Dyscrasia

C. Dyscalculia

D. Dyspepsia

53. Which of the following is correctly arranged?

A. Encoding – retrieval – storage

B. Encoding – storage – retrieval

C. Storage - encoding – retrieval

D. Retrieval - encoding – storage

54. That the mind of an infant is a tabula rasa is the contribution of:

A. J.J Rousseau

B. John Locke

C. Plato

D. Horace Man

55. What should be the role of teachers in meeting the individual differences?

- A. Try to know the abilities, interest and aptitude of individuals
- B. Try to adjust the curriculum as per the needs of individuals
- C. Both (A) and (B)**
- D. None of these

56. Kindergarten (KG) system of education is indebted to

- A. Spencer
- B. Froebel**
- C. Dewey
- D. Plato

57. Who are responsible for the development of traits?

- A. Parents
- B. Cells
- C. Genes**
- D. Gametes



58. 'Cultural Lag' is the term used by

- A. Pyne
- B. Marx
- C. Weber
- D. Ogburn**

59. Performance tests are termed as

- A. Verbal tests
- B. Non-verbal tests**
- C. Projective tests
- D. Subjective tests

60. In a kindergarten class it would be unreasonable to expect a child to:

- A. care for plants
- B. clean up after clay work
- C. bring an old shirt for painting activities
- D. know when it is time to clean up**

61. Suppose fourteen years old girl has taken to wearing the same style sweaters that her teacher wears, then this form of behaviour is known as

- A. Compensation
- B. Regression
- C. Identification**
- D. Egocentrism

62. The idea of Four Pillars of Education was suggested by

- A. UGC
- B. NCTE
- C. UNESCO**
- D. UNICEF

63. A stimulus that elicits a response before the experimental manipulation is a (an):

- A. Response stimulus
- B. Unconditioned stimulus**
- C. Generalised stimulus
- D. Conditioned stimulus



64. 'Trial & Error' theory of learning was given by:

- A. Freud
- B. Thorndike**
- C. Thruston
- D. Bandura

65. The aim of all life is death', this quote from Siemund Freud's work refers to:

- A. Thanatos
- B. Eros
- C. The struggle between Eros and Thanatos**
- D. The death instinct

66. Which of the following statements about teaching aids are not correct?

- A. They help in retaining concepts for longer duration
- B. They help students learn better
- C. They make teaching learning process interesting
- D. They enhance rote learning**

67. Which of the following is not a prescribed level of teaching?

- A. Memory
- B. Understanding
- C. Reflective
- D. Differentiation**

68. Effective teaching is a function of

- A. Teacher's satisfaction.
- B. Teacher's honesty and commitment
- C. Teacher's making students learn and understand**
- D. Teacher's liking for professional excellence

69. A person can enjoy teaching as a profession when he

- A. has control over students.
- B. commands respect from students.**
- C. is more qualified than his colleagues.
- D. is very close to higher authorities.

71. Which of the following is not a characteristic of a good achievement test?

- A. Reliability
- B. Objectivity
- C. Ambiguity**
- D. Validity



72. What is the aim of education?

- A. All round development of the personality of a child.**
- B. Moral development of a child.
- C. Ability to read, write and do arithmetic.
- D. To gain knowledge.

73. Suppose a student wants to share his problems with his teacher and he visits the teacher's house for the purpose, the teacher should

- A. contact the student's parents and solve his problem.
- B. suggest him that he should never visit his house.
- C. suggest him to meet the principal and solve the problem.
- D. extend reasonable help and boost his morale.**

74. "In youth we learn in age, we understand". What does this statement indicate?

- A. Relationship of learning with age.**
- B. Learning stops with adulthood.
- C. In youth our understanding is better.
- D. There is no learning in childhood.

75. On the first day of his class, if a teacher is asked by the students to introduce himself, he should

- A. ask them to meet after the class
- B. tell them about himself in brief**
- C. ignore the demand and start teaching
- D. scold the student for this unwanted demand

76. Who said "children have innate inclination to imitate their seniors, both in mental and social development"?

- A. Lindzey
- B. Festinger
- C. Espinas
- D. Baldwin**



77. The primary responsibility for the teacher's adjustment lies with

- A. The children
- B. The principal**
- C. The teacher himself
- D. The community

78. What do you understand by the term Peer Group?

- A. People of same profession
- B. Friends and acquaintances
- C. Family members and relatives
- D. All of these**

79. Who said this "Education is man making. It is that by which character is formed, strength of mind is increased, intellect is expanded and by which man can stand on his own feet"?

- A. Tagore
- B. Vivekananda**
- C. Dayanand Saraswati

D. None of these

80. The rate of habituation is an indication of:

- A. Memory
- B. Fundamental cognitive processes
- C. Brain integrity

D. All of the above

82. If you use the scientific method to investigate psychological phenomena, your first step should be to

- A. Develop a hypothesis
- B. Make up an appropriate test
- C. Conduct a study
- D. Formulate a question [Correct Answer]

82. Facial expressions are coded from videotape by:

- A. Scoring position of the mouth, chin and the entire head
- B. Having coders judge the expression
- C. Scoring muscle movements of eye, brow and mouth**
- D. Matching the expression to illustrations of standard expressions

83. The pioneer of functionalism is



- A. J.B. Watson
- B. William James**
- C. Wilhelm Wundt
- D. Kurt Lewin

84. Myelinisation is the process where:

- A. The nerve cell becomes insulated**
- B. Nerve cells migrate to their final position
- C. The cells form a line
- D. The nerve cells form connections with other nerve cells

85. According to Freud, Super Ego is properly developed during

- A. Phallic period
- B. Latency period**
- C. Anal period

D. None of these

86. In the context of education, socialization means

- A. creating one's own social norms
- B. respecting elders in society
- C. adapting and adjusting to social environment**
- D. always following social norms

87. What is meant by 'Culture'?

- A. Civilization marked by the use of modern electric home appliances
- B. Using of computers, mobile phones, internet, etc.
- C. Sophistication in dress, food, etc.
- D. Complex whole of what man has achieved as being a member of the society.**

88. Which of the following is NOT a sign of 'being gifted'?

- A. Curiosity
- B. Creativity
- C. Poor relationship with peers**
- D. Interest in extra reading



89. An intelligent student is not doing well in studies. What is the best course of action for the teacher?

- A. Wait till he performs better
- B. Find out reason for his under achievement**
- C. Give him grace marks in the examination
- D. Ask his parents to withdraw from school

90. _____ is the capacity to acquire and apply knowledge.

- A. Personality
- B. Intelligence**
- C. Aptitude
- D. Attitude

91. The nature of social values is

- A. Emotional
- B. Logical**
- C. Materialistic

D. Symbolical

92. Which of the following is not a product of learning?

- A. Skill
- B. Knowledge
- C. Maturation**
- D. Physical structure

93. Programmed learning is based on the principles of

- A. Cognitive Learning Theory
- B. Conditioned Learning Theory
- C. Operant-conditioning**
- D. Gestalt Learning Theory

94. Primary education helps _____

- A. Socialization of child
- B. Democratization of child**
- C. In course understanding
- D. All of the above



95. Who among the following is not a cognitive gestalt psychologist?

- A. Kohler
- B. Lewin
- C. Wertheimer
- D. Tolman**

96. Who is regarded as the first teacher of a child?

- A. Headmaster
- B. Tutor
- C. Mother**
- D. Class-teacher

97. When an individual repeats those leanings that, in the past, proved to be highly satisfying such behavior can best be explained by the law of

- A. readiness
- B. recency
- C. effect**

D. frequency

98. The process of expansion of an individual's capacities quantitatively, should be termed as

A. Development

B. Growth

C. Equilibration

D. Maturation

99. Who is not in favour of logical analysis?

A. Ludwig Wittgenstein

B. Kant

C. G.E. Moore

D. Bertrand Russel

100. A major strength of 'Ecological Theory" is its framework for explaining

A. Environmental influences on development

B. Biological influences on development

C. Cognitive development

D. Affective process on development

101. "No disinterested pursuit of knowledge and no intellectual education for its own sake" was the slogan of the

A. Idealists

B. Realists

C. Naturalists

D. Pragmatists

102. Vygotsky proposed that Child Development is-

A. Due to genetic components of a culture

B. A product of social interaction

C. A product of formal education

D. A product of assimilation and accommodation

103. Stanford Binet Scale measures the following attribute of an individual:

A. Personality

B. Intelligence

C. Creativity

D. Aptitude

104. The major purpose of diagnostic test is that of identifying-

- A. The General area of weakness in class performance
- B. Specific nature of remedial Programme needed
- C. The causes underlying academic difficulties**
- D. The specific nature of pupil difficulties

105. The professional requirement of a teacher as explained in the UNESCO publication is/are

- A. innovativeness in approach and teaching strategies
- B. mastery over the subject and competency for teaching
- C. justice to the profession
- D. All of the above**

106. Which of the following are the External Factors affecting the interest of students in classroom?

- A. Emotions and Sentiments
- B. Culture and Training
- C. Attitudes of students
- D. Goals and motives**



107. Thumb sucking, Nail biting etc., similar actions are due to:

- A. Pleasure seeking
- B. Training
- C. Habit
- D. Anxiety**

108. Education is called a triangular process. Which are the three sides of the triangle?

- A. School, Knowledge and Teacher
- B. Books, School and Teacher
- C. Social Environment, Teacher and Students**
- D. None of these

109. The term 'gene' for the factors controlling heredity was coined by -

- A. T. H. Morgan
- B. Hugo de Vries

C. Gregor Mendal

D. W. Johannsen

110. One of the basic principles of socializing individuals is:

A. religion

B. caste

C. educational

D. imitation

111.is considered a sign of motivated teaching.

A. Maximum attendance in class

B. Remedial work given by the teacher

C. Questioning by students

D. Pin drop silence in the class

112. It takes a maturation of months for the child to take his first step in walking.

A. 5 to 6

B. 10 to 12

C. 4 to 5

D. 0 to 2



113. A teacher has serious defect is he/she—

A. is physically handicapped

B. belongs to low socio-economic status

C. has weak personality

D. has immature mental development

114. A procedure that establishes a sequence of responses which lead to a reward following the final response and then working backwards is called

A. Shaping

B. Stimulus control

C. Chaining

D. Stimulus generalization

115. Gardner formulated a list of Seven Intelligences, which among the following is not one of them?

- A. Spatial Intelligence
- B. Emotional Intelligence**
- C. Interpersonal Intelligence
- D. Linguistic Intelligence

116. I.Q. range of morons are in the range of:

- A. 60-90
- B. 50-75**
- C. 60-80
- D. 30-50

117. Education develops child's.....

- A. Expressions
- B. Intuition
- C. Accuracy
- D. Innate powers**

118. Creativity increases with.....

- A. Age
- B. Practice
- C. Experience**
- D. Education



119. Marxist educational philosophy is closer to.....

- A. Realism**
- B. Idealism
- C. Pragmatism
- D. Naturalism

120. Learning is the modification of behaviour which is relatively.....

- A. Permanent**
- B. Temporary
- C. Adverse
- D. Quick

121. The earliest studies on record of verbal learning and memory were conducted by:

- A. Mowrer

- B. Pavlov
- C. Skinner
- D. Ebbinghaus**

122. Absenteeism can be tackled by:

- A. teaching
- B. punishing the students
- C. giving the sweets
- D. contacting the parents**

123. Instructional aides are used by the teacher to

- A. Glorify the class
- B. Attract the students
- C. Clarify the concepts**
- D. Ensure discipline

124. Classroom communication is normally considered as

- A. effective
- B. cognitive
- C. affective**
- D. selective



125. Nowadays, the most effective mode of learning is

- A. Self-study and Face-to-face learning
- B. e-learning
- C. Blended learning
- D. Both e-learning and blended learning**

126. “Spare the rod and spoil the child”, gives the message that

- A. punishment in the class should be banned.
- B. corporal punishment is not acceptable.
- C. undesirable behaviour must be punished.**
- D. children should be beaten with rods.

127. A teacher can be successful if he/she

- A. helps students in becoming better citizens
- B. imparts subject knowledge to students
- C. prepares students to pass the examination

D. presents the subject matter in a well-organized manner

128. An effective teaching aid is one which

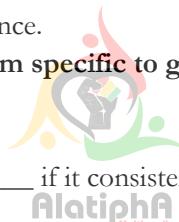
- A. is colourful and good looking
- B. activates all faculties**
- C. is visible to all students
- D. easy to prepare and use

129. In a lively classroom situation, there is likely to be

- A. occasional roars of laughter
- B. complete silence
- C. frequent teacher-student dialogue**
- D. loud discussion among students

130. Which of the following is not a principle of development?

- A. Principle of continuity.
- B. Principle of individual difference.
- C. Principle of proceeding from specific to general response.**
- D. Principle of integration.



131. An assessment is _____ if it consistently achieves the same results with the same students

- A. Valid
- B. Invalid
- C. Reliable**
- D. Unreliable

132. Which of the following is the least important aspect of the teachers' role in the guidance of learning?

- A. The provision of encouragement and moral support.
- B. The provision of continuous diagnostic and remedial help.
- C. The development of insight into what constitutes an adequate performance.
- D. The development of insight to overcome the pitfalls and obstacles.**

133. A development perspective involves concern with changes occurring over time in _____

- A. Form
- B. Rate

- C. Sequence
- D. All of these**

134. Who advocated the logical analysis of language for getting the true meaning?

- A. Bertrand Russel
- B. Morris L. Biggie
- C. G.E. Moore
- D. A.J. Ayer**

135. What is called the pre-birth stage of a child?

- A. From 0 to 2 years
- B. From 3 to 7 years
- C. From conception to birth**
- D. From 3 to 12 years

136. Use of Science and Technology in replacing existing social practices is termed as

- A. Sanskritization
- B. Modernization**
- C. Socialization
- D. Westernization



137. Mirror drawing apparatus is related to

- A. Conditioning
- B. Trial and error**
- C. Span of memory
- D. Forgetting

138. Who said that the school be made as miniature society?

- A. Dewey
- B. Skinner
- C. Herbert**
- D. Thorndike

139. Which of the following is not an accepted stage in Kohlberg's Theory of Moral Development?

- A. Interpersonal relations
- B. Individualism

C. Social contract and social rights

D. Universal principles

140. 'Metaphysics' means

- A. Physics of metals
- B. a branch of Physics
- C. Physics of weather
- D. exploring the nature of ultimate reality**

141. Research findings that explain behavior under many conditions are:

A. Generalizable

- B. Valid
- C. Reliable
- D. All of the above

142. Psychology is directly concerned with human behaviour, was said by

_____.

- A. Ivan Pavlov
- B. B. F. Skinner**
- C. Albert Bandura
- D. Edward Thorndike



143. A 9-12 month milestone in social competence is:

- A. Attending to books
- B. Engaging in joint attention**
- C. Laughing while being bounced
- D. Playing with mother

144. Which of the following is not match correctly?

- A. Classical conditioning - Pavlov
- B. Sign Gestalt learning - Tolman
- C. Learning by insight - Kohlberg
- D. Drive reduction - Skinner**

145. The period when the major organs of the body begin to form is the _____ period.

A. Embryonic

- B. Fetal

C. Germinal

D. Newborn

146. Sociology of education includes

A. Social development in the country

B. Society and its relationship with the individual

C. Communication of the individual with the society

D. Social relations by which individuals gain experience

147. Visual accommodation is the ability of the individual to:

A. See in color

B. Focus its eyes

C. See things in its room

D. Blink

148. According to Guilford's SI model, total number of factors that constitute to human intellect is

A. 60

B. 90

C. 110

D. 120



149. Who is the father of "Theory of Multiple Intelligence"?

A. Gardner

B. Vygotsky

C. Bruner

D. Piaget

150. "The individual develops through the head, the heart, and the hand", this was the educational philosophy of:

A. Pestalozzi

B. Froebel

C. Herbart

D. Comenius

151. IQ scores are generally _____ correlated with academic performance.

A. Least

B. Perfectly

C. Highly

D. Moderately

152. Which of the following philosophies are most tilted to individualism?

A. Buddhism

B. Samkhya

C. Jainism

D. None of these

153. Sign of creative child is his/her

A. Intelligence

B. Good behavior

C. Creativity

D. Good memory

154. Who propounded the 'self' theory of personality?

A. Allport

B. Roger

C. Kretschmar

D. Eysenck



155. Smallest unit of meaning in a language is

A. Syntax

B. Morpheme

C. Pragmatics

D. Phoneme

156. The trial and error method of instruction is best enhanced by:

A. the developmental lesson

B. programmed instruction

C. role playing

D. independent study

157. The most important quality of an effective teacher is

A. Deep knowledge about the subject taught

B. A strict disciplinarian

C. Good rapport with the students

D. A good motivator

158. Good reading aims at developing:

- A. understanding**
- B. pronunciation
- C. sensitivity
- D. increasing factual knowledge

159. Which indicates the change in the quality or character of a child

- A. Growth
- B. Development**
- C. Learning
- D. Environment

160. Creativity refers to:

- A. A new production**
- B. Raw production
- C. Repetition
- D. All the above



161. Who gives more stress to the philosophy of social constructivism?

- A. Piaget
- B. Vygotsky**
- C. Kohlberg
- D. Dewey

162. Socialization is a course of by which youngsters and adults study from

- A. Family**
- B. School
- C. Peers
- D. All of those

163. Which of the following does not belong to the categories of Coping strategies that women commonly engaged in _____

- A. Acceptance
- B. Resistance
- C. Revolution [Correct Answer]

D. Adaptation

164. If a child writes 16 as 61 and gets confused between Band D, this is case of–

- A. Visual Impairment

B. Learning Disability

- C. Mental Impairment

- D. Mental Retardation

165. It is said that teacher should be resourceful. This means that–

- A. He should have enough money and property so that he may not have to take up tuitions

- B. He should have contacts with high authorities so that he may not be harmed

C. He should have adequate knowledge so that he may be able to solve the problems of students

- D. He should have good reputation among students so that authorities may not be able to take any punitive measure against him

166. In co-education, you want to:

- A. make separate rows of boys and girls

- B. you give preference to boys over girls

- C. you give preference to none

D. you deal according to need



167. One of the students of a class hardly talks in the class. How would you encourage him to express himself?

- A. By organising discussions

- B. encouraging children to take part in classroom activities

C. By organizing educational games/programmes in which - children feel like speaking

- D. By giving good marks to those who express themselves well

168. In the process of learning, motivation.

- A. sharpens the memory of learners

- B. differentiates new learning from old learning

- C. makes learners think unidirectionally

D. creates interest for learning among new learners

169. What is most important while writing on blackboard?

- A. Good writing**
- B. Clarity in writing
- C. Writing in big letters
- D. Writing in small letters

170. The purpose of basic education scheme is—

- A. universalization of primary education
- B. to vocationalise the education
- C. to fulfil basic need of persons through education**
- D. to make education compulsory for all

171. Which one of the following does not contribute to memory?

- A. Interesting/disinteresting learning material
- B. Goal behind learning
- C. Gender**
- D. Some rest after resting



172. If level of imaginary fear (worry) is more than normal it is termed as:

- A. anxiety**
- B. tension
- C. depression
- D. none of these

173. A teacher can use Gestalt theory in which of the following situations?

- A. Students of higher classes who are able to perceive abstract material
- B. Organising the subject matter systematically according to its structure
- C. Clarifying the purpose before the start of teaching in the class
- D. All of the above [Correct Answer]

174. When is the sex of a child determined?

- A. 3 months after conception
- B. At the time of mating or conception**
- C. 6 months after conception
- D. 8 months after conception

175. According to Psychology, all education is

- A. Deliberate

- B. Conscious
- C. Functional
- D. Self-education**

176. The essential object for the full development of young ones is

- A. Games and Sports**
- B. Cultural Programme
- C. Cultural Knowledge
- D. Religious Education

177. The theory that we all experience a series of developmental crisis throughout our lives was proposed by:

- A. Frued
- B. Adler
- C. Sheldon
- D. Erickson**

178. Operant conditioning is associated with:

- A. Pavlov
- B. Skinner**
- C. Hull
- D. Miller



179. Defence mechanisms are created by the:

- A. Id
- B. Ego**
- C. Super ego
- D. Consciousness

180. Techniques used by a teacher to teach include

- A. Lecture and Interactive lecture
- B. Group work
- C. Self-study
- D. All of these**

181. In the classroom, the teacher sends the message either as words or images. The students are really

- A. Encoders

B. Decoders

- C. Agitators
- D. Propagators

182. The most appropriate meaning of learning is

- A. Acquisition of skills

B. Modification of behaviour

- C. Personal adjustment
- D. Inculcation of knowledge

183. “A diagram speaks more than 1000 words”. The statement means that the teacher should

- A. use diagrams in teaching.
- B. speak more and more in the class.

C. use teaching aids in the class.

- D. not speak too much in the class.



184. According to Psychology, all education is

- A. Deliberate
- B. Functional
- C. Purposive
- D. Self -education**

185. Which of the following does not belong to a projected aid?

- A. Overhead projector
- B. Blackboard**
- C. Epidiascope
- D. Slide projector

186. What turns the single fertilized egg into a full-fledged adult?

- A. Parent's nourishment.
- B. Environment.
- C. Cycle of the growth and development.**
- D. Interaction with the outside world

187. When some students are deliberately attempting to disturb the discipline of the class by making mischief, what will be your role as a teacher?

- A. Expelling those students.

- B. Isolate those students.
- C. Reform the group with your authority.
- D. Giving them an opportunity for introspection and improve their behaviour.**

188. What does intellectual development include?

- A. The development of mind.
- B. Development of thinking, reasoning and interest perception.**
- C. Development of skills.
- D. Development of emotions.

189. Moral values can be effectively inculcated among the students when the teacher

- A. frequently talks about values
- B. himself practices them**
- C. tells stories of great persons
- D. talks of Gods and Goddesses



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190. The most difficult age for the development of a child is -

- A. Early childhood
- B. Teen age**
- C. Young age
- D. Adult age

191. At lower classes play-way method of teaching is based on

- A. theory of physical education programmes
- B. principles of methods of teaching
- C. psychological principles of development and growth**
- D. sociological principles of teaching

192. A problem child has

- A. Pampering guardians**
- B. Hereditary problems
- C. IQ problems
- D. Physical problems

193. Statement that not match correct:

- A. Tagore - Child is more, important than all kinds of books

B. Vivekananda - Yoga as a method of education

C. Mahatma Gandhi - The doctrine of dharma

D. Buddhism - The doctrine of karma

194. The difference between classical conditioning and operant conditioning is:

A. Classical conditioning is based on consequences of an event while operant conditioning is based on repeated pairings of two events

B. Classical conditioning is based on repeated pairings of two events while operant conditioning is based on the consequences of an event

C. Whether or not the infant likes the reward

D. Classical conditioning uses motor behavior but operant conditioning uses any behavior

195. Psycho-analytic approach of counselling was first introduced by

A. Freud

B. Jung

C. Adler

D. None of these



196. Temperament is considered:

A. A relatively unchanging style of interacting with the environment

B. An important indicator of cognitive potential

C. A dynamic characteristic that develops over time

D. To be determined by interactions with the social environment

197. Who propounded Self Theory of Personality?

A. Eysenck

B. Kretschmer

C. Roger

D. Allport

198. Teratogens are those agents which:

A. Adversely affect development

B. Support development

C. Improve development

D. Have no effect on development

199. Individual psychology of personality was given by

- A. A. Adler**
- B. Eysenck
- C. Jung
- D. None of these

200. What is the principle of anticipation?

- A. The child anticipates his growth.
- B. He is more concerned about his growth.
- C. He modifies his behaviour anticipating his future career.**
- D. None of the above.

201. “Reverse the usual practice and you will almost always do right” was the dictum of

- A. Mahatma Gandhi
- B. Rousseau**
- C. Plato
- D. Dewey



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202. Language of word is not necessary for

- A. Imaginative Thinking**
- B. Conceptual Thinking
- C. Associative Thinking
- D. Perceptual Thinking

203. Who had suggested that questions are a powerful means of triggering thinking and can lead people from “unconscious ignorance to conscious ignorance”?

- A. Plato
- B. Aristotle
- C. Socrates**
- D. Chanakya

204. Adolescents may experience

- A. feeling of self-actualization**
- B. feeling of satiation about life
- C. anxiety and concern about themselves

D. feeling of fear about sins committed in childhood

205. The teacher has been glorified by the phrase – “Friend, Philosopher and Guide” because

A. He transfuses the high values of the humanity into young ones sitting in the classroom.

B. He has to play all these vital roles in the context of the society

C. He is a great reformer and patriotic saviour of a nation.

D. All of these

206. A group of students are found to be harassing another student. What should be your reaction?

A. Punish the students

B. Send to their parents

C. Counsel the students individually

D. Give them a severe warning



207. According to Piaget, at what stage does abstract thinking begin to develop?

A. Formal operational

B. Concrete operational

C. Sensory motor

D. Pre-operational

208. The period of sensory motor adaptation of Piaget is_____

A. 0-2 years

B. 1-3 years

C. 3-5 years

D. 4-6 years

209. In operant conditioning the reinforcement is contingent upon

A. Nature of the stimulus

B. Nature of the response

C. Both (A) and (B)

D. None of these

210. Performance of a student can be evaluated in the best possible manner through

A. Weekly tests

- B. Annually tests
- C. An on-going overall assessment throughout the year**
- D. monthly tests

211. Intelligence Quotient is computed by which of the following formula?

- A. M.A. / C.A. × 100**
- B. M.A. / 100 × C.A.
- C. C.A. / M.A. × 100
- D. C.A. / 100 × M.A.

212. Which one of the following statements is correct?

- A. Syllabus is an annexure to the curriculum.
- B. Curriculum is the same in all educational institutions.
- C. Curriculum includes both formal, and informal education.**
- D. Curriculum does not include methods of evaluation.

213. The great sociologist who held the view that “education doesn’t bring about social change; rather the social change results into an educational change” was

- A. Durkheim**
- B. McDougal
- C. Dewey
- D. Aristotle



214. The process whereby the genetic factors limit an individual's responsiveness to the environment is known as

- A. Canalization
- B. Discontinuity
- C. Differentiation
- D. Range of reaction**

215. Intelligence level of gifted students is:

- A. 90 and above
- B. 110 and above
- C. 140 and above**
- D. None of the above

216. Gardner formulated a list of Seven Intelligences, which among the following is not one of them?

- A. Spatial Intelligence
- B. Emotional Intelligence**
- C. Interpersonal Intelligence
- D. Linguistic Intelligence

217. Who emphasized that the aim of education should be the development in children the feeling of international brotherhood and attitude of international understanding?

- A. Rousseau
- B. Dewey
- C. Tagore**
- D. Mahatma Gandhi

218. Special education is related to _____

- A. Educational for talented students
- B. Educational programmes for disabled**
- C. Training programmes for Teachers
- D. Training programme for retarded

219. Kindergarten (KG) system of education is indebted to

- A. Spencer
- B. Froebel**
- C. Dewey
- D. Plato



220. An intelligent student is not doing well in studies. What is the best course of the action for the teacher?

- A. Wait till he performs better
- B. Find out reason for his under achievement**
- C. Give him grace marks in the examination
- D. Ask his parents to withdraw from school

221. It takes a maturation of months for the child to take his first step in walking.

- A. 5 to 6
- B. 10 to 12**
- C. 4 to 5
- D. 0 to 2

222. Absenteeism can be tackled by:

- A. teaching
- B. punishing the students
- C. giving the sweets
- D. contacting the parents**

223. Psychology is directly concerned with human behaviour, was said by

_____.

- A. Ivan Pavlov
- B. B. F. Skinner**
- C. Albert Bandura
- D. Edward Thorndike

224. Good reading aims at developing:

- A. understanding**
- B. pronunciation
- C. sensitivity
- D. increasing factual knowledge



225. At lower classes play-way method of teaching is based on

- A. theory of physical education programmes
- B. principles of methods of teaching
- C. psychological principles of development and growth**
- D. sociological principles of teaching

226. At primary level, it is better to teach in mother language because—

- A. it develops self-confidence in children
- B. it makes learning easy
- C. it is helpful in intellectual development
- D. it helps children in learning in natural atmosphere**

227. The success of teacher is—

- A. high achievement of students
- B. good traits of his/her personality
- C. his/her good teaching [Correct Answer]
- D. his/her good character

228. A/An _____ assessment is one which measures what it is intended to measure

- A. Valid**
- B. Unvalid
- C. Reliable
- D. Unreliable

229. In a study on scaling of attitude items, eleven statements were included. What would be the number of pairs of attitude statements?

- A. 21
- B. 55**
- C. 110
- D. 221

230. Which one of theories of intelligence advocates the presence of general intelligence 'g' and specific intelligence's?

- A. Anarchic theory
- B. Guilford's theory of intellect
- C. Spearman's two factor theory**
- D. Vernon's hierarchical theory



231. Which of the following is the true statement in reference to Intelligence?

- A. Intelligence is the ability to adjust
- B. Intelligence is the ability to learn
- C. Intelligence is the ability of Abstract Reasoning
- D. All of these**

232. Which age is called the adolescent age of a child?

- A. From 3 to 12 yrs.
- B. From 13 to 19 yrs.**
- C. From 20 to 25 yrs.
- D. From 26 to 35 yrs.

233. Which of the following measures should be adopted to check educational backwardness?

- A. Continuous evaluation and regular feedback
- B. Remedial teaching
- C. Adjustment and behaviour training

D. All of the above

234. Strains and disparities appears in the child's personality on account of
A. Social disadjustment
B. Bad environment

C. Parents psychological behavior towards the child

D. Parents aggressive behavior in front of the child

235. Medieval period was dominated by education.

A. Vedic

B. Buddhist

C. Islamic

D. None of the above

236. Which of the following is not considered a factor of cognition?

A. Fear

B. Retreat

C. Anger

D. Hunger



237. Mental deficiency indicates I.Q. ranges.....

A. 25 to 50

B. 50 to 70

C. 0 to 70

D. 0 to 100

238. It is important that basic sensory capacities are developing properly because:

A. They are the basis for learning

B. If not, emotional development may be comprised

C. Social interaction depends on them

D. All of the above

239. The id draws its psychic energy from:

A. Outer reality

B. Bodily instincts

C. The ego

D. The super ego

240. Cortisol is:

- A. A hormone released by the pituitary gland in response to stress
- B. A hormone released by the adrenal glands in response to sunlight
- C. A hormone released by the adrenal glands in response to stress**
- D. A hormone produced in the liver and stored in the gall bladder

241. Endocrine glands are called:

- A. Nerve glands
- B. Adrenal gland
- C. Ductless glands**
- D. Gonad glands

242. How does the development of the body during the prenatal period proceed?

- A. At the same rate all over
- B. Parts nearer the feet develop first
- C. Parts near the head develop first**
- D. Parts near the heart develop first



243. The short term memory can hold how many items at one time?

- A. 7 (plus or minus) 2**
- B. 10 (plus or minus) 2
- C. 10 (plus or minus) 5
- D. 5

244. Single factor theory of intelligence was given by _____

- A. Alfred Binet**
- B. Thorndike
- C. Freeman
- D. None of them

245. Which of the following is the highest level of cognitive ability

- A. Knowing**
- B. Understanding
- C. Analysing
- D. Evaluating

246. Nature of children are like

- A. Imitative**

- B. Constructive
- C. Imaginative
- D. Destructive

247. Attitude of the teacher that affects teaching pertains to

- A. Affective domain**
- B. Cognitive domain
- C. Conative domain
- D. Psychomotor domain

248. The raw material of thinking is

- A. Symbols**
- B. Semantics
- C. Man
- D. Child

249. Who among the following propounded the concept of paradigm?

- A. Peter Haggett
- B. Von Thunen
- C. Thomas Kuhn**
- D. John K. Wright



250. Intelligence testing is useful for knowing _____

- A. Individual difference
- B. Mental retardation
- C. Educational backwardness
- D. All of these**

251. At the primary school stage, most of the teachers should be women because they

- A. can teach children better than men.
- B. know basic content better than men.
- C. are available on lower salaries.
- D. can deal with children with love and affection.**

252. Questioning in the class-room

- A. Clarifies the subject-matter**
- B. Develops inactivity

- C. Is a wastage of time
- D. Creates indiscipline

253. The type of communication that the teacher has in the classroom, is termed as

- A. Interpersonal
- B. Mass communication
- C. Group communication**
- D. Face-to-face communication

254. Who is the father of genetic epistemology?

- A. Piaget**
- B. Kohlberg
- C. Dewey
- D. Bruner

255. Dynamic approach to teaching means

- A. Teaching should be forceful and effective
- B. Teachers should be energetic and dynamic
- C. The topics of teaching should not be static, but dynamic
- D. The students should be required to learn through activities**



256. Which one of many following is the true assertion similar to Cephalocaudal Principle of Child's Development?

- A. Development is from head to foot**
- B. Development is from foot to go
- C. Development is from center to periphery
- D. None of those

257. Those teachers are popular among students who

- A. develop intimacy with them
- B. help them solve their problems**
- C. award good grades
- D. take classes on extra tuition fee

258. What should be the role of teacher in meeting the individual differences?

- A. Try to know the abilities, interest and aptitude of individuals
- B. Try to adjust the curriculum as per the needs of individuals

C. Both (A) and (B)

D. None of these

259. If a parent approaches the teacher to do some favour to his/her ward in the examination, the teacher should

- A. try to help him
- B. ask him not to talk in those terms
- C. refuse politely and firmly**
- D. ask him rudely to go away

260. As a teacher what techniques you would follow to motivate students of your class—

- A. By setting induction and Use of black board
- B. By illustration
- C. By active participation of students
- D. All of these**

261. Development of language in children, according to B.F. Skinner, is the result of

- A. Imitation and reinforcement**
- B. Maturation
- C. Training in grammar
- D. Innate abilities



262. Which of the following Motives are considered as primary motives?

- A. Physiological Motives**
- B. Psychological Motives
- C. Social Motives
- D. Educational Motives

263. Which of the following qualities of a teacher will be liked most by you?

- A. Compassion**
- B. Entertaining
- C. Idealistic philosophy
- D. Discipline

264. The stage in which a child begins to think logically about objects and events is known as

- A. sensory-motor stage
- B. formal operational stage
- C. pre-operational stage**
- D. concrete operational stage

265. Sociology of Education is

- A. A study of the Society
- B. An analysis of Sociological processes involved in the institutions of Education.**
- C. A science which studies primitive societies.
- D. A branch of Anthropology

266. A student of grade 5 with visual deficiency should be

- A. excused to do a lower level of work
- B. helped with his/her routine work by parents and friends
- C. treated normally in the classroom and provided support through audio CDs**
- D. given special treatment in the classroom

267. The process of imbibing one's own culture in one's personality is termed as

- A. Socialization
- B. Sanskritization
- C. Acculturation
- D. Enculturation**



268. Some students send a greeting card to you on teacher's day. What will you do? You will _____

- A. do nothing
- B. say thanks to them**
- C. ask them to not to waste money
- D. reciprocate the good wishes to them

269. Who said that "Material and spiritual knowledge is already present in man covered by a curtain of ignorance"?

- A. Vivekananda**
- B. Mahatma Gandhi
- C. Tagore
- D. Plato

270. You are teaching a topic in class and a student ask a question unrelated to the topic. What will you do?

- A. you will allow him to ask unrelated question
- B. you will not allow him to ask unrelated question
- C. you will consider it indiscipline and punish him
- D. you will answer the question after the class**

271. Introspection method lacks in

- A. Validity
- B. Reliability
- C. Objectivity
- D. All of these**

272. In terms of efficiency in scanning information, which one of the following strategies is considered be the best?

- A. Conservative focusing**
- B. Focus gambling
- C. Simultaneous scanning
- D. Successive scanning



273. The four fold valuation of Indian culture (Catu puru artha), when arranged in an ascending hierarchy in terms of the height of values, will constitute which of the following orders?

- A. Artha, Kama, Dharma, Moksha**
- B. Moksha, Dharma, Kama, Artha
- C. Dharma, Artha, Kama, Moksha
- D. Artha, Dharma, Kama, Moksha

274. All are the characteristics of learning except:

- A. learning is the process of the organism
- B. learning is a process relating to educating environment**
- C. learning is a result of practice
- D. learning reinforces further learning

275. Which one of the following is appropriate in respect of teacher student relationship?

- A. Very informal and intimate

B. Limited to classroom only

C. Cordial and respectful

D. Indifferent

276. Who studied statistical study of the transmission of various traits?

A. Lamarck

B. Darwin

C. Galton

D. Weismann

277. 'Mirambaka' – The school based on ideas of free progress education was advocated by

A. Aurobindo

B. M.K. Gandhi

C. John Dewey

D. Vivekanand

278. Who among the following was the first man to describe 'Null Hypothesis'?

A. William James

B. Raymond Dodge

C. Ronald Fisher

D. Freud



279. Inclusive education is about

A. making provision for all children

B. welcoming and celebrating diversity

C. both (A) and (B)

D. none of these

280. If you wish to maintain a sweet relation with others, the important tool for you is

A. to praise them always.

B. to invite them to your place and to go to theirs.

C. to ignore their mistakes.

D. to trust them honestly.

281. Which of the following is the incorrect pair?

A. Theory of Instinct -Freud

- B. Drive Reduction Theory - Hall
- C. Social urges Theory - Adler
- D. Self-Actualization Theory - Maslow**

282. The morality of self-accepted principles was proposed by:

- A. Piaget
- B. Erickson
- C. Kohlberg**
- D. Bandura

283. The Rosarch Inkblot test consists of

- A. Ten black and ten white cards
- B. Five black and five coloured cards
- C. Five black and white & five multi-coloured cards**
- D. Ten multi-coloured cards

284. Long Term Memory may last for:

- A. 5 seconds
- B. 30 seconds
- C. Days, Months, Years**
- D. None of these



285. 'The great sociologists who held the view that education does not bring about social change, rather the social change results into an educational change' was

- A. Dewey
- B. Mc Dougall
- C. Durkheim**
- D. Aristotle

286. A developmental hault due to frustration and anxiety is referred to as:

- A. Depression
- B. Fixation**
- C. Regression
- D. Learned helplessness

287. The evaluation of personality is best made through the use of an:

- A. survey test

- B. inventory test
- C. projective test**
- D. preference test

288. Achievement tests are commonly used for the purpose of

- A. Making selections for a specific job
- B. Selecting candidates for a course
- C. Identifying strengths and weaknesses of learners
- D. Assessing the amount of learning after teaching**

289. International Institute of Educational Planning is at

- A. Paris**
- B. New Delhi
- C. London
- D. New York

290. A smart classroom is a teaching space which has

- A. Smart portion with a touch panel control system and Projector and screen
- B. PC/Laptop connection and DVD/VCR player
- C. Document camera and specialized software
- D. All of these**



291. The creative potential can be improved by:

- A. Proper Training**
- B. Competitive feeling
- C. Activity
- D. Punishment

292. The evolutionary perspective looks at developmental changes through the lens of

- A. Their adaptive value**
- B. The unconscious
- C. Cognitive restructuring
- D. Learning

293. For an efficient and durable learning, learner should have

- A. ability to learn only
- B. requisite level of motivation only

C. opportunities to learn only

D. desired level of ability and motivation

294. For a teacher, which of the following methods would be correct for writing on the blackboard?

A. Writing fast and as clearly as possible.

B. Writing the matter first and then asking students to read it.

C. Asking a question to students and then writing the answer as stated by them.

D. Writing the important points as clearly as possible.

295. The use of technology to enhance learning process is called _____ in education.

A. IT

B. ICT

C. Information Technology

D. Communication Technology



296. Which of the following belongs to a projected aid?

A. Blackboard

B. Diorama

C. Epidiascope

D. Globe

297. The thinking process involved in producing an idea or concept that is new, original and useful is termed as—

A. Creativity

B. Innovation

C. Intelligence

D. Synectics

298. Some students in a class exhibit great curiosity for learning. It may be because such children

A. Are gifted

B. Come from rich families

C. Show artificial behaviour

D. Create indiscipline in the class

299. What factor influence a healthy growth of a child

- A. One way love
- B. Parent's balanced behavior**
- C. According to environment
- D. Good food

300. Research has shown that the most frequent symptom of nervous instability among teachers is

- A. Digestive upsets
- B. Explosive behaviour**
- C. Fatigue
- D. Worry

301. An ideal teacher should concentrate

- A. On teaching methods
- B. On the subject being taught
- C. On students and their behaviours
- D. On all of these**

302. Purpose of creation of the universe and its relation to man and god is discussed in

- A. Epistemology
- B. Ethics
- C. Metaphysics**
- D. None of these



303. Habituation:

- A. Develops through interpersonal interaction
- B. Relies on good vision
- C. Is based on the fact that attention declines as an event is presented repeatedly**
- D. Is important for development of sucking

304. Who advocated the creation of a classless society?

- A. Auguste Comte
- B. Karl Marx**
- C. Plato
- D. M.K. Gandhi

305. Stress reactivity refers to:

- A. The initial behavioral and physiological response to a stressful event**
- B. The time that it takes to return to a calm state following a stressful event
- C. A mother's response to an infant's distress
- D. All of the above

306. Which of the following theories is most quantitatively measurable?

- A. Skinner's
- B. Pavlov's
- C. Hull's**
- D. None of these

307. After fertilization the brain begins to develop at:

- A. 8 days
- B. 18 days**
- C. 8 weeks
- D. 18 weeks

308. Who is the exponent of experience centered curriculum?

- A. John Dewey**
- B. Parker
- C. Froebel
- D. Stevenson



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309. Which indicates the change in the quality or character of a child?

- A. Growth
- B. Development**
- C. Learning
- D. Environment

310. Child centred education means

- A. education geared to child's needs and aspiration.**
- B. education liked by children.
- C. education liked both by children and teachers
- D. education considered worthwhile and desirable by those who have a concern for their development.

311. Theory of multiple intelligence implies the following except

- A. intelligence is a distinct set of processing operations used by an individual to solve problems.
- B. disciplines should be presented in a number of ways
- C. learning could be assessed through a variety of means
- D. emotional intelligence is not related to IQ**

312. The use of media either sequentially or simultaneously in a single communication is called as

- A. Web Aided Instruction
- B. Technology Aided Instruction
- C. Computer Assisted Instruction
- D. Multi-media Instruction**

313. What is the unit of Heredity?

- A. Chromosome
- B. Gene**
- C. Fertilized cell
- D. Zygote



314. Which of the following is the incorrect pair?

- A. Sign Theory of Learning – Tolman
- B. Social Learning Theory – Bruner**
- C. Trial and error Theory – Thorndike
- D. Field Theory of Learning – Lewin

315. The process of expansion of an individual's capacities quantitatively, should be termed as:

- A. Development**
- B. Growth
- C. Equilibration
- D. Maturation

316. During the first year of life a child's height increases by about:

- A. 0.1
- B. 0.2
- C. 0.4
- D. 0.5**

317. When a child 'fails', it means

- A. the child has not memorized the answers properly
- B. the child should have taken private tuition
- C. the system has failed**
- D. the child is not fit for studies

318. Delinquency is committed by the children of the age group

- A. 6 – 14 years
- B. 9 – 19 years
- C. 7 – 15 years**
- D. 8 – 18 years

319. Single Factor Theory of Intelligence was given by

- A. Alfred Binet**
- B. Thorndike
- C. Freeman
- D. None of them

320. Which of the following is the incorrect pair?

- A. Gandhi - Wardha Scheme
- B. Tagore - Shantiniketan
- C. Aurbindo - Integral Yoga
- D. Vivekananda - Gurukul**



321. The best method to study growth and development of the child is–

- A. Psychoanalytic Method
- B. Comparative Method
- C. Developmental Method**
- D. Statistical Method

322. The best definition of Educational Psychology is a study of teaching and learning” has been given by

- A. W. Kolesnik
- B. James Ross
- C. Charles E. Skinner**
- D. N.L. Munn

323. According to whom “Educational Psychology is the Science of Education”?

- A. Skinner
- B. Pillsburg
- C. Crow and Crow
- D. Peel**

324. If a child has mental age of 5 years and chronological age of 4 years than what will be the IQ of child?

- A. 125**
- B. 80
- C. 100
- D. 120

325. What is meant by growth in the strict sense of the terminology of psychology?

- A. It is the mental growth of a child.
- B. It is the increase in size, weight and height.**
- C. It is related to the functions of the body.
- D. All of the above.



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326. Distance education is not

- A. De-schooling
- B. Telemetric teaching
- C. Distance study
- D. Work oriented education**

327. What are the factors related to learner that affects the learning?

- A. Physical and Mental health of the learner
- B. Level of aspiration and achievement motivation
- C. Readiness and Willpower
- D. All of these [Correct Answer]**

328. How many words does a child learn to speak at the age of 2, according to Prof. Smith?

- A. 150 words
- B. 372 words
- C. 172 words
- D. 272 words**

329. According to John Bowlby, children become depressed as a result of

- A. self-devaluating cognitive schema
- B. exposure to prolonged, uncontrollable negative experiences
- C. Insecure attachments**
- D. living with depressed parents

330. Heredity and atmosphere are correlate

- A. Companions
- B. Dependent
- C. Elders
- D. All of these**

331. Four distinct stages of children's intellectual development were identified by

- A. Kohlberg
- B. Erikson
- C. Skinner
- D. Piaget**

332. A research technique in which researchers obtain information about an infant's spontaneous behavior is:

- A. Standardized developmental testing
- B. Experimental designs
- C. Naturalistic observation**
- D. Newborn neurobehavioral exams

333. Most important work of teacher is—

- A. to organize teaching work**
- B. to deliver lecture in class
- C. to take care of children
- D. to evaluate the students

334. Infants of mothers who are responsive:

- A. Learn to expect this
- B. Get upset when mothers are not responsive
- C. Use their mothers for security
- D. All of the above**

335. A student comes late in your class. Then you will—

- A. inform to parents
- B. punish him
- C. try to know the reason**
- D. not pay attention there

336. Temperament is measured using:

- A. Parent questionnaires
- B. Infant observation
- C. Experimental procedures
- D. All of the above**

337. If you are unable to get a job of teacher, then you will—

- A. start giving tuition at home
- B. remain at home till you get a job
- C. take some another job
- D. continue applying for teaching**

338. At which time period is the body most sensitive to disruption of growth?

- A. Germinal
- B. Embryonic**
- C. Fetal
- D. All equally



339. In retrograde amnesia, which of the following kind of problem is seen:

- A. Problem with recalling previously learned material**
- B. Problem with face recognition
- C. Difficulty finding routes
- D. Poor encoding of verbal material

340. Learning depends on cognitive development

- A. Always**
- B. Some Times
- C. Never
- D. In calculation

341. The normal twelve –year –old child is most likely to:

- A. confine his/her interests to the here and now
- B. be eager for peer approval**

- C. have difficulty with gross motor coordination
- D. have anxiety feelings about pleasing adults

342. The best method of teaching is to

- A. impart information
- B. ask students to read books
- C. suggest good reference material
- D. initiate a discussion and participate in it**

343. In the conditioning approach to learning:

- A. The natural stimulus follows the unnatural stimulus.
- B. The subject should be in readiness to receive the unnatural stimulus.
- C. The unnatural stimulus follows the natural stimulus.**
- D. Response to natural stimulus required to be reinforced.

344. Which of the following qualities is most essential for a teacher?

- A. He should be a learned person.
- B. He should be a well-dressed person.
- C. He should have patience.**
- D. He should be an expert in his subject.



345. Which of the following is the incorrect pair?

- A. "World as it is here and now" - Realism
- B. Learning by doing - Existentialism**
- C. Education through Environment - Naturalism
- D. Realization of truth, beauty and goodness - Idealism

346. What is meant by Schema?

- A. Chunking mechanisms
- B. Learning techniques
- C. Organized packets of information stored in long-term memory**
- D. Defense mechanisms

347. A hypothesis of 'No Difference' is called:

- A. Experimental hypothesis
- B. Research hypothesis
- C. Null hypothesis**
- D. None of these

348. Who is the father of genetic epistemology?

- A. Piaget**
- B. Bruner
- C. Vygotsky
- D. Dewey

349. Evaluation' is the stage of:

- A. Divergent thinking
- B. Convergent thinking
- C. Creative thinking**
- D. None of these

350. One of the ways to deal with the development of sexuality in children during puberty is defense mechanism, like

- A. Sublimation**
- B. Projection
- C. Compensation
- D. Rationalization



351. Which one of the following problems would require divergent thinking?

- A. Adding a column of numbers.
- B. Deciding whether to turn left or right at an intersection while driving a car.
- C. Choosing the best move in a card game.**
- D. Repairing a broken type-writer.

352. "Child growth as proceeding through an organized sequence of stages divided roughly by age" in view.....

- A. Kohlberg
- B. Piaget**
- C. Vygotsky
- D. Skinner

353. A good teacher is one who

- A. gives useful information
- B. explains concepts and principles
- C. gives printed notes to students
- D. inspires students to learn**

354. The current movement of behaviour modification, wherein tokens are awarded for correct responses, is

- A. Herbart's five steps
- B. Lock's Tabula rasa
- C. Thorndike's Law of Effect**
- D. Thorndike's Law of Exercise

355. Which one of the following is considered a sign of motivated teaching?

- A. Students asking questions**
- B. Maximum attendance of the students
- C. Pin drop silence in the classroom
- D. Students taking notes

356. Which of the following is the true statement in reference to Intelligence?

- A. Intelligence is the ability to adjust
- B. Intelligence is the ability to learn
- C. Intelligence is the ability of Abstract Reasoning
- D. All of these**



357. Teacher's role at higher education

- A. provide information to students.
- B. promote self-learning in students.**
- C. encourage healthy competition among students.
- D. help students to solve their problems.

358. In CCE, Formative and Summative Assessment totals to—

- A. 40% and 60% respectively**
- B. 60% and 40% respectively
- C. 50% and 50% respectively
- D. None of these

359. Classroom communication must be

- A. Teacher centric
- B. Student centric**
- C. General centric
- D. Textbook centric

360. The philosopher who worked in mathematical and scientific didactics was?

- A. Jean Piaget
- B. John Dewey
- C. Martin Wagenschein**
- D. Lev Vygotsky

361. The term Identical Elements is closely associated with–

- A. Similar test questions
- B. Jealousy between peers
- C. Transfer of learning**
- D. Group Instructions

362. A teacher is said to be fluent in asking questions, if he can ask

- A. meaningful questions**
- B. as many questions as possible
- C. maximum number of questions in a fixed time
- D. many meaningful questions in a fixed time

363. Which of the following is NOT an example of discrete variable?

- A. Age**
- B. Gender
- C. Marital status
- D. Place of residence



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364. Discipline means:

- A. strict-behaviour
- B. severe punishment
- C. obedience
- D. going by the rules**

365. The most important quality of a good teacher is

- A. Sound knowledge of subject matter**
- B. Good communication skills
- C. Concern for students' welfare
- D. Effective leadership qualities

366. If a mother shows much love, then a child's personality will develop

- A. One way**

- B. Two way
- C. Multi dimension
- D. Abnormal way

367. The primary duty of a teacher is to be responsible to his/her:

- A. family
- B. students**
- C. society
- D. nation

368. Research has shown that the most frequent symptom of nervous instability among teachers is

- A. Digestive upsets
- B. Explosive behaviour**
- C. Fatigue
- D. Worry

369. The motive of the concept of curricular flexibility is to benefit

- A. Disabled students**
- B. Minority students
- C. Reserved castes
- D. All of these



370. Dyslexia is associated with

- A. mental disorder
- B. mathematical disorder
- C. reading disorder**
- D. behavioural disorder

371. Which of the following agency regulates education?

- A. School
- B. Library
- C. Church
- D. State**

372. The Bayley Scales of Infant Development:

- A. Are the most widely used method of assessing infant developmental level
- B. Indicates an infant's abilities relative to others of the same age

C. Measures mental and motor capacities

D. All of the above

373. Women are better teacher at primary level because—

A. they behave more patiently with children

B. they are ready to work with low salary

C. higher qualification is not needed in this profession

D. they have less chances in other profession

374. The Vedas teach us that

A. Creation is without beginning

B. Creation is without an end.

C. Creation has a definite beginning and also an end.

D. Creation is without beginning and without an end.

375. Vagal tone has been used as a measure of physiological regulation because:

A. It measures the parasympathetic nervous system

B. It's non-invasive

C. It's related to control by the brain of heart rate in response to arousal

D. All of the above

376. A Deepawali fair is being organized in your school. What would you like to do?

A. only to visit the fair

B. to take part in function

C. to take a shop to sell something

D. to distribute free water to visitors

377. There are three phases of teaching given by P. Jackson, which of the following is incorrect one?

A. Pre-active phase

B. Interactive phase

C. Post-active phase

D. Underactive phase

378. The part of the brain that develops first is the:

A. Cerebral cortex

B. Neocortex

C. Midbrain

D. Hindbrain

379. Who first attempted to describe personality traits in terms of Lexican descriptors?

A. Ross Stagner

B. Allport and Odber

C. R. B. Cattell

D. Coasta and McCrae

380. Solomon's Four Group design falls under

A. Pre-experimental design

B. True-experimental design

C. Quasi-experimental design

D. Factorial design

381. Which of the following statement is not appropriate to motivation as a process

A. It causes a person to move towards a goal

B. It satisfies the person's biological needs

C. It helps in achieving a psychological ambition

D. It keeps away from an unpleasant situation

382. Which of the following does not belong to the categories of coping strategies that women commonly engaged

A. Acceptance

B. Resistance

C. Revolution

D. Adaptation

383. Those whose educational philosophy is rooted in pragmatism

A. accept the stimulus response theory of learning.

B. claim that knowledge is tentative, truth is relative.

C. reject the scientific method of experimentation.

D. maintain that complete objectivity is possible.

384. Gifted students are

A. non-assertive of their needs

B. independent in their judgments

- C. independent of teachers
- D. introvert in nature

385. What is the narrow concept of heredity?

- A. Offspring of a man will be a child not a dog.**
- B. Offspring will have the same traits as those of parents
- C. Offspring will not have the traits of parents
- D. None of the above

386. What are the stages involved in a comprehensive guidance programme?

Choose the correct sequence of stages

- A. Consideration of problem, appreciating problem, referral, taking action, accepting individual
- B. Accepting individual, appreciating problem, consideration of problem, taking action, referral**
- C. Taking action, referral, appreciating problem, accepting individual, consideration of problem
- D. Appreciation of problem, accepting individual, referral, consideration of problem, taking action



387. Which one of the following is an example of a fine motor skill?

- A. Climbing
- B. Hopping
- C. Running
- D. Writing**

388. A school is a miniature.....

- A. State
- B. Family
- C. Society**
- D. Organisation

389. Which is the most effective reinforcement schedule according to operant conditioning theory of learning for stable learning?

- A. Fixed interval reinforcement
- B. Continuous reinforcement
- C. Variable ratio reinforcement**

D. Fixed ratio reinforcement

390. Teaching-Learning process fundamentally completed in

A. Class room

B. School

C. Society

D. Home

391. A child from a disorganized home will experience the greatest difficulty with

A. Well-structured lessons

B. Independent study

C. Programmed instruction

D. Work books

392. The term 'identical elements' is closely associated with:

A. jealousy between twins

B. group instruction

C. similar test questions

D. transfer of learning



393. Navodaya Schools have been established to

A. increase number of schools in rural areas

B. provide good education in rural areas

C. complete 'Sarva Shiksha Abhiyan'

D. check wastage of education in rural areas

394. Erikson proposed that trust and mistrust develops during the:

A. Anal stage

B. Genital Stage

C. Latency stage

D. Oral sensory stage

395. The two basic divisions in Schools of Indian Philosophy are

A. Orthodox and Heterodox

B. Theistic and Atheistic

C. Vedanta and Buddhism

D. Advaita and Dwaita

396. The Verstehen School of Understanding was popularised by

- A. German Social scientists**
- B. American philosophers
- C. British Academicians
- D. Italian political Analysts

397. Pituitary gland is known as:

- A. Simple gland
- B. Specific gland
- C. Master gland**
- D. None of these

398. Tests that do not require the use of language of the subjects but responses are in the form of activities are called as

- A. Performance tests**
- B. Verbal tests
- C. Non-verbal tests
- D. None of these



399. Determinants of Individual differences in human beings relate to—

- A. Differences in Environment
- B. Differences in Heredity
- C. Interaction between Heredity and Environment**
- D. Both Heredity and Environment interacting separately

400. The belief that aggression is learned is held by:

- A. Social learning theorists**
- B. Phenomenological theorists
- C. psychodynamic theorists
- D. Experimental theorists

401. The Dalton Scheme of Education is useful for which one of the following?

- A. For infants
- B. For little children
- C. For older children**
- D. For all of these

402. Which of the following is not the tool for Formative Assessment in scholastic domain?

- A. Conversation Skill
- B. Multiple Choice Question
- C. Projects**
- D. Oral Questions

403. Which of the following factors does not impact teaching

- A. Class room activities that encourage learning
- B. Socio-economic background of teachers and students**
- C. Learning through experience
- D. Teacher's knowledge

404. Which perspective stresses that development must be seen as adaptation to specific cultural demands?

- A. Psychoanalytic
- B. Ecological
- C. Behavioral
- D. Sociocultural**



405. Cognitive Development means—

- A. Development of intelligence**
- B. Development of child
- C. Development of Physical Skills
- D. Development of individual

406. "Education is the manifestation of perfection already in man" was stated by

- A. M. K. Gandhi
- B. R. N. Tagore
- C. Swami Vivekanand**
- D. Sri Aurobindo

407. "The individual develops through the head, the heart and the hand" this was the educational philosophy of

- A. Herbart
- B. Comenius
- C. Pestalozzi**
- D. Froebel

408. While delivering lecture if there is some disturbance in the class, a teacher should

- A. keep quiet for a while and then continue
- B. punish those causing disturbance
- C. motivate to teach those causing disturbance**
- D. not bother of what is happening in the class

409. Parents should play a role in the learning process of young children.

- A. negative
- B. proactive
- C. sympathetic**
- D. neutral

410. Which one is the highest order of learning?

- A. Chain learning
- B. Problem-solving learning
- C. Stimulus-response learning
- D. Conditioned-reflex learning**



411. A teacher should be _____

- A. Honest
- B. Diligent
- C. Dutiful**
- D. Punctual

412. If you get an opportunity to teach a visually challenged student along with normal students, what type of treatment would you like to give him in the class?

- A. Not giving extra attention because majority may suffer.
- B. Take care of him sympathetically in the class- room.
- C. You will think that blindness is his destiny and hence you cannot do anything.
- D. Arrange a seat in the front row and try to teach at a pace convenient to him.**

413. When the students become failed, it can be understood that—

- A. The system has failed
- B. The teachers failure
- C. The text-books failure

D. The individual student's failure

414. By which of the following methods the true evaluation of the students is possible?

A. Evaluation at the end of the course.

B. Evaluation twice in a year.

C. Continuous evaluation.

D. Formative evaluation.

415. A teacher can motivate the students by—

A. giving suitable prizes

B. giving proper guidance

C. giving examples

D. delivering speech in class

416. The essence of an effective classroom environment is

A. a variety of teaching aids

B. lively student-teacher interaction

C. pin-drop silence

D. strict discipline



417. Socialization is a process by which children and adults learn from '?

A. Family

B. School

C. Peers

D. All of these

418. Which one of the following is the most important quality of a good teacher?

A. Punctuality and sincerity

B. Content mastery

C. Content mastery and reactive

D. Content mastery and sociable

419. Guidance is a process by which an individual is helped to:

A. choose the best alternative in accordance with his potentialities and interest

B. solve his educational, vocational and personal problems effectively

C. adapt to the antagonistic environment and enjoy it

D. all of the above

420. Behaviour pattern that increases in frequency when followed by a reward is known as

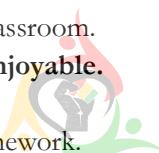
- A. Shaping
- B. Generalization
- C. Operant Conditioning**
- D. Classical Conditioning

421. As per study conducted by Galton, what ratio in heredity in an organism is due to father and mother?

- A. 0.25
- B. 0.125
- C. 0.5**
- D. 0.75

422. The most important challenge for a teacher is

- A. To maintain discipline in the classroom.
- B. To make teaching process enjoyable.**
- C. To prepare the question-bank.
- D. To make students do their homework.



423. I.Q. = M.A. / C.A. * 100

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- A. Hull
- B. Freud
- C. Binet**
- D. Spearman

424. Archimedes found the solution of his problem when he was in his bath tub. This will come under which step of process of creativity?

- A. Preparation
- B. Incubation
- C. Verification
- D. Illumination**

425. The best way to rid a boy of his misbehaviour is

- A. to punish him mercilessly.
- B. to handover the boy to the police.
- C. to educate him constantly.**

D. to criticize him for his misbehaviour.

426. According to psycho-analysis theory of personality, neurotic disorders are caused by

- A. Inactivity of libido
- B. Role of unconscious mind

C. Repression of desires

- D. All of these

427. Socialization is a/an..... process.

- A. Unconscious
- B. Occasional

C. interactional

- D. None of these

428. A baby sucking her thumb is an example of

- A. Aggression
- B. Displacement

C. Regression

- D. Withdrawal



429. During the premoral stage described by KOHLBERG'S MORAL development theory, children:

A. Think that bad behaviour is punished and good behaviour is not punished

- B. have no conception of good or bad behaviour
- C. are amoral
- D. are uncooperative

430. 'Philosophy' means

- A. A form of religion.

B. Attempt to find answer to fundamental and ultimate questions.

- C. Sophisticated arguments.
- D. Consoling oneself while facing disappointments in life.

431. Which is an advantage of group testing?

- A. Reduction of cost
- B. More reliable norms

C. More objective scoring

D. All of the above

432. Who defined sociology of education as ‘a study of the relation between education and society’?

A. Good

B. Brown

C. Smith

D. Ottaway

433. Maximum participation of students during teaching is possible through

A. Lecture method

B. Demonstration method

C. Inductive method

D. Textbook method

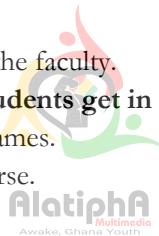
434. Curriculum means

A. Subject that are transferred by the faculty.

B. All the experiences which students get in school.

C. Class experiences, sports and games.

D. Syllabus prescribed for the course.



435. Which one of the following is the best method of teaching?

A. Lecture

B. Discussion

C. Demonstration

D. Narration

436. Who coined the term ‘cultural capital’?

A. McRobbie and Aryan

B. Bowels and Gintis

C. Bourdieu and Passeron

D. Young

435. Classical conditioning is based in the idea of learning by

A. Association

B. Insight

C. Imitation

D. Cognition

436. Operant conditioning theory tells us that a behavior that is not reinforced will be

- A. Repeated
- B. Changed into a new behavior
- C. Extinguished**
- D. The basis for mental illness

437. According to Bandur's social learning theory, people learn through

- A. Shaping
- B. Imitation**
- C. Expansion of their zones of proximal development
- D. Development of cognitive structures

438. The correct order of Piaget's stages of development is

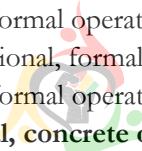
- A. Preoperational, sensorimotor, formal operational, concrete operational
- B. Preoperational, concrete operational, formal operational, sensorimotor
- C. Sensorimotor, preoperational, formal operational, concrete operational
- D. Sensorimotor, preoperational, concrete operational, formal operational**

439. The choice of the appropriate format to use in constructing a test is influenced by the

- A. Skills in writing different types of items**
- B. Intelligence level of the student
- C. Content that has been taught
- D. Availability of the specification table

440. Accommodation is to as assimilation is to

- A. fitting in, fitting in
- B. fitting in, changing
- C. changing, changing
- D. changing, fitting in**



Child Development and Pedagogy

1. The affective domain involves

- A. manner**
- B. learning
- C. knowledge
- D. physical movement

2. Formative assessment is an assessment _____ learning.

- A. of
- B. to
- C. by
- D. for**

3. Which from the following should be used to decrease minor inappropriate behaviour?

- A. Praise
- B. Reward
- C. Strictness
- D. Ignorance**



4. The field of study concerned with the construction of thought processes, including remembering, problem solving, and decision-making is called

- A. Pedagogy
- B. Education
- C. Epistemology
- D. Cognitive Development**

5. The conclusion of a deductive argument is

- A. certain**
- B. probable
- C. experience
- D. observation

6. The most recent response is most likely to

- A. forget
- B. reoccur**

- C. compromised
- D. not occur again

7. According to John Locke, a child's mind does not contain any

- A. memory
- B. imagination
- C. observation
- D. innate ideas**

8. In case of spending money, the virtue is _____ between wastefulness and stringiness.

- A. real
- B. prodigal
- C. lavishness
- D. generosity**

9. The application of ideas, knowledge and skills to achieve the desired results is called

- A. critical thinking
- B. problem solving**
- C. deductive method
- D. reasoned arguments



10. A common technique to help people begin the creative process is

- A. calculations
- B. thoroughness
- C. brain storming**
- D. mental shortcuts

11. Idealism is a philosophical approach that argues that _____ are the only true reality, and the only thing worth knowing.

- A. ideas**
- B. observations
- C. experiences
- D. physical objects

12. The connection between stimulus and response is called

- A. receiving-accepting paradigm

- B. stimulus-response paradigm
- C. receiving-accepting bond
- D. stimulus-response bond**

13. The Law of Effect can be effectively used in

- A. teaching methods
- B. accelerate learning
- C. classroom management**
- D. curriculum development

14. The philosopher who worked in mathematical and scientific didactic was

- A. Jean Piaget
- B. John Dewey
- C. Lev Vygotsky
- D. Martin Wagenschein**

15. There is _____ in working memory as people gets older.

- A. no change
- B. degradation**
- C. upgradation
- D. a slight change



16. According to John Dewey, school is a _____ institution, and education is a _____ process.

- A. social, social**
- B. social, philosophical
- C. philosophical, philosophical
- D. environmental, psychological

17. Progressive education emphasizes learning by

- A. doing**
- B. writing
- C. reading
- D. enjoying

18. According to Jean Piaget, children develop abstract logic and reasoning skill during

- A. Sensorimotor stage

- B. Preoperational stage
- C. Formal operational stage**
- D. Concrete operational stage

19. The role of teacher in inquiry-based learning is of

- A. delegator
- B. instructor
- C. facilitator**
- D. formal authority

20. “All who have meditated on the art of governing mankind have been convinced that the fate of empires depends on the education of youth.” This is the saying of

- A. Plato
- B. Aristotle**
- C. Socrates
- D. John Locke



21. Dialectic method of inquiry was contributed by

- A. Plato
- B. Aristotle
- C. Socrates**
- D. John Dewey

22. The _____ is a measure of how spread out points are from the mean.

- A. variance
- B. arithmetic mean
- C. geometric mean
- D. standard deviation**

23. Bloom’s taxonomy is a set of _____ learning domains.

- A. 1
- B. 2
- C. 3**
- D. 4

24. Progressivism believes that education comes from the experience of the

- A. child**

- B. teacher
- C. society
- D. principal

25. To compile the information into pattern and propose a plan is called

- A. analyzing
- B. evaluating
- C. originating
- D. synthesizing**

26. Evaluation of the process of curriculum development should be made

- A. abruptly
- B. relatively
- C. gradually
- D. continuously**

27. A process of looking at what is being assessed is called

- A. rubrics
- B. evaluation**
- C. assessment
- D. measurement



28. The philosopher who for the first time taught logic as a formal discipline was

- A. Plato
- B. Socrates
- C. Aristotle**
- D. Edward Thorndike

29. According to the law of effect, if a stimulus results in a positive outcome, the S-R bond is

- A. stabilized
- B. weakened
- C. unsterilized
- D. strengthened**

30. The use of a physical punishment for class management is called

- A. time out technique
- B. satiation technique

- C. extinction technique
- D. corporal punishment**

31. An assessment that is carried out through the course is called

- A. initial assessment
- B. formative assessment**
- C. diagnostic assessment
- D. summative assessment

32. An assessment that is generally carried out at the end of a course to assign students a course grade is called

- A. Formative assessment
- B. Summative assessment**
- C. Diagnostic assessment
- D. Contemporary assessment

33. The “Apology” the Plato’s recollection of the speech given by Socrates when Socrates was charged with

- A. believing in gods
- B. not believing in gods**
- C. believing in the rotation of the Earth
- D. not believing in the rotation of the Earth



34. The psychomotor domain involves

- A. manner
- B. learning
- C. knowledge
- D. physical movement**

35. Summative assessment is an assessment _____ learning.

- A. of**
- B. to
- C. by
- D. for

36. The use of technology to enhance learning process is called _____ in education.

- A. IT

B. ICT

- C. Information technology
- D. Communication technology

37. According to John Dewey, schools must prepare students for

- A. research
- B. future life
- C. present life**
- D. entrepreneurship

38. Children are usually egocentric during _____ and _____ stages.

A. Sensorimotor, Preoperational

- B. Formal operational, Sensorimotor
- C. Preoperational, Concrete operational
- D. Concrete operational, Formal operational

39. The Waldorf education approach emphasizes a balanced development of

- A. head and heart
- B. heart and hands
- C. head and hands
- D. head, heart, and hands**



40. The standard deviation is the _____ of the variance.

- A. cube
- B. cube root
- C. square
- D. square root**

41. The idea of teaching the whole child in the “philosophy of pragmatism in education” means teaching students to be good

- A. citizens**
- B. thinkers
- C. learners
- D. scientists

42. Curriculum revision should be a/an _____ process.

- A. gradual
- B. abrupt

C. relative

D. continuous

43. The advocates of philosophy of Pragmatism believe that reality is

A. stagnant

B. imagination

C. related to mind

D. constantly changing

44. According to the law of effect, if a stimulus results (SR) in a negative outcome, the SR bond is

A. stabilized

B. weakened

C. unsterilized

D. strengthened

45. The technique of classroom management where the teacher punishes negative behaviors by removing an unruly student from the rest of the class is called

A. satiation technique

B. time out technique

C. corporal punishment

D. extinction technique



46. An assessment is _____ if it consistently achieves the same results with the same (or similar) students.

A. Valid

B. Invalid

C. Reliable

D. Unreliable

47. Which from the following is NOT a formal assessment?

A. Project

B. Quizzes

C. Interview

D. Observation

48. According to Socrates, physical objects and events are _____ of their ideal form.

- A. signs
- B. parts
- C. images
- D. shadows**

49. The simplest skill in cognitive domain of Bloom's taxonomy is

- A. evaluating
- B. synthesizing
- C. remembering**
- D. understanding

50. An assessment used to identify difficulties in the learning process is called

- A. initial assessment
- B. formative assessment
- C. diagnostic assessment**
- D. summative assessment

51. The book *Emile* or “On Education” on the nature of education and man is written by

- A. Plato
- B. Aristotle
- C. Rousseau**
- D. John Dewey



52. A scoring guide used to evaluate the quality of students is called

- A. rubrics**
- B. checklists
- C. inventories
- D. rating scales

53. Jean Piaget proposed _____ stages of Cognitive Development.

- A. 1
- B. 2
- C. 3
- D. 4**

54. Responses that produce a satisfying effect in a particular situation become _____ to occur again in that situation.

- A. not likely
- B. less likely
- C. more likely**
- D. equally likely

55. The truth of the conclusion of an inductive argument is

- A. certain
- B. probable**
- C. experience
- D. observation

56. According to Jean Piaget, children are no longer egocentric when entering

- A. Sensorimotor stage
- B. Preoperational stage
- C. Formal operational stage
- D. Concrete operational stage**

57. Rousseau advocated an educational method which consisted of removing the child from

- A. school
- B. burden
- C. society**
- D. past memory



58. Plato believed that talent and intelligence are

- A. distributed genetically
- B. distributed gender-wise
- C. not distributed genetically**
- D. not distributed gender-wise

59. The philosopher who for the first time mentioned the importance of play (or sports) in education was

- A. Plato
- B. Aristotle**
- C. Socrates
- D. John Locke

60. The concept of pragmatism in educational philosophy says that education should be about

- A. virtue
- B. obedience
- C. life and growth**
- D. shaping good citizens

61. According to Aristotle, virtue is a/an _____ state between excess and deficiency.

- A. real
- B. natural
- C. artificial
- D. intermediate**

62. Progressivism believes that children learn in a/an

- A. isolation
- B. community [Correct Answer]
- C. competition
- D. closed environment



63. According to Socrates of Meno, virtue is

- A. reachable
- B. teachable
- C. unreachable
- D. unteachable**

64. The term heuristic means _____ in decision making.

- A. calculations
- B. thoroughness
- C. brain storming
- D. mental shortcuts**

65. According to Plato, the highest goal in all of education is knowledge of the

- A. good**
- B. science
- C. philosophy
- D. mathematics

66. The psychologist who for the first time proposed the concept of connectionism in learning was

- A. Plato
- B. Aristotle
- C. Robert Sternberg
- D. Edward Thorndike**

67. Realism is a philosophical approach that argues that ultimate reality is the world of

- A. ideas
- B. observations
- C. experiences
- D. physical objects**

68. According to the _____, the more you do something, the better you are at it.

- A. law of effect
- B. law of exercise**
- C. law of readiness
- D. law of connectionism



Q69. The _____ the stimulus-response bond (SR bond), the better a person has learned the lesson.

- A. stable
- B. weaker
- C. stronger**
- D. unstable

70. The study of the physical, social and mental aspects of aging is called

- A. Genetics
- B. Esthetics
- C. Gerontology**
- D. Clinical psychology

71. For an effective teaching, the teacher must be a subject matter expert that includes

- A. command over the subject
- B. the ability to convey knowledge

C. the ability to apply ideas from one discipline to another

D. all of the above

72. A/An _____ assessment is one which measures what it is intended to measure.

A. Valid

B. Invalid

C. Reliable

D. Unreliable

73. According to the philosophy of Idealism in education, the subject matter of curriculum should be

A. mind

B. science

C. mathematics

D. physical world

74. Which from the following is NOT an informal assessment?

A. Project

B. Rubrics

C. Observation

D. Participation



75. According to John Dewey, educational process has two sides:

A. economical and sociological

B. sociological and philosophical

C. economical and philosophical

D. psychological and sociological

76. According to the theory of forms (or theory of ideas) material world is a/an _____ of the real world.

A. sign

B. part

C. image

D. shadow

77. In direct instruction method or lecture method the teacher is considered as
A. partner

- B. delegator
- C. facilitator
- D. formal authority**

78. The most complex skill in cognitive domain of Bloom's taxonomy is

- A. evaluating**
- B. synthesizing
- C. characterizing
- D. understanding

79. Epistemology is the branch of philosophy concerned with the theory of

- A. learning
- B. knowledge**
- C. education
- D. philosophy of education

80. An assessment used to determine a person's ability in a particular field of studies is called

- A. evaluation
- B. aptitude test**
- C. measurement
- D. diagnostic test



81. The three domains of Bloom's taxonomy are

- A. Cognitive, Affective and Pedagogy
- B. Pedagogy, Affective and Psychomotor
- C. Cognitive, Affective and Psychomotor**
- D. Cognitive, Pedagogy and Psychomotor

82. When the topic or an area of a course contains a lot of information, it is recommended to use

- A. lecture method**
- B. assignment method
- C. cooperative method
- D. inquiry-based method

83. Which act of teacher foster a sense of autonomy in the learning process?

- A. delegator**

- B. instructor
- C. facilitator
- D. formal authority

84. As people grow older, the _____ of learning declines.

- A. power

B. speed

- C. quality

- D. quantity

85. Responses that produce a discomforting effect become _____ to occur again in that situation.

- A. not likely

B. less likely

- C. more likely

- D. equally likely

86. The longer a particular ability is unused the _____ it becomes.

A. weaker

- B. stronger

- C. less important

- D. more important



87. According to Piaget's theory of cognitive development, the Concrete operational stage starts at age

- A. 1

- B. 3

- C. 5

D. 7

88. A priori knowledge is knowledge that is known independently of

- A. analysis

- B. evidence

C. experience

- D. information

89. The idea of practical learning means education should apply to the

- A. society

- B. practice
- C. real world**
- D. abstract knowledge

90. A normal human being has _____ senses.

- A. 5**
- B. 7
- C. 9
- D. 11

91. Robert Sternberg, a famous psychologist, argued that creativity requires _____ different types of intelligence.

- A. 1
- B. 2
- C. 3**
- D. 4

92. The book, “A Brief History of Time”, is written by

- A. Stephen Hawking**
- B. Robert Sternberg
- C. John Dewey
- D. Aristotle



93. According to Edward Thorndike, learning is about responding to

- A. change
- B. stimuli**
- C. analysis

94. According to the _____, SR bonds are stronger if an individual is ready to learn.

- A. law of effect
- B. law of exercise
- C. law of readiness**
- D. law of connectionism

95. As people gets older, the ability of applying or maintain attention

- A. decreases**
- B. increases

- C. stays constant
- D. remains unaffected

96. Educational psychology is concerned with the scientific study of

- A. education
- B. human learning**
- C. teaching methods
- D. philosophy of education

97. In John Dewey's student-centered approach of learning, the role of the teacher is of a

- A. facilitator**
- B. delegator
- C. instructor
- D. formal authority

98. In cooperative method teachers act as a delegator means the teacher act as a/an _____ to the students.

- A. foster
- B. partner
- C. resource**
- D. evaluator



99. The first institution of higher learning in the Western world, "Academy", was founded by

- A. Plato**
- B. Aristotle
- C. Socrates
- D. John Dewey

100. The most complex skill of Bloom's taxonomy is

- A. evaluating
- B. originating**
- C. synthesizing
- D. characterizing

101. Reliability of an assessment relates to the _____ of an assessment.

- A. quality

- B. relevance
- C. usefulness
- D. consistency**

102. The word “Pedagogy” means?

- A. to guide the child
- B. to lead the child**
- C. to educate the child
- D. to understand the child

103. According to Emile, the noblest work in education is to make a/an

- A. thinker
- B. entrepreneur
- C. good citizen**
- D. reasoning man

104. The more often a particular ability is used the _____ it becomes.

- A. weaker
- B. stronger**
- C. less important
- D. more important



105. The process of reasoning from one or more given statements to reach a logically certain conclusion is called

- A. Inductive Reasoning
- B. Deductive Reasoning**
- C. Qualitative Reasoning
- D. Quantitative Reasoning

106. Who advocated removing children from their mothers' care and raising them as wards of the state?

- A. Plato**
- B. Socrates
- C. Aristotle
- D. John Locke

107. The process of selecting units from a population to estimate characteristics of the population is called

- A. research
- B. sampling**
- C. inference
- D. analyzing

108. The concept of perennialism in education means school curricula should

focus on what is

- A. in need
- B. in demand
- C. important
- D. everlasting**

109. The curriculum of educational institutes should be based on

- A. theory
- B. practice
- C. theory and practice**
- D. theory, practice and research

110. Plato argued that _____ are fit to rule.

- A. only educationists
- B. only philosophers**
- C. only psychologists
- D. educationists and philosophers



111. Who is called the father of both Realism and the scientific method?

- A. Plato
- B. Aristotle**
- C. Socrates
- D. Edward Thorndike

112. There are _____ laws of connectionism.

- A. 1
- B. 2
- C. 3**
- D. 4

113. The satiation technique of classroom management is a technique where instead of punishing negative behaviors, the teacher might decide to actually _____ the negative behavior.

- A. divert
- B. ignore
- C. encourage**
- D. discourage

114. In education, _____ is used to make inference about the learning and development of students.

- A. diagnosis
- B. evaluation
- C. assessment**
- D. measurement

115. According to John Dewey, which side of the educational process is the basis?

- A. sociological
- B. economical
- C. philosophical
- D. psychological**



116. In cooperative learning method, the role of teacher is of

- A. delegator
- B. facilitator
- C. facilitator and delegator**
- D. delegator and formal authority

117. What was the relation between Socrates and Plato?

- A. Plato was student of Socrates**
- B. Socrates was student of Plato
- C. Socrates and Plato were brothers
- D. Socrates and Plato were colleagues

118. The cognitive domain involves

- A. manner
- B. learning
- C. knowledge**

D. physical movement

119. The skill when students try to build abstract knowledge is called

- A. evaluating
- B. originating
- C. synthesizing

D. characterizing

120. Which from the following should be used to increase correct responses and appropriate behavior?

- A. Ignorance
- B. Strictness
- C. Reward

D. Praise

121. According to Rousseau, at what age a person ready to have a companion of the opposite sex?

- A. 15
- B. 16**
- C. 17
- D. 18



122. The more parts of your brain you use, the more likely you are to _____ information.

- A. use
- B. miss
- C. retain**
- D. misuse

123. According to Piaget's theory of cognitive development, the Formal operational stage starts at age

- A. 5
- B. 6
- C. 7**
- D. 8

124. A posteriori knowledge is knowledge that is known by

- A. analysis

- B. evidence
- C. experience**
- D. information

125. An aspect of pragmatism is experiential learning, which says, education should come through

- A. practice
- B. experience**
- C. knowledge
- D. observations

126. Which from the following is NOT among the five senses?

- A. smell
- B. vision
- C. touch
- D. thought**

127. According to Robert Sternberg, the three different types of required intelligence for creativity are

- A. analytical, critical and practical
- B. abstract, synthetic and analytical
- C. synthetic, analytical, and practical**
- D. analytical, observational and practical



128. The branch of philosophy focuses on the nature of reality is

- A. Pedagogy
- B. Metaphysics**
- C. Epistemology
- D. Connectionism

129. Anything that causes a reaction is called

- A. stimulus**
- B. learning
- C. connectionism
- D. physical objects

130. The _____ says, we are motivated to gain rewards and avoid punishments.

- A. law of effect**
- B. law of exercise
- C. law of readiness
- D. law of connectionism

131. The brain _____ as people gets older.

- A. remains unaffected
- B. stays constant
- C. expands
- D. shrinks**

132. According to famous philosophers, teaching is a/an

- A. art**
- B. science
- C. technique
- D. none of these

133. Which from the following is termed as student-centered learning method?

- A. Cooperative learning
- B. Inquiry-Based Learning
- C. Both (a) and (b)**
- D. Direct Instruction



134. Dialectic or dialectical method is a discourse between opposing parties to establish the truth through

- A. dialogues
- B. investigation
- C. presenting proves
- D. reasoned arguments**

135. The “Academy” was founded in

- A. Chakis
- B. Athens**
- C. Stagira
- D. Macedonia

136. To break information into parts and to examine the information is called

- A. analyzing**

- B. evaluating
- C. originating
- D. synthesizing

137. Validity of an assessment relates to the _____ of an assessment.

- A. quality
- B. relevance**
- C. usefulness
- D. consistency

138. Pedagogy is the study of

- A. Education
- B. Guiding Students
- C. Learning Process
- D. Teaching Methods**

139. Teachers should present information to the students clearly and in interesting way, and relate this new information to the things students

- A. don't know
- B. already know**
- C. willing to know
- D. not willing to know



140. The reasoning in which the given statements are viewed as supplying strong evidence for the truth of the conclusion is called

- A. Inductive Reasoning**
- B. Deductive Reasoning
- C. Qualitative Reasoning
- D. Quantitative Reasoning

141. The famous book “The Republic” was written by

- A. Plato**
- B. Aristotle
- C. Socrates
- D. John Locke

142. We calculate average marks of a student in the way as we calculate

- A. variance

B. arithmetic mean

C. geometric mean

D. standard deviation

143. According to John Dewey, children should experience _____ in school to make them better citizens.

A. practical implementation

B. democracy

C. discipline

D. rules

144. The new curriculum should be introduced

A. abruptly

B. gradually

C. relatively

D. continuously

145. The philosopher who is called the father of Idealism is

A. Plato

B. Socrates

C. Aristotle

D. Edward Thorndike



146. The three laws of connectionism are the laws of

A. effect, stimulus and response

B. effect, exercise and readiness

C. stimulus, response and exercise

D. exercise, readiness and response

147. The extinction technique of classroom management is a technique where teacher _____ any negative

A. divert

B. ignore

C. encourage

D. discourage

148. An assessment that is conducted prior to the start of teaching or instruction is called

- A. initial assessment**
- B. formal assessment
- C. formative assessment
- D. summative assessment

149. Education is a process in which knowledge and skills are transferred

- A. from a few persons to a large number of people
- B. from a few persons to the next generation**
- C. from a generation to the next generation
- D. from a few persons to few persons

150. What was the relation between Plato and Aristotle?

- A. Aristotle was student of Plato**
- B. Plato was student of Aristotle
- C. Plato and Aristotle were brothers
- D. Plato and Aristotle were colleagues

151. If a student does not pay any respect to you, then you will—

- A. ignore him**
- B. award less marks in examination
- C. talk to his/her parents
- D. rebuke him



152. Which one of the following is the true statement corresponding to Cephalocaudal Principle of Child's Development?

- A. Development is from head to foot**
- B. Development is from foot to head
- C. Development is from middle to periphery
- D. None of these

153. A special education teacher works with a student who has epilepsy involving generalized tonic – clonic seizures. If the student has a seizure in class, the teacher should first

- A. Attempt to gently restrain the students to minimize muscle jerks
- B. Remove objects located around or near the students that could possibly cause injury**
- C. Call or locate the school nurse to attend to the student

D. Place an object such as a belt or wallet in the student's mouth to keep the airway open

154. A para – educator is assigned to a classroom that includes several students with learning disabilities. Which of the following best describes a responsibility of the para-educator in this setting?

A. Assisting the students with learning disabilities during small-group instruction

- B. Scheduling related support service for the students with learning disabilities
- C. Planning weekly lessons and activities for the entire class
- D. Administering formal classroom assessments to the entire class

155. A documented educational process which describes in details amongst others. The time, place of education as well as methods for evaluating students is called

- A. Scheme of work

D. Lesson Plan

- C. Syllabus
- D. Curriculum



156. A head teacher once told his class four teacher who was busily teaching, to stop teaching the subject and teach the pupils. What was the Head teacher complaining about?

A. The teacher's method

- B. The teacher's technique
- C. The teacher's strategy
- D. The teacher's methodology

157. Which of the following best promotes cooperative learning?

- A. Lecture
- B. Demonstration
- C. Whole class discussion
- D. Small group discussion**

158. Which of the following reference materials detailed methodology and step by step procedure in preparation of lesson notes

- A. Scheme of work
- B. Syllabus

C. Teachers Handbook

D. Pupils textbook

159. All the following are characteristics of a good lesson plan except.

A. An introduction linking up with pupils R.P.K

B. A logically ordered presentation

C. Appropriate pupil activities

D. Clearly stated remarks as to when the lesson will be taught

160. For classroom teachers, core points are mainly written in a lesson plan to ensure that.

A. Pupils can get notes to write at the end of the lesson

B. The main ideas of the lesson are brought out

C. The pupils pay attention during instruction

D. All the above

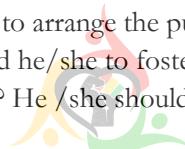
161. A classroom teacher wants to arrange the pupils for group work. Which one of the following grouping should he/she to foster collaboration and bring out the expected learning outcomes? He /she should put

A. All boys or all girls

B. All brilliant pupils

C. Boys and girls of the same together

D. Boys and girls with different abilities



162. A self-directed learning model is most appropriate for achieving one of the following instructional goals.

A. Building mastery of sequential set of skills

B. Encouraging appreciation for diverse perspectives

C. Integrating the basic concepts of multiple contents areas

D. Promoting active engagement in the learning process.

63. A programme of activities which is designed to attain educational ends is

A. Syllabi

B. Curriculum

C. Learning

D. Instruction

164. Instrument used for measuring sample of behavior is?

- A. Test**
- B. Evaluation
- C. Assessment
- D. Measurement

166. Limited to quantitative description of pupil's performance is?

- A. Test
- B. Evaluation
- C. Assessment
- D. Measurement**

167. The purpose of the evaluation is to make?

- A. Opinion
- B. Decision
- C. Judgment**
- D. Prediction

168. The purpose of evaluation is to make judgment about educational?

- A. Age
- B. Quantity
- C. Quality**
- D. Time period



169. Evaluation that monitors learning progress is?

- A. Formative evaluation**
- B. Placement evaluation
- C. Summative evaluation
- D. Diagnostic evaluation

170. A formal and systematic procedure of getting information is?

- A. Test**
- B. Evaluation
- C. Assessment
- D. Measurement

171. The process of obtaining numerical value is?

- A. Test
- B. Evaluation
- C. Assessment
- D. Measurement**

172. A sum of questions is?

- A. Test**
- B. Evaluation
- C. Assessment
- D. Measurement

173. The first step in measurement is?

A. Decision of what to measure

- B. Development of the test
- C. Administering the test
- D. None

174. The purpose of formative evaluation is?

A. Monitoring progress of students

- B. Decision of what to measure
- C. Development of the test
- D. Administering the test



175. To assess achievement at the end of instruction is?

- A. Formative Assessment
- B. Summative Assessment**
- C. Diagnostic Assessment
- D. Placement Assessment

176. Vast of all in scope?

- A. Test
- B. Assessment
- C. Evaluation**
- D. Measurement

177. The least in scope is?

- A. Test**
- B. Evaluation
- C. Assessment
- D. Measurement

178. Permanent difficulties in learning are investigated in?

- A. Diagnostic Assessment**
- B. Formative Assessment

- C. Placement Assessment
- D. Summative Assessment

179. Broader in meaning is?

- A. Aims**
- B. Objectives
- C. Specific Objectives
- D. Instructional objectives

180. Procedures used to determine person abilities is?

- A. Norm performance test
- B. Typical performance test
- C. Criterion performance test
- D. Maximum performance test**

181. In norm referenced test the comparison is between?

- A. Areas
- B. Groups
- C. Interest
- D. Individuals**



Teaching Aptitude in Education

1. Maximum participation of students during teaching is possible through
 - A. Lecture method
 - B. Textbook method
 - C. Inductive method**
 - D. Demonstration method

2. Which of the following methods of teaching encourages the use of maximum senses?
 - A. Self-study method
 - B. Laboratory method**
 - C. Team teaching method
 - D. Problem-solving method

3. Which of the following factors does **not** impact teaching
 - A. Teacher's knowledge
 - B. Learning through experience
 - C. Class room activities that encourage learning
 - D. Socio-economic background of teachers and students**

4. The main objective of teaching at Higher Education Level is:
 - A. To give new information
 - B. To prepare students to pass examination
 - C. To develop the capacity to take decisions**
 - D. To motivate students to ask questions during lecture

5. As Chairman of an independent commission on education, Jacques Delors report to UNESCO was titled
 - A. Learning: The Treasure Within**
 - B. Millennium Development Report
 - C. World Declaration on Education for All
 - D. International Commission on Education Report

6. Which is the most important aspect of the teacher's role in learning?
 - A. The provision of encouragement and moral support
 - B. The provision of continuous diagnostic and remedial help

C. The development of insight into what constitutes an adequate performance

D. The development of insight into what constitutes the pitfalls and dangers to be avoided

7. Select the alternative which consists of positive factors contributing to effectiveness of teaching:

A. Teacher's knowledge of the subject.

B. Communication skill of the teacher.

C. Teacher's competence in managing and monitoring the classroom transactions.

D. All of the above

8. A teacher's major contribution towards the maximum self-realization of the student is affected through:

A. Strict control of class-room activities

B. Constant fulfilment of the students' needs

C. Strict reinforcement of academic standards

D. Sensitivity to students' needs, goals and purposes

9. Which of the following factors affect teaching? Choose the correct code to indicate your answer.

A. Teacher's internal locus of control.

B. Learner-motivation.

C. Teacher's self-efficacy.

D. All of the above

10. Which among the following gives more freedom to the learner to interact?

A. Use of film

B. Lectures by experts

C. Small group discussion

D. Viewing country-wide classroom programme on TV

11. Which one of the following is the most important quality of a good teacher?

A. Content mastery

B. Punctuality and sincerity

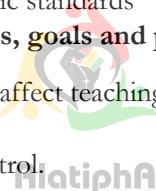
C. Content mastery and sociable

D. Content mastery and reactive

12. In a lively classroom situation, there is likely to be

A. complete silence

B. occasional roars of laughter



C. loud discussion among students

D. frequent teacher-student dialogue

13. Suppose a student wants to share his problems with his teacher and he visits the teacher's house for the purpose, the teacher should

A. extend reasonable help and boost his morale

B. suggest him that he should never visit his house

C. contact the student's parents and solve his problem

D. suggest him to meet the principal and solve the problem

14. A teacher can be successful if he/she

A. imparts subject knowledge to students

B. prepares students to pass the examination

C. helps students in becoming better citizens

D. presents the subject matter in a well-organized manner

15. Nowadays, the most effective mode of learning is

A. Blended learning

B. E-learning

C. Both (a) and (b)

D. Self-study



16. Which one of the following is a scaled down teaching situation?

A. Team teaching

B. Micro teaching

C. Macro teaching

D. Cooperative teaching

17. Which one of the following is the best method of teaching?

A. Lecture

B. Narration

C. Discussion

D. Demonstration

18. "Education is the manifestation of perfection already in man" was stated by

A. R. N. Tagore

B. M. K. Gandhi

C. Sri Aurobindo

D. Swami Vivekanand

19. A good teacher is one who

- A. gives useful information
- B. inspires students to learn**
- C. gives printed notes to students
- D. explains concepts and principles

20. Attitudes, actions and appearances in the context of classroom communication are considered as:

- A. Verbal
- B. Irrational
- C. Impersonal
- D. Non-verbal**

21. Identify the important element a teacher has to take cognizance of while addressing students in a classroom.

- A. Fixed posture
- B. Voice modulation**
- C. Repetitive pause
- D. Avoidance of proximity

22. Internal and external factors that affect message reception by the students in the classroom are referred to as

- A. noise**
- B. feedback
- C. fragmentation
- D. channelization



23. Which of the following statement is correct?

- A. Communicator should be soft spoken
- B. Communicator should have fine senses**
- C. Communicator should have tolerance power
- D. Communicator should have good personality

24. Which of the following statement is correct?

- A. Validity ensures reliability
- B. Reliability ensures validity
- C. Reliability does not depend on objectivity
- D. Reliability and validity are independent of each other**

25. The most appropriate purpose of learning is _____

- A. personal adjustment
- B. modification of behaviour**

- C. social and political awareness
- D. preparing oneself for employment

26. According to Swami Vivekananda, teacher's success depends on:

- A. His professional training and creativity
- B. His renunciation of personal gain and service to others**
- C. His mastery on the subject and capacity in controlling the students
- D. His concentration on his work and duties with a spirit of obedience to God

27. The primary responsibility for the teacher's adjustment lies with

- A. The principal**
- B. The children
- C. The community
- D. The teacher himself

Q28. If a parent approaches the teacher to do some favour to his/her ward in the examination, the teacher should

- A. try to help him
- B. refuse politely and firmly**
- C. ask him rudely to go away
- D. ask him not to talk in those terms



29. When some students are deliberately attempting to disturb the discipline of the class by making mischief, what will be your role as a teacher?

- A. Isolate those students.
- B. Expelling those students.
- C. Reform the group with your authority.
- D. Giving them an opportunity for introspection and improve their behaviour.**

30. Dynamic approach to teaching means

- A. Teaching should be forceful and effective
- B. Teachers should be energetic and dynamic
- C. The topics of teaching should not be static, but dynamic
- D. The students should be required to learn through activities**

31. At the primary school stage, most of the teachers should be women because they

- A. are available on lower salaries.
- B. can teach children better than men.
- C. know basic content better than men.
- D. can deal with children with love and affection.**

32. CLASS stands for

- A. Complete Literacy and Studies in Schools
- B. Computer Literacy and Studies in Schools**
- C. Centre for Literacy and Studies in Schools
- D. Computer Literates and Students in Schools

33. Dyslexia is associated with

- A. writing disorder
- B. mental disorder
- C. reading disorder**
- D. behavioural disorder

34. Which of the following is not a prescribed level of teaching?

- A. Memory
- B. Reflective
- C. Differentiation**
- D. Understanding

35. Greater the handicap of the students coming to the educational institutions, greater the demand on the:

- A. State
- B. Teacher**
- C. Society
- D. Family



36. Most often, the teacher - student communication is:

- A. Critical
- B. Utilitarian**
- C. Spurious
- D. Confrontational

37. A teacher in a classroom has immediate control over

- A. the audience, the noise and the reception.
- B. the feedback, the technology and the audience experience.
- C. the self, selected methods of communication and the message.**
- D. the communication channel, other communicators, and external factors.

38. The present annual examination system:

- A. promotes rote learning
- B. does not promote good study habits
- C. does not encourage students to be regular in class
- D. all the above**

39. Which of the following statements is correct?

- A. Syllabus is a part of curriculum.**
- B. Syllabus is an annexure to curriculum.
- C. Curriculum is the same in all educational institutions affiliated to a particular university.
- D. Syllabus is not the same in all educational institutions affiliated to a particular university.

40. Discussion Method can be used when:

- A. The topic is easy
- B. The topic is difficult**
- C. The topic is very difficult
- D. All of the above

41. Micro teaching is most effective for the student-teacher:

- A. before the practice-teaching
- B. during the practice-teaching**
- C. after the practice-teaching
- D. none of the above

42. An effective teacher is one who can:

- A. control the class
- B. motivate students to learn**
- C. correct the assignments carefully
- D. give more information in less time



43. The most important cause of failure for teacher lies in the area of_____

- A. verbal ability
- B. inter personal relationship
- C. strict handling of the students
- D. lack of command over the knowledge of the subject**

44. Which of the following indicates evaluation?

- A. Widad got 45 marks out of 200
- B. Hanif got 38 percent marks in English
- C. Zaida got First Division in final examination
- D. All the above**

45. Good evaluation of written material should not be based on:

- A. Logical presentation
- B. Linguistic expression
- C. Comprehension of subject**
- D. Ability to reproduce whatever is read

46. The students who keep on asking questions in the class should be:

- A. encouraged to continue questioning
- B. advised not to disturb during the lecture
- C. advised to meet the teacher after the class
- D. encouraged to find answer independently**

47. Micro teaching is more effective

- A. always
- B. after the teaching-practice
- C. during the teaching-practice**
- D. during the preparation for teaching-practice

48. Which of the following teacher, will be liked most?

- A. A loving teacher**
- B. A teacher who is disciplined
- C. A teacher of high idealistic attitude
- D. A teacher who often amuses his students

49. The most important quality of a good teacher is _____

- A. Good communication skills
- B. Effective leadership qualities
- C. Concern for students' welfare
- D. Sound knowledge of subject matter**

50. Which of the following is a teaching aid?

- A. Tape Recorder
- B. 16mm Film Projector
- C. Working Model of Wind Mill
- D. All the above**

51. On the first day of his class, if a teacher is asked by the students to introduce himself, he should

- A. tell them about himself in brief**
- B. ask them to meet after the class
- C. ignore the demand and start teaching
- D. scold the student for this unwanted demand

52. Maximum participation of students is possible in teaching through:

- A. lecture method
- B. text book method
- C. audio-visual aids
- D. discussion method**



53. Which of the following is not a characteristic of a good achievement test?

- A. Validity
- B. Ambiguity**
- C. Reliability
- D. Objectivity

54. For maintaining an effective discipline in the class, the teacher should

- A. Deal with the students strictly.
- B. Deal with them politely and firmly.**
- C. Allow students to do what they like.
- D. Give the students some problem to solve.

55. “Spare the rod and spoil the child”, gives the message that

- A. children should be beaten with rods.
- B. corporal punishment is not acceptable.
- C. undesirable behaviour must be punished.**
- D. punishment in the class should be banned.

56. Which of the following belongs to a projected aid?

- A. Globe
- B. Diorama
- C. Blackboard
- D. Epidiascope**



57. Which one of the following is the best method of teaching?

- A. Lecture method
- B. Discussion method
- C. Demonstration method**
- D. Question-Answer method

58. For an efficient and durable learning, learner should have

- A. ability to learn only
- B. opportunities to learn only
- C. requisite level of motivation only
- D. desired level of ability and motivation**

59. Teacher's role at higher education

- A. provide information to students.
- B. promote self-learning in students.**
- C. help students to solve their problems.
- D. encourage healthy competition among students.

60. Which one is the highest order of learning?

- A. Chain learning
- B. Problem-solving learning
- C. Conditioned-reflex learning**
- D. Stimulus-response learning

61. Diagnostic evaluation ascertains

- A. Learning progress and failures during instructions.
- B. Degree of achievements of instructions at the end.
- C. Students performance at the beginning of instructions.

D. Causes and remedies of persistent learning problems during instructions.

62. While delivering lecture if there is some disturbance in the class, a teacher should

- A. punish those causing disturbance
- B. keep quiet for a while and then continue
- C. not bother of what is happening in the class

D. motivate to teach those causing disturbance

63. Which of the following statements about teaching aids are correct

- A. They help students learn better
- B. They make teaching learning process interesting
- C. They help in retaining concepts for longer duration

D. All of the above



64. Teacher uses visual-aids to make learning:

- A. simple
- B. quicker
- C. interesting**
- D. more knowledgeable

65. What are required for good teaching?

- A. Remedy
- B. Diagnosis
- C. Feedback

D. All of the above

66. In the classroom, the teacher sends the message either as words or images.

The students are really

- A. Agitators
- B. Encoders

C. Decoders

D. Propagators

67. The use of teaching aids is justified on the grounds of

- A. Optimizing learning outcomes of students.
- B. Attracting student's attention in the class room.
- C. Minimizing indiscipline problems in the classroom.

D. Effective engagement of students in learning tasks.

Q68. A classroom teacher is applying for a supervisory position. With regards to this process, it would be considered unethical for the teacher to

- A. Ask a friend outside the school system to review his/her application for position errors
- B. Include in the required essay stories describing interactions with unnamed colleagues in various school context

C. List on the application a graduate degree that he/she partially completed

- D. Request recommendation letters only from administrators who may give him/her a high performance evaluation

69. Which combination of methods of teaching is likely to optimise learning?

- A. Lecturing, discussions and seminar method
- B. Lecturing, demonstrations and PowerPoint based presentations
- C. Interactive discussions, planned lectures and PowerPoint based presentations
- D. Interactive lecture sessions followed by buzz sessions, brainstorming and projects**

70. In a classroom, a communicator's trust level is determined by:

- A. eye contact**
- B. the use of hyperbole
- C. the change of voice level
- D. the use of abstract concepts

71. As a good classroom communicator, you are supposed to know your

- A. silent cues
- B. artful pauses**
- C. audience emotions
- D. counter arguments

72. Which of the following comprise teaching skill?

- A. Explaining

- B. Questioning
- C. Black Board writing
- D. All the above**

73. A school teacher regularly meets with individual students to informally discuss topics such as academic progress and their activities outside of the school. Which of the following non-verbal strategies by the teacher would best provide effective communication with students?

- A. Facing the students with an open posture**
- B. Maintaining continuous eye contact with the students
- C. Making frequent notes on the students comments
- D. Placing a hand on the students shoulder

74. Which one of the following qualities of a teacher would help a Newly Qualified Teacher to succeed when posted to a deprived community school?

- A. Oppressive tendencies and humility
- B. Resourcefulness and creativity**
- C. Tact and induction in making new friends
- D. Trustworthiness and bossy spirit

75. Which one of the following activities represents the most appropriate and effective use of video media to improve student learning?

- A. After reading a literature text, students view and discuss the movie version of the text**
- B. Following a school-wide culture fair, students view the teacher's video recording of the event
- C. Students practice internet keyboard searches by locating online video clips on a given topic
- D. Students who turn in all homework for the week watch age-appropriate moving on a classroom computer.

76. Observing instruction in a mentor teacher's classroom is likely to be the most effective method for helping a new teacher learn how to _____

- A. Eliminate distractions in the classroom environment
- B. Implement specific instructional approaches**
- C. Increase knowledge in specific content area
- D. Select developmentally appropriate learning materials

77. Which one of the following activities when performed at introduction stage of a lesson would best support a Home Economics teacher's ability to identify student' misconceptions about the topic?

- A. Allowing students review a variety of resources on the lesson topic and having them share one thing they learned from their review
- B. Asking students to transform a list of the things they want to learn about the lesson topic
- C. Pre- assessing students' knowledge of academic vocabulary about the lesson topic
- D. Showing students, a series of statements about the lesson topic having them rate each statement as true or false**

78. A teacher with a strong sense of self-efficacy in a specific subject area is most likely to demonstrate which one of the following behavior in the subject area?

- A. Evaluation of his performance according to external criteria
- B. Mastery of content and skills at a faster rate than an average pace
- C. Preference for self-directed learning activities**
- D. Persistence in the completion of challenging tasks

79. A newly qualified teacher strongly argues that the writing of lesson plan is obsolete and time wasting since lesson plans can be pulled from the internet. Why would you advise this teacher to stick to self-generating lesson plans?

- A. Self-generated lesson plans do not take too much of the teacher's time**
- B. Self-generated lesson plans make the teacher better prepared to teach
- C. The peculiarities of your pupils may be different from those for whom the lesson plans on the internet were prepared
- D. The lesson plans on the internet are generally scanty and superficial.

80. The choice of the appropriate format to use in constructing a test is influenced by the

- A. Skills in writing different types of items**
- B. Intelligence level of the students
- C. Content that has been taught
- D. Availability of the specification table

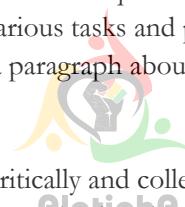
81. Which of the following factors has the most significant influence in fostering self-advocacy and independence in children who have mild to moderate intellectual disabilities?

A. Establishing friendships with peers both with and without special needs

- B. Becoming a member of an advocacy group for individuals with disabilities
- C. Receiving positive support from parents/guardians who believe in their potential
- D. Obtaining instruction in inclusive settings with experienced educators

82. A special education teacher and general education teacher will be co-teaching a J.H.S 1 Class. Which of the following strategies would be most effective for the teachers to use in promoting positive interactions between students?

- A. Creating questions for students to use in interviewing each other to find out specific information, then having students share the results of these interviews with the class**
- B. Asking each student to bring in a favorite family photograph to post on a classroom bulletin board
- C. Pairing students who are known to be quiet with students known to be more outgoing to work together on various tasks and play together at recess
- D. Assigning students to write a paragraph about their likes and dislikes to read aloud to the class



83. Teachers in a given school critically and collectively reflect to improve teaching and learning. This is categorized under

- A. Professional Skills
- B. Professional Development**
- C. Professional Practice
- D. Professional Knowledge

84. To display knowledge of educational frameworks and curriculum. A teacher has to

- A. Demonstrate familiarity with the education system and key policies guiding it**
- B. Take accounts of and respect learners' socio-economic and educational background
- C. Carry out small scale action research to improve practice
- D. Create a safe and encouraging learning environment

85. Employing instructional strategies appropriate for multi-grade, multilingual and multi-age classes, falls under which of the following standards?

A. Professional Practice

- B. Professional Knowledge
- C. Professional Values and Attitudes
- D. Professional Development

86. A group of professional teachers normally come together to share concerns for the teaching profession and learn how to teach better. What term would be the BEST to describe the action of these teachers? Community of

- A. Competence
- B. Consultation
- C. Engagement
- D. Practice**

87. A teacher wishes to use scaffolding to promote pupils learning. Which one of the following is BEST example of this strategy?

- A. Giving pupils charts-labeled with relevant variables on which to record data they gather during classroom science experiments
- B. Holding weekly spelling bees with pupils to review important information covered during recent lessons
- C. Marking errors in pupil's descriptive paragraphs and then having pupils rewrite the paragraphs correctly**
- D. Prompting pupils to identify the personal goals that having hope to achieve whenever they are preparing for an upcoming event.

88. Before a teacher engages students in any experimental activity, it is important that he/she considers the following except

- A. Ensuring the availability of materials for the experimentation
- B. Giving attention to safety concerns
- C. Providing the possible results in advance**
- D. Testing the activity prior to the experiment by students

89. A teacher decides to try a new instructional approach when teaching the next mathematics unit on fraction. Which one of the following strategies would be most appropriate in helping the teacher judge the effectiveness of the new approach?

- A. Comparing students grade during the unit with the grades of students whose teachers is other instructional methods

- B. Periodically asking students to provide their feedback on instructional activities used in the unit
- C. Revisiting the topic later in the school year to determine how well students are able to recall unit concepts
- D. Systematically collecting and analyzing students' performance data throughout the course of the unit.**

90. In order to have effective lesson, a teacher prepared her lesson note. She went round to look for materials in the environment that are useful for the lesson. She also bought those that needed but are not readily available in the environment. She then tested the activities using these materials to make sure they work before using them in the real lesson. The teacher has done Preparation.

A. Advanced

B. General

C. Outstanding

D. Specific

99. During a staff meeting in a school, one of the teachers suggested to the headmaster that teachers should not be made to produce marking scheme for end of term examination. In the view of the teacher, the questions are prepared by the teacher and therefore they have the scheme in their heads. With one of the following likely to occur during the marking of the students' script if the staff agrees to the suggestion from the teacher? Scores would be

A. Affected by an already scored script not based on students' response

B. Based on the beliefs and preconceptions of the teacher

C. Based on what majority of the students write and not what the scheme requires

D. Given to students that the teacher knows very well in class and not what the scheme requires

100. The subdivisions of the topics covered during the instructional period are known as

A. Course objectives

B. Instructional objectives

C. Course content

D. Units/synopsis

101. A junior high school teacher decides to have students engage in series of debates on several school related topics, such as the school dress code and code and extending the school day. This type of activity is particularly appropriate for JHS students primarily because students at this age have typically developed the ability to

- A. Consider the implications of complex moral decisions
- B. Engage in formal operational thinking**
- C. Distinguish between arguments and discussions
- D. Recognize multiple perspectives on an issue

102. Which of the following practice will best prevent the spread of illnesses such as the common cold and the flu within a classroom?

- A. Encouraging students not to bring in food from home to share with classmates
- B. Providing students with individual boxes of tissues to keep at their desks personal belongings
- C. Having students wash their hands properly on a regular basis throughout the day [Correct Answer]**
- D. Assigning students a specific area in the classroom for storing their personal belongings



103. The most important reason for stakeholders to evaluate basic education programmes such as the free SHS on regular basis is to

- A. Determine to what extent the programmes are beneficial to the students and communities**
- B. Highlight students achievement to community members
- C. Justify request for supplemental funding for special projects
- D. Provide evidence to support advocacy efforts with regard to legislation

School and Class Room Management

1. High and low achievers are sorted out by?

- A. Reliability
- B. Objectivity
- C. Ease or difficulty
- D. Discrimination power**

2. The basic purpose of supervision is to help

- A. Teachers in dealing pupils
- B. Children learn more effectively**
- C. Teachers in improving methods
- D. Teachers in understanding pupil

3. The history of administration goes back to

- A. 1000 BC
- B. 2000 BC
- C. 3000 BC
- D. 5000 BC**



4. Which is not the type of administration?

- A. Authoritarian administration
- B. Instructional administration**
- C. Laissez Faire administration
- D. Democratic administration

5. “Supervision is not to control the teacher but to work cooperatively” is the saying of

- A. Hoy and Forsyth**
- B. Glatthorn
- C. Glickman
- D. Harris

6. School Budget includes

- A. Non development expenditure
- B. Development expenditure
- C. Both (a) and (b)**

D. None

7. All Govt. grants and expenditures are maintained in

A. Stock Register

B. Cash Register

C. Acquittance Roll

D. Contingent Register

8. The father of modern theory of management is

A. Henry Fayol

B. Max Weber

C. Gullick

D. Tyler

9. I.Q of a student having same physical and mental age will be?

A. 140

B. 120

C. 100

D. 50



10. Person who possesses qualities of leadership is

A. Leader

B. Officer

C. Manager

D. Administrator

11. The level of school administration can best be judged through

A. Head teacher

B. Beautiful building

C. Learning out comes

D. Teachers - students relations

12. The effective supervision is indicated by

A. Good relations between teacher and supervisors

B. Helping teachers becoming more self-sufficient

C. Helping teacher in their teaching

D. Criticizing teacher's lessons

13. Limited to quantitative description of pupil's performance is?

- A. Test
- B. Evaluation
- C. Assessment
- D. Measurement**

14. Boss is right is the feature of

- A. Instructional administration
- B. Laissez Faire administration
- C. Authoritarian administration**
- D. Democratic administration

15. To assess achievement at the end of instruction is?

- A. Formative Assessment
- B. Summative Assessment**
- C. Diagnostic Assessment
- D. Placement Assessment

16. The Analysis of items is necessary in?

- A. Essay Type Test
- B. Standardized Test**
- C. Objective type test
- D. Norm referenced test



17. Objective type question have advantage over essay type because such questions?

- A. Are easy to mark**
- B. Are easy to solve
- C. Are easy to prepare
- D. None

18. Staff development means

- A. Training staff**
- B. Recruiting staff
- C. Increasing staff
- D. Decreasing staff

19. The summative evaluation is?

- A. Continuous
- B. Diagnostic
- C. Certifying judgment**
- D. None

20. Who advocated bureaucratic theory?

- A. Henry Fayol
- B. Campbell
- C. Max Weber**
- D. Herzberg

21. Kuder Richardson method is used to estimate?

- A. Validity
- B. Reliability**
- C. Usability
- D. Objectivity

22. The supply type test item is?

- A. M.C.Q items
- B. Matching items
- C. True/False items
- D. Completion items**



23. The summative evaluation is used?

- A. At the start of the program
- B. At the middle of the program
- C. At the end of the program**
- D. None

24. The power is concentrated in the hands of one or few people in

- A. Control
- B. Command
- C. Centralization**
- D. Decentralization

25. Which appropriate verb will you use to make an objective behavioral?

- A. To know
- B. To construct**

- C. To appreciate
- D. To understand

26. The concept of inspection was first introduced in

- A. England**

- B. Pakistan
- C. China
- D. India

27. Test that measure learning outcome of students is

- A. Aptitude test
- B. Achievement test**

- C. Norm referenced test
- D. Criterion referenced test

28. The process of obtaining numerical value is?

- A. Test
- B. Evaluation
- C. Assessment
- D. Measurement**



29. The quality of test to give same scores when administered at different occasions is?

- A. Validity
- B. Objectivity
- C. Reliability**
- D. Differentiability

30. Procedures used to determine person abilities is?

- A. Norm performance test
- B. Typical performance test
- C. Criterion performance test
- D. Maximum performance test**

31. Test item discriminates 100% when its value for discrimination is?

- A. 0.3
- B. 1**
- C. 0.30 – 1

D. None

32. Objectives representing the purposes of instruction of a teacher are called?

- A. Attainment
- B. Instructional**
- C. Performance
- D. None

33. Acting ethically is synonymous with.....

- A. Loss of profits.
- B. Practicing effective organizational behaviour.**
- C. Poor organizational practice.
- D. People management.

34. Value that divides the data into two equal parts is?

- A. Mean
- B. Mode
- C. Median**
- D. None



35. Alternative response item is?

- A. Right/wrong
- B. True/False items
- C. Correct/incorrect
- D. All of the above**

36. Which one is not the type of test by purpose?

- A. Essay Type Test**
- B. Standardized Test
- C. Objective type test
- D. Norm referenced test

37. The I.Q of a student having twelve years mental age and ten years physical age will be?

- A. 140
- B. 120**
- C. 100
- D. 90

38. Test item is acceptable which its faculty index /difficulty level ranges from?

- A. 0.3
- B. 0.7
- C. 30-70 %**
- D. None

39. Systems theory holds that:

- A. The whole is greater than the sum of the parts**
- B. Decentralised organisations are more productive.
- C. Centralised organisations are more productive.
- D. Fragmentation improves performance.

40. The school policy should be determined by:

- A. Citizens
- B. Headmasters
- C. Citizens and educators**
- D. The professional educators



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41. Respect of opinion is the feature of

- A. Laissez Faire administration
- B. Instructional administration
- C. Authoritarian administration
- D. Democratic administration**

42. To make arrangements is the part of

- A. Planning
- B. Organizing**
- C. Commanding
- D. Coordinating

43. Selecting one course of action among various alternatives is

- A. Decision making**
- B. Coordinating
- C. Organizing
- D. Planning

44. Directing must be consistent with

- A. Procedures
- B. Job descriptions
- C. Organizational policies
- D. All of the above**

45. Broader in meaning is?

- A. Aims**
- B. Objectives
- C. Specific Objectives
- D. Instructional objectives

46. What is central to administration?

- A. Organization
- B. Coordination
- C. Communication
- D. Decision making**

47. Budgeting is an estimation of

- A. Income and expenditure**
- B. Income and investment
- C. Investment
- D. All of the above



48. A sum of questions is?

- A. Test**
- B. Evaluation
- C. Assessment
- D. Measurement

49. In norm referenced test the comparison is between?

- A. Areas
- B. Groups
- C. Interest
- D. Individuals**

50. Running description of active behavior of a student as observed by the teacher is?

- A. Anecdotal record**

- B. Autobiography
- C. Autobiography
- D. None

51. The test measures what we intend to measure. This quality of the test is called?

- A. Validity**
- B. Usability
- C. Reliability
- D. Objectivity

52. How many columns matching items have?

- A. 1
- B. 2**
- C. 3
- D. 4

53. The type of the test by method is?

- A. Essay Type Test
- B. Standardized Test
- C. Objective type test**
- D. Norm referenced test



54. The quality of test that measures “what it claims to measure” is?

- A. Validity**
- B. Reliability
- C. Objectivity
- D. Differentiability

55. Test item is very easy when value of faculty index/ difficulty level is higher than?

- A. 0.3
- B. 0.7**
- C. 30-70 %
- D. None

56. Contingency theories identify:

- A. One method of management is suitable for all situations.

- B. Autocratic managers achieve the best results.
- C. People are more important than the products produced.
- D. The circumstances in which a particular practice is more likely to succeed.**

57. The elementary school teachers are directly responsible to the

- A. Headmaster**

- B. Parents
- C. Students
- D. None of these

58. Administration means

- A. To run
- B. To protect
- C. To establish
- D. To look after**

59. Which is not the characteristic of authoritative administration

- A. Sharing**
- B. Rudeness
- C. Strict discipline
- D. Suppression the subordinates



60. In teaching learning process supervision is usually carried out by

- A. Principal**
- B. Teacher
- C. Parents
- D. Society

61. A formal and systematic procedure of getting information is?

- A. Test**
- B. Evaluation
- C. Assessment
- D. Measurement

62. Broader in meaning is?

- A. Aims**
- B. Objectives

- C. Specific Objectives
- D. Instructional objectives

63. The smallest interacting parts of a systems are

- A. Input
- B. Structure
- C. Feed back
- D. Component**

64. Authoritarian model is more suitable for

- A. Confidence
- B. Discipline**
- C. Achievement
- D. Improvement

65. The process of making judgment is called

- A. Evaluation**
- B. Budgeting
- C. Demonstration
- D. Documentation



66. Coordinating, stimulating and directing the growth of teacher is the purpose of

- A. Inspection**
- B. Supervision
- C. Management
- D. Administration

67. The purpose of the evaluation is to make?

- A. Opinion
- B. Decision
- C. Judgment**
- D. Prediction

68. Vast of all in scope?

- A. Test
- B. Assessment
- C. Evaluation**

D. Measurement

69. The process of directing others, towards the accomplishment of some objectives is

- A. Managing**
- B. Leadership
- C. Communication
- D. None

70. The difference between maximum and minimum values is?

- A. Range**
- B. Mode
- C. Mean
- D. None

71. Which questions are difficult to mark with reliability?

- A. Short answer
- B. Structured essay
- C. Unstructured essay**
- D. Multiple type questions



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72. Leadership is the ability

- A. To achieve organizational goals
- B. To influence
- C. To motivate
- D. All of the above**

73. Types of supervision encouraging variety, originality and independent experimentation is

- A. Creative**
- B. Corrective
- C. Preventive
- D. Construction

74. The tests designed to predict future performance is?

- A. Aptitude test**
- B. Achievement test
- C. Norm referenced test

D. Criterion reverenced test

75. If the sample of the question in the test is sufficiently large enough, the quality of test is?

- A. Adequacy**
- B. Reliability
- C. Objectivity
- D. Differentiability

76. Test item cannot discriminate low achievers and high achievers when its value is lower than?

- A. 0.3**
- B. 1
- C. 0.30 – 1
- D. None

77. The main purpose of the supervision of teaching should be the

- A. Achievement of success in examination
- B. Proper utilization of school facilities
- C. Carrying out of the curriculum
- D. Advancement of pupil welfare**



78. The chief responsibility of the headteacher is

- A. Maintain school records
- B. Handle discipline problems
- C. Provide leadership in instructional plan**
- D. Organize and administer the guidance programmed

79. Provision of good educational environment is

- A. Non instructional tasks**
- B. Instructional tasks
- C. Both
- D. None

80. Sense of responsibility is not cared in

- A. Laissez Faire administration**
- B. Instructional administration
- C. Authoritarian administration

D. Democratic administration

81. Execution of plans and decisions is the part of

- A. Planning
- B. Organizing
- C. Coordinating
- D. Commanding**

82. Who is called father of scientific management theory

- A. Terry and Franklin
- B. Henry Fayol
- C. Fredrick Tylor**
- D. Elton Meo

83. Laissez Faire administration is based on

- A. Mutual sharing
- B. Non - interference**
- C. Dictatorship
- D. None



84. The individual in the group given the task of directing and coordinating is

- A. Guide
- B. Leader
- C. Instructor
- D. Supervisor**

85. To motivate the other to achieve certain goals is

- A. Planning
- B. Leadership**
- C. Organizing
- D. Controlling

86. A supervisor is one who

- A. Gives directions
- B. Provides friendly help [Correct Answer]
- C. Inspects classrooms
- D. Criticizes the teaching method

87. The authorized person of staff performance is

- A. Head teacher [Correct Answer]
- B. Teacher
- C. Student
- D. Clerk

88. The first step in measurement is?

A. Decision of what to measure

- B. Development of the test
- C. Administering the test
- D. None

89. In which question marking will be more reliable?

- A. Essay
- B. Completion
- C. Short answer
- D. Multiple choice question**

90. A test very popular with class room teacher is?

- A. Matching
- B. True false test
- C. Multiple choices**
- D. Completion test



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91. In a norm referenced test which item is best?

- A. Item difficulty is near 50**
- B. Item difficulty is near 75
- C. Item difficulty is near 100
- D. Item difficulty is near zero

92. The length of a test is an important factor in obtaining a representative?

- A. Mean
- B. Mode
- C. Median
- D. Sample**

93. The item in the column for which a match is sought is?

A. Premise

- B. Response
- C. Destructor
- D. None

94. Student's performance is compared with other students in?

- A. Essay Type Test
- B. Standardized Test
- C. Objective type test
- D. Norm referenced test**

95. The characteristic of a test to discriminate between high achievers and low achievers is?

- A. Validity
- B. Reliability
- C. Objectivity
- D. Differentiability**

96. Test item is very difficult when value of facility index/ difficulty level is less than?

- A. 0.3**
- B. 0.7
- C. 30-70 %
- D. None



97. A hypothesis is...

- A. A variable thought to affect one or more variables.
- B. An outcome studied through research.
- C. A statement about the proposed relationship between variables.**
- D. The consistency of data obtained from a particular research method.

98. The criticism most frequently leveled at school administration is that:

- A. They like praise
- B. They are too lazy
- C. They do not know teacher
- D. They fail to provide leadership**

99. The function of educational administration and management is

- A. Instructional tasks

- B. Non instructional tasks
- C. Both (a) and (b)**
- D. None

100. Authoritative administration is based on

- A. Mutual sharing
- B. Non interference
- C. Interference
- D. Dictatorship**

101. Assessment of how well a school is performing is

- A. Administration
- B. Supervision
- C. Inspection**
- D. All of the above

102. Non development budget includes

- A. Maintenance of building
- B. Running expenditures
- C. Salaries
- D. All of the above**



103. Developing alternatives is a step of

- A. Planning**
- B. Organization
- C. Direction
- D. Control

104. Which pension is granted to civil servant who retires in the age of sixty?

- A. Invalid
- B. Retiring
- C. Compensation
- D. Superannuation**

105. "Table of specification" helps in _____

- A. Test Scoring
- B. Test Construction
- C. Test development**

D. Test Administration

106. The characteristics of good planner are

- A. Producer
- B. Motivator
- C. Optimistic

D. All of the above

107. The degree to which organizational resources contribute to productivity is

- A. Out put
- B. Production
- C. Efficiency**
- D. Effectiveness

108. The purpose of evaluation is to make judgment about educational?

- A. Age
- B. Quantity
- C. Quality**
- D. Time period



109. The least in scope is?

- A. Test**
- B. Evaluation
- C. Assessment
- D. Measurement

110. Test involving the construction of certain patterns are called?

- A. Scholastic test
- B. Intelligence test
- C. Performance tests**
- D. None

111. The number of score lying in a class interval is?

- A. Frequencies**
- B. Quartiles
- C. Mid-point
- D. Class

112. Projective techniques are used to measure?

- A. Intelligence
- B. Personality**
- C. Knowledge
- D. Aptitude

113. The alternative name of the “table of specification” is?

- A. Test Scoring
- B. Test Blue Print**
- C. Test Construction
- D. Test Administration

114. The most widely applicable test item is _____

- A. M.C.Q items**
- B. Matching items
- C. True / False items
- D. Completion items

115. The founder of modern intelligent tests was?

- A. Alfred Binet**
- B. Guilford
- C. Stern
- D. None



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116. The quality of test showing ease of time, cost, administration and interpretation is called?

- A. Usability**
- B. Reliability
- C. Objectivity
- D. Differentiability

117. The main schools of management thought are:

- A. Comprehensive, human resources, continuous, systems.
- B. Scientific, technical, social, human relations.
- C. Classical, human relations, systems, contingency.**
- D. Classical, human resources, systems, contingency.

118. Fayol's functions of management include:

- A. Planning, designating, completing, cooperating.
- B. Punishing, commanding, organising, coordinating, controlling.
- C. Preparing, commanding, operating, consulting, controlling.
- D. Planning, commanding, organising, coordinating, controlling.**

119. Supervision should be primarily

- A. Constructive and creative**
- B. Preventive and corrective
- C. Construction and critical
- D. Preventive and critical

120. The authorized person of staff performance is

- A. Head teacher**
- B. Teacher
- C. Student
- D. Clerk

121. The main types of administration are

- A. 1
- B. 2
- C. 3**
- D. 4



122. Literal meaning of supervision is

- A. Superior efforts and services
- B. Superior knowledge and service
- C. Superior knowledge and power**
- D. None of these

123. To bring harmony among all the elements of programme is

- A. Planning
- B. Organizing
- C. Coordinating**
- D. Commanding

124. Who is the father of operational management theory?

- A. Terry and Franklin
- B. Henry Fayol**

C. Fredrick Tylor

D. Elton Meo

125. The power delegated throughout an organization is

A. Control

B. Command

C. Centralization

D. Decentralization

126. A choice made between two or more alternative is called

A. Decision

B. Reporting

C. Assumption

D. None

127. A programme of activities which is designed to attain educational ends is

A. Syllabi

B. Curriculum

C. Learning

D. Instruction



128. Test meant for prediction on a certain criterion are called?

A. Knowledge

B. Personality

C. Intelligence

D. Aptitude test

129. Instrument used for measuring sample of behavior is?

A. Test

B. Evaluation

C. Assessment

D. Measurement

130. The purpose of formative evaluation is?

A. Monitoring progress of students

B. Decision of what to measure

C. Development of the test

D. Administering the test

131. The type of essay item in which contents are limited is?

- A. M.C.Q items
- B. Matching items
- C. Restricted Response Questions
- D. Extended Response Questions**

132. Frequently used tools of summative evaluation are?

- A. Test**
- B. Daily assignment
- C. Teacher observation
- D. None

133. Which question has increasing objectivity of marking?

- A. Multiple type questions**
- B. Unstructured essay
- C. Structured essay
- D. Short answer



134. The test made to compare the performance of student with the other students is called?

- A. Achievement
- B. Norm reference**
- C. Criterion reference
- D. None

135. Identifying relationship between two things is demonstrated by?

- A. Matching items**
- B. M.C.Q items
- C. True / False items
- D. Completion items

136. Student performance is compared with clearly defined learning tasks in?

- A. Essay Type Test
- B. Standardized Test
- C. Norm referenced test
- D. Criterion referenced test**

137. If the scoring of the test is not effected by any factor, quality of test is called?

- A. Validity
- B. Objectivity**
- C. Reliability
- D. Differentiability

138. The school headmaster are expected to

- A. Hold daily Prayers
- B. Hold daily meetings
- C. Prepare the budget
- D. Put into operation the course of study**

139. The formula to determine I.Q was presented by?

- A. Alfred Binet
- B. Gulford
- C. Stern**
- D. None



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140. Democratic administration is based on

- A. Mutual sharing**
- B. Dictatorship
- C. Non interference
- D. None

141. Affirmative actions is the same as:

- A. Managing systems.
- B. Positive action.**
- C. Leadership potential.
- D. Management practices.

142. Facility index of an item determines?

- A. Reliability
- B. Objectivity
- C. Ease or difficulty**
- D. Discrimination power

143. Scientific management is based on the assumption that:

A. The scientific observation of people at work would reveal the one best way to do the task.

- B. Observation would reveal the workers need to be multi-skilled.
- C. Workers would receive a set wage regardless of performance.
- D. Workers can decide their own methods of performing tasks.

144. How funds in a given period will be obtained and spent is

- A. Receipt
- B. Budget**
- C. Allocation
- D. Expenditure

145. All financial transaction of the school occurring from day to day is entered in

A. Cash Book

- B. Log Book
- C. Service Book
- D. Stock Register



146. What does E and D rules mean?

- A. Efficiency and duty rules
- B. Efficiency and discipline rules**
- C. Efficiency and department rules
- D. None of these

147. All transaction should be entered in which register

- A. Cash**
- B. Funds
- C. Fee
- D. Withdrawl

148. Evaluation that monitors learning progress is?

- A. Formative evaluation**
- B. Placement evaluation
- C. Summative evaluation
- D. Diagnostic evaluation

149. Permanent difficulties in learning are investigated in?

A. Diagnostic Assessment

- B. Formative Assessment
- C. Placement Assessment
- D. Summative Assessment

150. In multiple choice items the stem of the items should be?

- A. Small
- B. Large
- C. Undefined
- D. Meaningful**

151. The main purpose of the supervision of teaching should be the

- A. Achievement of success in examination
- B. Proper utilization of school facilities
- C. Carrying out of the curriculum
- D. Advancement of pupil welfare**

152. Supervision should be primarily

- A. Constructive and creative**
- B. Preventive and corrective
- C. Construction and critical
- D. Preventive and critical



153. The basic purpose of supervision is to help

- A. Teachers in dealing pupils
- B. Children learn more effectively**
- C. Teachers in improving methods
- D. Teachers in understanding pupil

154. The elementary school teachers are directly responsible to the

- A. Headmaster**
- B. Parents
- C. Students
- D. None of these

155. The criticism most frequently leveled at school administration is that:

- A. They like praise
- B. They are too lazy
- C. They do not know teacher

D. They fail to provide leadership

156. The school headmaster are expected to

- A. Hold daily Prayers
- B. Hold daily meetings
- C. Prepare the budget

D. Put into operation the course of study

157. A supervisor is one who

- A. Gives directions
- B. Provides friendly help**
- C. Inspects classrooms
- D. Criticizes the teaching method

158. The effective supervision is indicated by

- A. Good relations between teacher and supervisors
- B. Helping teachers becoming more self sufficient**
- C. Helping teacher in their teaching
- D. Criticizing teacher's lessons



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159. The school policy should be determined by:

- A. Citizens
- B. Headmasters
- C. Citizens and educators**
- D. The professional educators

160. The chief responsibility of the principal is

- A. Maintain school records
- B. Handle discipline problems
- C. Provide leadership in instructional plan**
- D. Organize and administer the guidance programmed

161. Indication of democratic attitude is

- A. Participation
- B. Cooperation
- C. Equal rights
- D. All of the above**

162. The history of administration goes back to

- A. 1000 BC

- B. 2000 BC
- C. 3000 BC
- D. 5000 BC**

163. Administration means

- A. To run
- B. To protect
- C. To establish
- D. To look after**

164. The function of educational administration and management is

- A. Instructional tasks
- B. Non instructional tasks
- C. Both (a) and (b)**
- D. None

165. Provision of good educational environment is

- A. Non instructional tasks**
- B. Instructional tasks
- C. Both
- D. None



166. The main types of administration are

- A. 1
- B. 2
- C. 3**
- D. 4

167. Which is not the type of administration

- A. Authoritarian administration
- B. Instructional administration**
- C. Laissez Faire administration
- D. Democratic administration

168. Which is not the characteristic of authoritative administration

- A. Sharing**
- B. Rudeness
- C. Strict discipline
- D. Suppression the subordinates

169. Authoritative administration is based on

- A. Mutual sharing
- B. Non interference
- C. Interference
- D. Dictatorship**

170. Democratic administration is based on

- A. Mutual sharing**

- B. Dictatorship
- C. Non interference
- D. None

171. Laissez Faire administration is based on

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- B. Non interference**

- C. Dictatorship

- D. None

172. Boss is right is the feature of

- A. Instructional administration

- B. Laissez Faire administration

- C. Authoritarian administration**

- D. Democratic administration



173. Respect of opinion is the feature of

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175. Literal meaning of supervision is

- A. Superior efforts and services

- B. Superior knowledge and service

- C. Superior knowledge and power**

D. None of these

176. “Supervision is not to control the teacher but to work cooperatively” is the saying of

A. Hoy and Forsyth

B. Glatthorn

C. Glickman

D. Harris

177. In teaching learning process supervision is usually carried out by

A. Principal

B. Teacher

C. Parents

D. Society

178. Assessment of how well a school is performing is

A. Administration

B. Supervision

C. Inspection

D. All of the above



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179. According to Fayol, elements of administration are

A. 1

B. 3

C. 5

D. 7

180. According to Gulick and Urwick, elements of administration are

A. 1

B. 3

C. 5

D. 7

181. To make arrangements is the part of

A. Planning

B. Organizing

C. Commanding

D. Coordinating

182. Execution of plans and decisions is the part of

- A. Planning
- B. Organizing
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- B. Organizing
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184. School Budget includes

- A. Non development expenditure
- B. Development expenditure
- C. Both (a) and (b)**
- D. None

185. Non development budget includes

- A. Maintenance of building
- B. Running expenditures
- C. Salaries
- D. All of the above**



186. Leadership is the ability

- A. To achieve organizational goals
- B. To influence
- C. To motivate
- D. All of the above**

187. Staff development means

- A. Training staff**
- B. Recruiting staff
- C. Increasing staff
- D. Decreasing staff

188. Selecting one course of action among various alternatives is

- A. Decision making**
- B. Coordinating
- C. Organizing
- D. Planning

189. Who is called father of scientific management theory

- A. Terry and Franklin
- B. Henry Fayol
- C. Fredrick Tylor**
- D. Elton Meo

190. Who is the father of operational management theory?

- A. Terry and Franklin
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- D. Expenditure



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193. Types of supervision encouraging variety, originality and independent experimentation is

- A. Creative**
- B. Corrective
- C. Preventive
- D. Construction

194. Who advocated bureaucratic theory?

- A. Henry Fayol
- B. Campbell
- C. Max Weber**
- D. Herzberg

195. Directing must be consistent with

- A. Procedures

- B. Job descriptions
- C. Organizational policies
- D. All of the above**

196. The power delegated throughout an organization is

- A. Control
- B. Command
- C. Centralization
- D. Decentralization**

197. The father of modern theory of management is

- A. Henry Fayol**
- B. Max Weber
- C. Gullick
- D. Tyler

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- A. Input
- B. Structure
- C. Feed back
- D. Component**



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- B. Log Book
- C. Service Book
- D. Stock Register

201. The process of directing others, towards the accomplishment of some objectives is

- A. Managing**
- B. Leadership
- C. Communication

D. None

202. Micro planning is done in

- A. Top Management
- B. Middle Management
- C. Lower Management

D. Middle and Lower Management

203. The individual in the group given the task of directing and coordinating is

- A. Guide
- B. Leader
- C. Instructor

D. Supervisor

204. A choice made between two or more alternative is called

A. Decision

- B. Reporting
- C. Assumption

D. None

205. Authoritarian model is more suitable for

- A. Confidence
- B. Discipline**
- C. Achievement

D. Improvement



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206. Teacher salaries and allowances collectively are written in

A. Cash Register

- B. Acquaintance Roll
- C. Contingent Register

D. None

207. To motivate the other to achieve certain goals is

- A. Planning
- B. Leadership**
- C. Organizing

D. Controlling

208. Person who possesses qualities of leadership is

A. Leader

- B. Officer
- C. Manager
- D. Administrator

209. The process of making judgment is called

A. Evaluation

- B. Budgeting
- C. Demonstration
- D. Documentation

210. The characteristics of good planner are

- A. Producer
- B. Motivator
- C. Optimistic
- D. All of the above**

211. The power is concentrated in the hands of one or few people in

- A. Control
- B. Command
- C. Centralization**
- D. Decentralization



212. What is central to administration?

- A. Organization
- B. Coordination
- C. Communication
- D. Decision making**

213. The level of school administration can best be judged through

- A. Head teacher
- B. Beautiful building
- C. Learning out comes**
- D. Teachers students relations

214. Acquittance roll is used for

- A. Stock
- B. Govt. grants
- C. Expenditures
- D. Salary disbursement**

215. The degree to which organizational resources contribute to productivity is

- A. Out put
- B. Production
- C. Efficiency**
- D. Effectiveness

216. All transaction should be entered in which register

- A. Cash**
- B. Funds
- C. Fee
- D. Withdrawal

217. Coordinating, stimulating and directing the growth of teacher is the purpose of

- A. Inspection**
- B. Supervision
- C. Management
- D. Administration

218. The concept of inspection was first introduced in

- A. England**
- B. Pakistan
- C. China
- D. India



219. Budgeting is an estimation of

- A. Income and expenditure**
- B. Income and investment
- C. Investment
- D. All of the above

Basic Facts about Education System

1. Social change would bring a change in which of the following?
 - A. Human relationship
 - B. Structure of the society
 - C. Attitudes, ideals and values
 - D. All of the above**

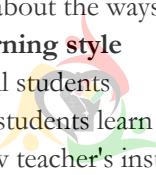
2. If you want to improve the ability to observe in children, which of the following would you recommend?
 - A. Sharpening the senses
 - B. Training mental faculties**
 - C. Generating interest in subject
 - D. Developing a framework for experiences

3. Which of the following is true about the ways of learning for students?
 - A. Each child has a unique learning style**
 - B. Speed of learning is same for all students
 - C. Children follow the way other students learn
 - D. All children immediately follow teacher's instruction

4. You have a mixed class of boys and girls. Which method would you adopt to improve co-operation between them?
 - A. Talking about equality in lessons
 - B. Asking parents to discuss equality
 - C. Making boys and girls share a bench
 - D. Setting tasks which have to be done together**

5. When is the best time to evaluate a student's performance?
 - A. When the instruction have begun
 - B. When the instruction have ended
 - C. Throughout the instructional process**
 - D. Only at the end of major units of instruction

6. What would you do if you notice that students tend to doze off in your class?
 - A. Reprimand them
 - B. Stop teaching for a while



C. Give a command seeking attention

D. Provide them a chance to be physically active

7. Majority of the students in a class misbehave, what does it tell you?

- A. Too many rules
- B. Lack of a code of conduct
- C. Presence of distractions in the class

D. General indiscipline amongst students

8. What is the purpose of the assignments in the text book?

- A. To aid teachers
- B. To provide practice to the learners**
- C. To act as a guidance for the unit tests
- D. To help learner revise and review the chapter

9. Education in the Vedic period was _____.

- A. Mostly in Sanskrit
- B. Given in Gurukuls by a sage**
- C. Meant for the removal of inequality
- D. Confined to the princely classes and Brahmins

10. _____ is called perceptual level learning.

A. Seen to unseen

- B. Simple to complex
- C. Known to unknown
- D. Concrete to abstract

11. A teacher should be _____ towards his students?

A. Tolerant

- B. Supreme
- C. Outspoken
- D. Sympathetic

12. Generation gap' refers to _____.

- A. Problems of teenagers
- B. Attitude of adults to teenagers
- C. The growing awareness of adolescents
- D. Difference in values of different age groups**

13. A consultant or a team conducts the evaluation process in a particular way, which of the following decides that

- A. Business analysis
- B. Terms of reference**
- C. Project management
- D. Quality management

14. How would you dress yourself as a teacher?

- A. Dignified**

- B. Traditionally
- C. Comfortably
- D. Fashionably

15. Which subject tries to understand the role of man in changing his environment?

- A. History
- B. Biology
- C. Geography**
- D. Political Science



16. Which one of the following is the most important elements in teaching?

- A. Subject matter
- B. Student's knowledge
- C. Teaching techniques and aids used
- D. Relationship between teachers and students [**

17. What is the main purpose of punishment to students?

- A. Reform the offender**
- B. Demonstrate authority
- C. Protect others from doing the same
- D. Retaliate for the wrong that has been done

19. What is the best way for a teacher to resolve the problems in a class?

- A. Ask for other teacher's opinion
- B. Depends on one's own opinion
- C. Use the view that Principal gives

D. Think on suggestions offered by the children and implement the good ones

20. Why is teacher training necessary?

- A. Understand methods of school organisation
- B. Upgrade knowledge of content
- C. Increase teaching skills
- D. All the above**

21. What advantage do objective type tests have over essay tests?

- A. They are easier to interpret
- B. They take less time to prepare
- C. The sampling content can be wider**
- D. They require less technical knowledge

23. Can a teacher suspend a student?

- A. Yes
- B. No**
- C. Doubt
- D. May not sure



24. Choice of a vocation depends _____

- A. Ease of admission
- B. Interest and skills of the learner**
- C. Subjects a student learnt at school
- D. Income generated by the occupation

25. _____ is not an objective of the Adult Literacy Program.

- A. Flexibility of time to learn
- B. Training women entrepreneurs**
- C. Providing work related literacy kits
- D. Providing literacy and health Education

26. Why are class tests conducted?

- A. To revise
- B. As a writing practice
- C. To train students to think logically
- D. To evaluate educational achievement**

27. You want to develop cooperation and team spirit in students? Which activities would you propose?

- A. Art
- B. Quiz
- C. Debate

D. Project work

29. _____ is the degree to which a test measures what it is supposed to measure?

- A. Validity**
- B. Usability
- C. Reliability
- D. Objectivity

30. How can a teacher develop creativity in himself and the learners?

- A. Set new tasks
- B. By praising any creative work
- C. By playing thought provoking games**
- D. By giving new up-to-date information

31. You want to ensure participation of more students in class. Which of the following methods of teaching would you adopt?

- A. Role-play
- B. Recitation
- C. Discussion**
- D. Demonstration

32. Why is Environment Awareness necessary at all stages of education?

- A. Important for human survival
- B. Environment varies from region to region**
- C. Man must control and change environment
- D. None of the above

33. How would you make your students independent?

- A. Ignoring their petty fights
- B. Solving their problems for them
- C. Give responsibility to everyone**

D. Giving orders and expecting obedience

34. Study of _____ improves a student's ability to experiment and analyse

- A. Science**
- B. History
- C. Language
- D. Mathematics

35. How can forgetting be minimised?

- A. Recitation
- B. Cramming
- C. Overlearning**
- D. Discrimination

36. _____ is the major cause of difference in the classroom behaviour of boys and girls.

- A. Job aspirations
- B. Educational levels
- C. Societal expectations**
- D. Developmental differences



37. A blackboard cannot be used for _____.

- A. Show schematic diagrams
- B. Improvement of a paragraph
- C. Making reports based on information**
- D. Summary of relationships between facts

38. _____ is suitable to slow learners.

- A. Role playing
- B. Creative writing
- C. Learning by rote**
- D. Mechanical repetition of an action

39. What is the most important contribution that a teacher can make in the classroom?

- A. Develop interest in the lesson
- B. Set high achievement levels
- C. Impart knowledge of the subject**

D. Reduce tension and make learning creative

40. _____ Tests measure the extent of students learning in a given content area.

- A. Aptitude
- B. Diagnostic
- C. Readiness
- D. Achievement**

41. Which of the following situations would be best for maximum transfer of learning?

- A. Similar tasks requiring different responses
- B. Similar tasks requiring the same response
- C. Different tasks requiring different responses
- D. Different tasks requiring the same response**

42. Tagore was a

- A. Poet**
- B. Musician
- C. Philosopher
- D. None of these



43. Which of the following are the characteristics of a person with scientific attitude?

- A. Brevity
- B. Objectivity**
- C. Adventure
- D. Sharp memory

44. Cause and effect relationships are studied by _____ studies.

- A. Clinical
- B. Comparative
- C. Experimental**
- D. Developmental

45. _____ means reinforcing each small step towards a desired goal or behaviour.

- A. Cuing

- B. Shaping**
- C. Prompting
- D. Positive practice

48. How should a teacher be related to his peers?

- A. Follow independent views
- B. Should copy other teacher's style
- C. Should not intervene in other's work
- D. Suggest each other the effective ways to teach**

49. To make learning effective, a goal must be meaningful in terms of _____

- A. Intellectual ideas
- B. Standards of others
- C. Objectives of the curriculum
- D. The needs and purposes of students**

50. You are training in public speaking and debate. Which of the following characteristics can you not expect to develop?

- A. Concept
- B. Voice modulation
- C. Control over emotions**
- D. Using language creatively



53. Why is 'learning by doing' important?

- A. Maintains discipline
- B. Keeps children busy
- C. Promotes meaningful learning
- D. It develops interest among children**

55. Learning in the mother-tongue helps a student to _____ what is being taught.

- A. Create
- B. Interpret
- C. Reproduce
- D. Easily comprehend**

56. Young adolescents rebel to express their _____.

- A. Their creativity

B. Their desire for freedom

- C. Their personal inadequacy
- D. External discipline imposed

57. What would you do if you find two students of your class fighting?

- A. Ignore the fight

B. Punish both of them

- C. Ignore the aggressor
- D. Punish the aggressive child

59. Which of the following pairs is incorrectly matched?

- A. Piaget - Moral Development

B. Thorndike - Theory X and Y

- C. Maslow - Hierarchy of Needs

- D. Skinner - Programmed Learning

60. _____ is not an objective of Formal Education.

A. Self-paced learning

- B. Teacher-centered learning

- C. Learning discipline-based content

- D. Comparing high and low achievers



61. Exams are held to _____.

A. Assess learners skills

- B. Identify learning problems

- C. Identify the level of learning

- D. Rank students for selection

62. The 'Cone of Experience' was developed by _____.

A. Edgar Dale

- B. Jeanne Clum

- C. Ponting Barry

- D. Jereme Krusner

63. Why should a teacher be an idealist and set examples?

- A. Teacher is an adult

- B. Teacher is a paternal figure

- C. Students do not have values

D. Students usually imitate teachers

64. Which subject explains and appreciates the contribution of the past to the present?

- A. History**
- B. Economics
- C. Sociology
- D. Geography

65. How would you improve student participation in classroom activity?

- A. By holding tests
- B. By giving written assignments
- C. By group activity and reporting**
- D. By reading textual information

66. In today's society school should give

- A. Vocational base**
- B. Ornamental base
- C. Both of the above
- D. None of these



70. Intellectual aim in education was emphasised in

- A. Greek**
- B. China
- C. Sparta
- D. Athenian

71. The topic method in education should be interpreted

- A. a substitute for the project method of teaching**
- B. a concentric approach of teaching the classroom
- C. a method of development of the syllabus in a subject
- D. a method suited better for arts subjects as compared to science subjects

72. If a student is rude to you, which strategy would you adopt as a teacher?

- A. Punish the student
- B. Argue with the student
- C. Express shock at such behaviour
- D. Remind the student of classroom rules**

73. Which of the following affects an individual's development at a given time?

- A. Their experiences
- B. Inherited potentialities
- C. Interaction of nature and nurture**
- D. Social pressure on the individual

74. Which of the following items of information are important about students to motivate them for studies?

- A. Personality
- B. Learning style
- C. Socio-cultural background
- D. All of the above**

75. Having variety of question sets in a question paper increases it _____

- A. Validity
- B. Difficulty
- C. Reliability**
- D. Objectivity



76. For a teacher teaching a class with large strength, which of the techniques is best?

- A. Lecture and class notes**
- B. Group work with a lecture
- C. Debate, discussions, practicals
- D. Self-study and asking questions

77. Which educational psychologist believed in the fact that 'All children have the potential to learn'?

- A. John Dewey
- B. Friedrich Frobel**
- C. Maria Montessori
- D. Johann Friedrich Herbart

78. As a Headteacher, how would you behave with below average students?

- A. Generously**
- B. Won't pay any attention
- C. Same as with other students

D. Won't allow them in the next class

79. What is the biggest advantage of interaction between the teacher and the students?

A. It satisfies the teacher

B. It facilitates effective learning

C. It results in better group relations

D. It encourages the students to ask questions

80. How do we get knowledge and how can we be sure it is true and not error?

This area of philosophy is called

A. Epistemology

B. Beyond Philosophy

C. Neurology

D. None of the above

81. What is the importance of having developed senses?

A. To achieve happiness

B. For physical well being

C. Other learnings depend on them

D. For all round mental development



82. What type of teachers are appreciated?

A. Friendly

B. With charming personality

C. The one exercising strict control over his students

D. The one who understands the problems of students and helps them

83. You have a student who has failed in a particular class. How will you motivate this student to study sincerely in the same class?

A. By friend's counselling

B. By teacher's counselling

C. By guardian's counselling

D. By psychological counselling

84. The opinion that, "our aim should be to produce men who possess both culture and expect knowledge" given by

A. Froebel

B. Montessori

C. Prof. A.H. Whitehead

D. All of the above

87. "Anything can be taught at any stage of development", was said by _____

A Piaget

B. Jerome Bruner

C. David Ausubel

D. Albert Bandura

89. The development of a student's personality is affected the most by _____.

A. Discipline at institute

B. Emotional climate at home

C. Inherited assets and liabilities

D. Social orientation of peers and elders

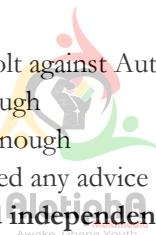
90. What makes an adolescent revolt against Authority?

A. He thinks that he is mature enough

B. He thinks that he is intelligent enough

C. He believes that he does not need any advice

D. His want for recognition and independence of thought and action



91. A teacher should encourage the students to _____

A. Obey teacher's command

B. Submit home-work on time

C. Improve their own capabilities

D. Score best grades in the class

92. What is the use of text book in a class?

A. Set new standards

B. To delimit what is to be taught

C. To explain ideas and concepts

D. To achieve learning objectives

93. When was Ghana Teacher Price instituted?

A. 2018

B. 1990

C. 1995

D. 2000

94. Suppose you get a Twi Medium student who has learnt English. He is given five sentences to be translated from Twi to English. As an evaluator, which aspect would you try to evaluate in him?

A. Synthesis

B. Application

C. Knowledge

D. Understanding

95. You have an aggressive student in your class. Which of the following would you adopt to handle him?

A. Punish him

B. Allow him the opportunity to act aggressively

C. Put him in a highly frustrating and embarrassing situation

D. Make him aware of the harmful consequences of aggression

96. If your purpose is _____, group work is not a good idea.

A. Division of work and responsibility

B. To overcome learning difficulties

C. To improve coordination and sharing

D. To identify different aspects of a problem

97. A student in your class is guilty of stealing. What would you do?

A. Send the child to the police

B. Publicly demand an apology

C. Punish and make the child repay

D. Find the cause of the behaviour and explain the effects of stealing

98. Which of the following would you use to shape the habits?

A. Training

B. Teaching

C. Indoctrination

D. None of these

99. It's your first day in a class, what would you do?

A. Smile at everyone

B. Evaluate the subject

C. Introduce yourself to the students

D. Ask the students to stay disciplined

100. Following attributes would correctly define learning

A. Belief, creativity, and endurance

B. Intuition, intelligence and memorisation

C. Change of behaviour, practice and experience

D. Understanding, imagination and workmanship

101. The concept of totalitarian education in the West was in favour of

A. Making the state responsible to evolve education as a means of satisfying individual's needs and interests

B. Making the education of the individual as an instrument for realising the ends of the state

C. The education of the individual for development of his total personality

D. Treating education as a binding factor of international understanding

102. What will be the IQ of a 25 years old boy whose mental age is 16?

A. 50

B. 64

C. 75

D. 100



103. For _____, 'Experimentation' the standard procedure to know the truth?

A. Science

B. Geography

C. Archeology

D. Public Administration

104. _____ is the process in which you identify the common aspects or basic relationships in a variety of specific situations?

A. Reasoning

B. Abstraction

C. Generalization

D. Problem Solving

105. _____ is the quality of a good teacher.

- A. Sense of humour
- B. Physical strength
- C. Control over emotions
- D. Good command over the subject**

106. Talking and indiscipline in classroom is an indication of _____

- A. Indiscipline students
- B. Confusion about things taught
- C. Not summarising lecture points
- D. Boredom caused by repetitiveness**

107. A student is 'Exceptional' when his performance is significantly _____

- A. Below the average student
- B. Above the average student
- C. Similar to the average student
- D. Above or below the average student**

108. The major disadvantage of punishment in education is that _____

- A. It prevents team work
- B. It generates unpleasant feelings**
- C. It causes embarrassment in children
- D. It does not solve the problem permanently

109. _____ cannot be adopted for effective classroom teaching.

- A. Use of technological aids
- B. Improving classroom climate
- C. Manipulating teaching methods
- D. Teaching latest trends and advances**

110. The purpose of the textbook is to provide _____

- A. A material to teachers to base teaching on
- B. Reading and reference materials for the teachers
- C. A learning material based on a syllabus to a learner**
- D. A material forming the basis and content for examinations

111. Which theory operates on the "stimulus response principle", which means all behaviors are caused by external stimuli?

- A. Contextual theory
- B. Behaviorist theory**
- C. Cognitive theory
- D. Constructivist theory

112. Ms. Erika in her Biology class accompanies her discussion with interesting visual aids. She strongly believes that students learn better when lessons are presented with images, real or imagined aside from mere lecture method. Which learning theory does she uphold?

- A. Dual-coding theory**
- B. Information processing theory
- C. Meaningful reception learning theory
- D. Social cognitive theory

113. Miss Rita is an excellent Physical Education teacher. She started teaching volleyball to her Grade 2 class. Despite all her efforts, her class does not seem to learn how to play the game. What law of learning was disregarded?

- A. Law of disuse
- B. Law of effect
- C. Law of exercise
- D. Law of readiness**



114. Teacher Jay, a physical education teacher, demonstrates the new skill to be learned so that his students can watch him and later reproduce the skill. What learning theory is associated with the situation?

- A. Dual-coding learning theory
- B. Information processing
- C. Schema learning theory
- D. Social learning**

115. Patrice is always fearful of freely roaming dogs but does not mind dogs in a pen or on a leash. What feature of classical conditioning is exhibited?

- A. Discrimination**
- B. Extinction
- C. Generalization
- D. Practice

116. A music teacher is careful in planning activities for each lesson. He praises liberally and rewards correct answers. What view of learning is exhibited?

- A. Classical conditioning

- B. Meaningful learning
- C. Operant conditioning**
- D. Social learning

117. Which of the theories of learning presents or states that learning skills are hierarchically arranged?

- A. Cumulative learning**
- B. Meaningful learning
- C. Social cognitive learning
- D. Theory of instruction

118. Which of the following best describes what meaningful learning is?

- A. When what is to be learned is new and easy for the students
- B. Materials presented are difficult and challenging to the students
- C. When the materials to be learned is related to what students already know**
- D. Students find the lessons easy and relevant to what was assigned to them

119. Rita easily remember dates and events in history. What component of LTM does Rita have?

- A. Creative thinking
- B. Critical thinking
- C. Reflective thinking**
- D. Logical thinking



120. An Earth Science has just completed a unit on the sun. As she recognizes her next unit on other stars, she uses the sun as a frame of reference. What view of learning was used?

- A. Discovery learning
- B. Informative learning
- C. Meaningful learning**
- D. Transfer learning

121. Which is an application of cognitive approach to motivation?

- A. Explain the reasons for studying the topic**
- B. Create a supportive classroom climate for students
- C. Provide clear and prompt feedback on assignments
- D. Begin lessons with challenging questions and conflicting events

122. The first people power was held in February 25, 1986. What kind of knowledge is presented?

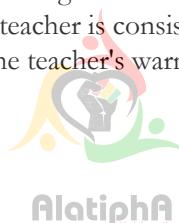
- A. Conditional knowledge
- B. Cognitive knowledge**
- C. Domain-specific knowledge
- D. Procedural knowledge

123. The students of Mrs. Reyes were not able to learn the concepts that she presented yesterday so she taught the same concepts again but this time using a different teaching method. What principle of learning was applied?

- A. Concepts should be presented in varied and different ways**
- B. Effort was put forth when tasks are challenging
- C. Learning by doing is more effective than just by sitting and listening
- D. Learning is aided by formulating and asking questions

124. Alvin is a transferee and feels uneasy with his new school. His teacher is very accommodating, warm and caring. Alvin felt comfortable with the teacher display of genuine warmth. The teacher is consistent in his manner and Alvin began to associate school with the teacher's warmth. Which theory is being illustrated?

- A. Meaningful learning
- B. Operant conditioning**
- C. Classical conditioning
- D. Observational learning



125. After just being introduced to another guest in the party, Tom cannot remember the name of the guest he was introduced to. In what memory stage was the information stored in?

- A. Episodic memory
- B. Semantic memory
- C. Sensory memory**
- D. Working memory

126. Vygotsky claimed that social interaction is important for learning. What does this imply?

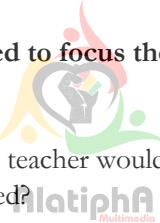
- A. Children are independent problem solvers
- B. Children learn from adults and other children**
- C. Children learn by passive presentation of information
- D. Children in the crib has no learning yet, since they are not capable of interaction

127. How would you help a student who is intelligent but is under achieving in class?

- A. Provide challenging activities which he/she can accomplish
- B. Recognize his talents by asking him/her to help other students with their work
- C. Identify the immediate causes of difficulties that cause his/her being an underachiever**
- D. Allow him/her to work with the slow learner group to cope with the academic needs of the lesson.

128. Mrs. Corpuz always makes sure that her preschool classroom is well organized and clean. She puts up interesting and colorful visuals on the bulletin boards. What principle of motivation was applied?

- A. Incentives motivate learning
- B. Internal motivation is longer lasting and more self-directive than is external motivation
- C. Motivation is enhanced by the way in which instructional material is organized.
- D. The environment can be used to focus the student's attention on what needs to be learned.**



129. For every correct answer, the teacher would give a star to her students. What schedule of reinforcement was used?

- A. Fixed interval
- B. Fixed ratio**
- C. Variable interval
- D. Variable ratio

130. Marga, a six year old, always asked her playmates to sit in front of her small black board and she plays teacher. Her mother is a teacher. What theory explains Marga's behavior?

- A. Classical conditioning
- B. Operant conditioning
- C. Social learning**
- D. Information processing

131. What should the teacher do to help students learn psychomotor skills?

- A. Teacher uses verbal explanation and description of the movements in addition to live demonstration of the movements
- B. Teacher provides feedback to the learner about his/her progress

C. Teacher encourages the learner to practice, in order to maintain his/her sharpness of the movements

D. All of the above

132. The teacher presented a new lesson where in the students were asked to work on a new project which was somewhat complicated. The students showed interest while working on the project. What principle applies to the situation?

A. Effort was put forth when tasks are challenging

B. Lessons should be presented in varied and different ways

C. Meaningful materials are readily learned than nonsense materials

D. Teachers should provide opportunities for meaningful and appropriate practice

133. Maturation should precede certain types of learning. How is this applied in the classroom?

A. Concepts should be taught from simple to complex

B. Consider the age level of students in assigning tasks

C. Follow the interest of students in assigning tasks

D. Give the same task to all students in a particular grade level

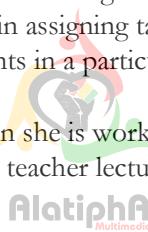
134. Luz easily learns a lesson when she is working with laboratory equipment but hardly remembers a lesson the teacher lectured on. What type of learner is Luz?

A. Auditory Learner

B. Kinesthetic Learner

C. Tactile Learner

D. Visual Learner



135. Which of the following statements about motivation is false?

A. External motivation is longer lasting and more self-directive than internal motivation

B. Internal motivation is fueled by one's goals or ambitions

C. Motivation is enhanced by the way in which the instructional material is organized

D. Motivation to perform is affected by expectancy and value